

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

This history of some of the families associated with Landford has been compiled from various sources including the Internet. Not all sources are 100% reliable and sometimes differ from each other in terms of names and dates. Subsequently this account may also perpetuate some of those errors. The information contained in this document is therefore for general information purposes only. Whilst I have tried to ensure that the information given is correct, I cannot guaranty the accuracy or reliability of the sources used or the information contained in this document.

CONTENTS

Page 2	James Allen of Wickets Green Farm, Landford
Page 3	The Arthur-Worsop and Trollope families
Page 3	The Worsop family
Page 4	The Arthur family
	The Arthur Worsop family
Page 5	The Trollope family
Page 8	John Frederick Breton (c1796-1852)
Page 10	The Chaplin Family of Suffolk
Page 12	James Cocks of the Shoe Inn (born c.1790)
Page 13	The Davenants of Landford Manor
Page 18	The Duncombe and Shafto family connections
Page 18	The Duncombe family
Page 21	The Shafto family
Page 25	Ancestors of Mr Dodington Egerton (d. 1797)
Page 30	The Estcourts and the Webbs
Page 30	The Estcourts of Shipton Moyne, Gloucestershire and of Salisbury
Page 33	The Webbs of Odstock
Page 39	The Girdlestone Family
Page 43	Sir Thomas (1536-1610) and Sir Edward (c1582-c1650) Gorges
Page 45	The Greatheed family
Page 48	Sir Alexander William Grierson of Lag, 8th Bt. (1806-1879)
Page 49	The Harcourt Powells
Page 53	Sir William Heathcote of Hursley, 3rd Bt (1746-1819) and Landford Lodge
Page 57	The Kings and Andrews of Glebe and Bridge Farm
Page 61	The Morrisons and Moffatts of Hamptworth Lodge
Page 65	The Nelson and Bolton Families
Page 65	The Nelson family
Page 72	The Bolton family
Page 75	The Peto and Crossley families
Page 75	The Peto family
Page 77	The Crossley family
Page 79	Ancestors of Orlando Spencer Smith (17 Dec 1843 - 23 Nov 1920)
Page 79	Royal connections and the Montagues
Page 80	The Smith family
Page 83	Humphrey Tugwell of Manor Farm, Landford
Page 85	William Charles Arcedeckne Vanneck, 5th Baron Huntingfield (1883–1969)
Page 87	Charles Edward Sidebottom Venner (1828-1917)
Page 89	Captain James Richard Wigram (1819-1892)

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

James Allen of Wickets Green Farm, Landford

In 1656 Wickets Green Farm was either built or extended. It was known as Wicketts Farm when it was purchased by John Maurice Eyre who inherited Landford manor and estates on the death of his father in 1799. He was married in 1790 and his only child Frances Elizabeth (later Countess Nelson) was born in 1796, so the farm may have been purchased as a temporary home, probably about 1790, and added to the manor estates. In the 1839 tithe map for Landford, James Allen and family were the occupiers, he being a farmer who occupied 22 plots of land amounting to 68½ acres.

James Allen (then of Whiteparish) married Anne Chalk (Christened 25 Sep 1793 in Downton) on 31 Mar 1814 in Landford. He died before 1851. Her father was David Chalk (bap 27 Dec 1773, Downton) and mother Elizabeth Purkess (d. 25 Dec 1832, Landford). In 1841 Census they occupied Wickets Green Farm. His date of birth was given as 1791 and hers 1796. His wife's sister Arabella Chalk was living with them plus a servant. In the 1851 Census, Ann was now a widow but continued at Wickets Green farm employing two labourers. Her sister Arabella is still with her and listed as a Proprietor of houses. According to this Census, Ann was born in 1796 in Downton and her sister born in 1817 in Landford. In the 1861 Census, Ann was still a farmer of 60 acres employing 2 men and 1 boy. Her age is given at 69, so she was born c.1793. Sister Arabella was still with her, now a lodger of independent means. They had moved by 1871, as the farm was then occupied by two "gentlewomen" who were living there.

Parish records state that Arabella Chalk was born 1812 in Landford, Christened on 11 Oct 1812 in Downton, and died in Southampton in 1899. The following information was pieced together from parish records.

James Allen

m. Elizabeth

d. Joane bap 27 Mar 1705

James Allen (b. c1770)

m. c1790, Sarah

s. **James** b. 10 Nov 1790 See below

s. John b. 10 Feb 1793 See below

d. Mary b. 13 Sep 1794 bap 12 Oct 1794

James Allen (b. 1790) b. 10 Nov 1790 bap 5 Dec 1790, Landford d. bef 1851

m. 31 Mar 1814, Ann Chalk (bap 25 Sep 1793), when she was aged 20, dau David Chalk and
Elizabeth Purkess.

1841. James was a Farmer and occupied Wickets Green Farm, owned by Countess Nelson. That consisted of over 68 acres of mainly arable and pasture. Presumably the eldest son of James Allen above and baptised on 5 Dec 1790. Their approx. ages in the 1841 Census suggest that he was born about 1791 and Ann his wife about 1796.

1851. Ann Allen was a widow who occupied Wickets Green Farm along with a younger unmarried sister Arabella Chalk, a proprietor of houses.

1861. Ann was still the farmer at Wickets Green and Arabella was a lodger of independent means.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

1871. Not there.

John Allen (of Earldoms)	b. 10 Feb 1793	bap 10 Mar 1793
m. 19 Jul 1818, Susannah Chalk	d. 1824, aged 28	
d. Susannah	b. 12 Jun 1819	bap 11 Jul 1819
d. Sarah	b. 28 Jul 1820	bap 18 Feb 1821
s. James		bap 22 Sep 1822, Minstead

Presumably John was the second son of James the elder above. His wife Susannah was buried on 25 May 1824 (aged 28) by which time she was a widow living in Cadnam. What happened to her young children? Currently no records.

John Allen (from Earldoms)
m. 21 Feb 1820, Ann Newman (b. 1796 in Downton)

Unless they were closely related, e.g. cousins, it is unusual to have two John Allen from Earldoms born roughly same time. This John was married in 1820 before the other John's wife Susannah died in 1824 so unlikely to be one and the same person.

The Arthur-Worsop and Trollope families

The Worsop family

Richard Worsop (d. 1596) Born in Bagthorpe Selston, Notts. Parents unknown.
m. ? Mileson
s. **Richard W Worsop** (d. 1609)

Richard W Worsop (d. 1609) Born in Sleaford, Lincs to Richard Worsop (d. 1596)
m. Marie (d. 1613)
s. **Edward W Worsop**

Edward W Worsop Born in Batley Ebor, Yorks., to Richard W Worsop (d. 1609)
m. Agnes Foxcroft
s. **Richard W Worsop** (d. 1693)

Richard W Worsop (d. 1693) Son of Edward W Worsop
m. Mary Burke
s. **John W Worsop** (1658-1720)

John W Worsop (1658-1720) Born in Wadworths, Yorks., to Richard W Worsop (d. 1693)
and Mary Burke. He died 1720 in Adbury, Kent.
m. Dorothy Battie (b. c1659)
d. **Hester**
m. ? Jackson
m. **William Arthur (1675-1741)** See details below
s. John W

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

The Arthur family

William Arthur (b. 1581) Born in Dorking, Surrey
m. 28 Sep 1606, Joan Bowrer (b. c1585)
s. **William** (b. 1624)

William Arthur (b. c1624) Born Guildford, Surrey. Son of William Arthur and Joan Bowrer
m. Joane (b. 1635)
s. **William** (1651-1715)

William Arthur (1651-1715) Born in Northleach, Glos., on 03 Feb 1651 to William Arthur and Joane.
m. Catherine Mainwaring (d. 1731)
d. Cathrine
d. Diana
s. **William** (1675-1741)
s. Thomas (b. 1676)
s. Sarah (1678-1679)
d. Elizabeth (1680-1681)
s. Baynton (1682-1695)
s. Henry (b. 1687)

William Arthur (1675-1741)
Born 1675 in Wadworths, Yorkshire to William Arthur (1651-1715) and Catherine Mainwaring.
m. **Hester Worsop** See above.
d. Hester
s. Thomas (1705-1739)
s. **John** (1706-1773)
s. Daniel (1710-1710)
s. William (1711-1794)

John Arthur (1709-1773)
Son of William Arthur (1675-1741) and Hester Worsop. He died 1773 in Wadworths, Yorks.
m. Sarah Hancock (1716-1800)
s. **John Arthur Worsop** (1750-1818)
d. Hester Arthur (1754-1780)

The Arthur Worsop family

John Arthur Worsop (c1750-1818)
He died on 29 Aug 1818 at Howden Hall in Yorkshire, which was built as the manor house for a small manor within Howden called Paradise. The manor was sold by Sir Thomas Metham of Metham to Nicholas Belt of Beilby in 1626 and it was held by his family until 1702 when it was purchased by the Worsop family. They retained the manor until the death of R. A. Worsop in 1849 when the Hall and estate were acquired by John Banks, a shipbuilder, from Howdendyke.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Arthur added the name Worsop to the family surname.

m. 18 Jul 1778, Sarah (1755-1790), dau Thomas Mauleverer and Sarah Pawson at Ingleby Arncliffe, Yorks.

d. Hester (1779-1837) bap 8 Nov 1779 d. 24 Jun 1837 in Paris

m. 19 Jul 1804, John Parker Toulson (1755-1821)

Had 3 sons and 3 daughters

s. Richard (1781-1835) bap 29 Jan 1781

m. 9 Feb 1819, Mary Anne Moat (1793-1849)

Had 8 sons and 8 daughters

s. **John (1784-1851)** See below

m. Mary (d. 1838) Surname not given

John Arthur Worsop (1784-1851)

Born in Doncaster, to John Arthur Worsop (1750-1818) and Sarah Mauleverer (1755-1790). In the 1851 Census, living at Grosvenor Villas in Southampton along with daughter Maria and son-in-law William Henry Trollope. Died on 21 May 1851 in Grosvenor Square, Southampton.

m. 6 Oct 1806, Harriet Hesse Topham (1786-1810) at Thwing, Yorks., dau of Edward Topham and Mary Leah Davies. Their children were all born in Brandsburton, Yorks.

d. Juliet Topham b. 16 Jul 1807 d. 1888

m. 12 Jul 1832, John George Young (1805-1878) of St James, Westminster.

Had 1 son and 3 daughters

s. Richard b. 29 Jul 1808 d. 23 Sep 1808

s. **Maria** b. 01 Jul 1809 d. 1891

m. 30 Jul 1834, **William Henry Trollope (1800-1873)** at Landford

m. 26 Feb 1814, Dorothy Dodsworth (1774-1851) in Beverley, Yorks. She died on 17 Jan 1851 at Grosvenor Square, Southampton.

The Trollope family

The first member of the family appearing in any authentic record is John Trolop of Morden near Bishop Auckland, County Durham. In 1392 he married Margaret Lumley, and thus acquired the manor of Thornley. The Trollopes of Thurlby were descended from a branch of the Trollopes of Thornley, and first settled at Thurlby and Bourne (Lincolnshire) about 1560, at which time they were in prosperous circumstances. Starting with John Trollope, about whom nothing is known, he was followed by Matthew Trollope of Thurlby and Bourne, son and heir of John Trollope. He died in 1581 and was succeeded by his son William of Thurlby, Bourne and Casewick. He bought the manor, estate and mansion of Casewick from Sir James Evington. By his will he left £30 a year for the maintenance of 'an honest, learned and Godly School-master' to teach in a Schoolhouse he had built near the Abbey Church at Bourne. He also left £30 a year for the maintenance of six almsmen in an Almshouse which he directed to be built. William Trollope was Churchwarden of Thurlby in 1627 and 1628. He died in 1637 and was succeeded by his eldest surviving son Thomas.

The Trollope Baronetcy of Casewick in the County of Lincolnshire, is a title in the Baronetage of England. It was created on 15 Feb 1642 for Thomas Trollope (1595-1654), son and heir of William Trollope.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Sir Thomas Trollope (1595-1654), 1st Bt

Born on 25 Feb 1595, the son of William Trollope and Alice Sharpe. He was Sheriff of Lincolnshire in 1641/42. He took the side of Parliament during the Civil War, and was severely fined for this in 1645, in common with many of the leading gentlemen of Lincolnshire at that time.

m. c1616, Hester, dau Nicholas Street

d. Ann bap 2 Jul 1619

m. Charles Hall

s. **Sir William, 2nd Bt** (1621-1678) See below

d. Mary bap 7 Sep 1623 d. 21 Mar 1671

m. William Hyde (1635-1694)

d. Jane bap 23 Apr 1626

d. Ester bap 13 Jan 1627

m. 16 Nov 1635, Mary (d. 1688), dau Sir Christopher Clitheroe

d. Bridget b. c1633 d. 20 May 1723

m. 29 Jul 1679, Edward, son of Edward Mainwaring and Anne Lomax

s. **Thomas** b. c1636 See below

s. Christopher bap 20 Jun 1639 at Uffington, Lincs

d. Judith bap 18 Apr 1648 d. 1694 at Dowsby, Lincs

m. 10 Oct 1671, Redmayne Burrell (1644-1682)

d. Alice b. 1648 at Stamford, Lincs d. 1682, Werrington, Devon

m. 8 Jan 1670, Humphrey Morrice (1640-1696), London merchant

s. Matthew

m. Elizabeth Dowse

Sir William Trollope (1621-1678), 2nd Bt.

Born 3 Jan 1621 and died 16 May 1678. Was High Sheriff of Lincolnshire in 1659/60. He died without male issue.

m. Elizabeth (d. 1661), dau Rt Hon Sir Robert Carr, 3rd Bt

Previously married to William, son of Sir William Thorold, 1st Bt

d. Elizabeth Carr Trollope (1661-1703)

Thomas Trollope (b. c1636) [Presumably died before his brother Sir William]

m. Anne, dau Anthony Collins

s. **Sir Thomas** (c1667-1729) See below

Sir Thomas Trollope (c1667-1729), 3rd Bt.

Died on 22 Nov 1729 at Casewick House, Uffington, Lincs

m. 18 Feb 1690, Susannah (c1668-1724), dau Sir John Clobery and Ann Cranmer.

They were married in Winchester Cathedral

s. Thomas, 4th Bt bap 21 Dec 1691 d. 7 Oct 1784

m. 1721, Diana, dau Thomas Middleton

s. John bap 10 Jan 1692 at Uffington, Lincs

s. **Henry** bap 19 Feb 1693 See below

d. Elizabeth bap 15 Oct 1697

m. c1726, William Noel, son of Sir John Noel, 4th Bt.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Had at least 4 daughters

- d. Mary bap 1701
- d. Catherine bap 20 Nov 1702
- d. Celena bap 21 Apr 1704 d. 22 May 1705
- s. William bap 23 Jan 1706
- d. Frances bap 15 Aug 1708
- s. Cranmer bap 10 Nov 1710
- d. Anne
- m. Samuel Clarke of West Bromwich, Staffs.

- Henry Trollope (1693-1763) Bap 19 Feb 1693 at Uffington, Lincs. d. 7 Dec 1763
- m. 22 Aug 1717, Elizabeth, dau John Barne and Sarah Drake
- s. Thomas b. 15 Aug 1718 d. 21 Feb 1761
- d. Elizabeth bap 5 Nov 1719 at St Lawrence Jewry, London
- d. Susanna b. 28 Aug 1720
- s. John b. 24 Jan 1722
- s. Henry b. 22 Apr 1723
- s. William Arthur b. 12 Mar 1725 d. 1800
- d. Mary bap 12 May 1727 at St Botolph, Aldersgate, London
- d. Dianah bap 17 Jul 1728
- s. Rev **John** b. 1 Aug 1729 See below
- s. Anthony bap 7 Aug 1730
- d. Ann bap 27 Sep 1731

- Rev John Trollope (1729-1794) b. 1 Aug 1729 at Bedford d. 10 Jul 1794.
- m. Anne Guyon (c. 1731-1759)

- s. Sir Henry (1756-1839) b. 20 Apr 1756 d. 2 Nov 1839
- Had a distinguished career in the navy, starting in 1771. Following the Battle of Camperdown in 1797 he was knighted. Promoted to Rear-Admiral on 1 Jan 1801; Vice Admiral on 9 Nov 1805; and Admiral on 12 Aug 1812. Saw no further action due to increasing ill health. Nominated KCB in 1820 and GCB in 1831. Gradually became deranged and committed suicide.
- m. Early 1780's, Fanny Best (d. 1816 without issue)
- s. Lt Col Thomas b. 21 Apr 1757 d. 17 Jul 1805
- Commanded the marines aboard Admiral Adam Duncan's flagship Venerable (74 guns) at the Battle of Camperdown,
- m. Anne Steele

- m. 1 Jan 1761, Catherine (1737-1826), 2nd dau Rev Martin Annesley and Mary Hanbury

- s. **Arthur William** See below
- s. George Barnard b. 17 Apr 1779 d. 31 May 1850
- Fought as a lieutenant on the Triumph (74 guns) at the Battle of Camperdown and was posted captain in 1814.
- m. 18 Mar 1813, Barbara ? (1788-1874)
- Had 5 sons and 1 daughter

Cpt Arthur William Trollope (1771-1799)

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Born on 15 Dec 1771 and bap 1 Jan 1772 at Huntingdon. Of the 40th Regiment, died whilst fighting the French in the Netherlands on 19 September 1799.

m. 25 Dec 1797, Mary Foord (b. 1774)

s. **Barnard** See below

s. **William Henry** See below

Barnard Trollope (1798-1870)

b. 25 Oct 1798 at Beverley, Yorks. d. 10 Jun 1870

On 30 October 1861 his name was legally changed to Barnard Foord-Bowes by Royal Licence.

m. 27 Jul 1818, Mary (1794-1861), dau Samuel Greatheed (1752-1829)

d. Emily Mary Worsop Trollope b. 27 May 1825, at Landford

William Henry Trollope (1800-1873) b. 4 Apr 1800

d. 24 Sep 1873

m. 30 Jul 1834, Maria (1809-1891), dau **John Arthur Worsop** of Landford.

s. Arthur Barnard b. 1837 in Eling, Hants d. 1872.

m. 18 Apr 1864, Isabella Burton (1815-1875)

s. Henry Anthony b. 30 Sep 1837 in Landford d. 6 Mar 1895

Gained the rank of Rear-Admiral R.N. Died on the railway at Ganton Station, Ganton, Yorkshire.

m. 26 Oct 1870, Harriet Gordon (1826-1912), dau of Edward Harrison. Harriet first married George Tomline Gordon with whom she had at least one son and three daughters.

s. George Mark Cotton b. 17 Sep 1839 d. Nov 1845

s. William Martin b. 16 Feb 1841 d. Apr 1843

d. Mary Anna b. 16 Feb 1841 d. 15 Sep 1897

m. 19 Aug 1862, Frederick Ashe Bradburne (1838-1913) of Lyburn House and later of Bramshaw Lodge. Had 4 sons.

d. Eliza Maria bap 27 May 1842 d. 14 Feb 1929

m. 19 Aug 1862, Rev George Goodwin Pownall Glossop (1827-1874), Rector of West Dean. Had 6 sons and 3 daughters

s. Richard Brunton, R.N. b. 21 Jan 1844 d. 8 May 1865, Sydney

s. John Charles bap 26 Jul 1846 d. Mar 1847

s. Edward Charles (Major R.A.) b. 20 Aug 1849 d. 23 Feb 1904

m. 5 Oct 1871, Louisa Sarah Pison (1846-1882)

d. Mary Emily Arthur b. 1873 d. 1951

m. 27 May 1886, Eva Annie Noel Rich (1857-1924)

d. Constance Zara b. 1890 d. 1960



John Frederick Breton (c1796-1852)

We know that the Breton family were living in Landford between 1825 and 1828, but no current evidence to say where. However, they would have occupied one of the well-known residences. Although this is speculation on my part, there is a gap in the occupation of Landford House at this time. John Maurice Eyre died in 1799 leaving Frances Elizabeth his only child and sole heiress. She married Thomas Bolton (2nd Earl Nelson) in 1821 and would have occupied the Eyre family home at Brickworth. That may have left Landford House available to let. Although the first published advertisement for letting is dated 1835, the house could still have been let prior to that date through private connections.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Frederick Breton (c1796-1852)

m. 28 Jan 1823, Elizabeth Frances, dau of Col. Griffiths, R.A., at St Mary Magdalene, Woolwich
s. Frederick bap 13 Apr 1824 at Eling, Hants
s. John b. 19 Mar 1825 bap 28 May 1825 at Landford
s. Charles b. 09 Dec 1827 bap 17 Mar 1828 at Landford

John Breton spent his early career in the Royal Horse Artillery. He was promoted from 2nd Lt to 1st Lt on 15 Mar 1811. He joined the famous Mercer's Troop, officially G Troop RHA under the command of Cpt A. Mercher (No.1064) and included 2nd Cpt Newland, Lieutenants Leathes, Hinks and Breton, and they were in charge of five 9 pounder guns and a 5½ inch Howitzer.

Mercer's "G" Troop became immortalised for its services at Waterloo through the publication of his "*Journal of the Waterloo Campaign*" which is considered one of the classic accounts of this famous battle. The troop came in for the hottest part of the battle on Waterloo Day, and suffered considerably in loss of men and horses. Sir George Wood, R.A., paid the battery a visit on that afternoon and was surprised to find so many cannon balls whizzing round his ears. "Damn it, Mercer," he exclaimed, "you seem to be having a hot time of it here." Hot it was for all parties concerned, but the gallant way in which the gunners worked their guns kept the French cavalry from reaching the infantry squares behind Mercer's battery. Mercer's own description of the state of his troop at the end of the battle amply summarises the hot action they saw in the centre of the line fending off the French cavalry:

'Our situation was indeed terrible: of 200 fine horses with which we had entered the battle, upwards of 140 lay dead, dying, or severely wounded. Of the men, scarcely two-thirds of those necessary for four guns remained, and these so completely exhausted as to be incapable of further exertion. Lieutenant Breton had three horses killed under him; Lieutenant Hincks was wounded in the breast by a spent ball; Lieutenant Leathes on the hip by a splinter; and although untouched myself, my horse had no less than eight wounds, one of which – a graze on the fetlock joint – lamed him for ever. Our guns and carriages were, as before mentioned, altogether in a confused heap, intermingled with dead and wounded horses, which it had not been possible to disengage from them. My poor men, such at least as were untouched, fairly worn out, their clothes, faces, etc., blackened by the smoke and spattered over with mud and blood, had seated themselves on the trails of the carriages, or had thrown themselves on the wet and polluted soil, too fatigued to think of anything but gaining a little rest.'

From "*Bloody Fields of Waterloo, Medical Support – Chapter 8*"

Mercer's Troop, Royal Horse Artillery - Lieutenant John F Breton

An anecdote of this officer was recorded in Captain Cavalié Mercer's Waterloo Journal, which again reminds the reader of the sad toll amongst horses (around 2,000 equine casualties at Waterloo - about 1,500 killed).

'Lieutenant Breton, who already lost two horses and had mounted a troop horse, was conversing with me during a leisure moment. As his horse stood at right angles to mine, the poor jaded animal dozingly rested his muzzle on my thigh; whilst I, the better to hear amidst the infernal din, leant forward, resting my arm between his ears. In this attitude a cannon ball smashed the horse's head to atoms, and the headless trunk sank to the ground.'

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Lt John Breton retired on half-pay in 1820 and married the daughter of a fellow serving officer in January 1823. He was recorded as still on half-pay on 01 Oct 1823. He may have been related to one of the Breton families of Southampton, and initially settled in Eling where their first child was born in 1824. They then moved to Landford where their second and third sons were born and baptised. He obtained a Game Certificate (living in Landford) costing £3-13s-6d in 1827. It would appear that they moved on about 1830 as for the Poll Year 1834 he was again registered for Eling in the Division of Romsey. In the List of Voters for the Southern Division of the County of Wilts, under the Parish of Bramshaw, his address is given as ‘*Little Testwood, Eling, Hants. J F Breton Esq.*’

1841 Census. Living at Goose Green, Lyndhurst. At same address were son Charles Breton, a Susanna Gosling, Eliza Coles and John Bailey. No mention of his wife or other two sons.

1851 Census. Lived at Goose Green, aged 59, a Widower, Lt on Half Pay from R L Artillery. Head of Household (b. 1792 estimate), birth place Jamaica, British Subject. Living with him was son Frederick aged 27, born Eling, Hants.

John Breton died in 1852 and was buried 23 Mar 1852 at Lyndhurst. His Will was proved on 29 Apr 1852 and probate granted that same day. There is a short memorial in the churchyard at Lyndhurst that mentions –

John Frederick Breton who had three horses shot dead from under him at the Battle of Waterloo and miraculously survived to tell the tale with nothing more than bruises!

The Chaplin Family of Suffolk

Care should be taken with the information given below, as online records are very confusing and contradictory regarding names and dates.

Robert Chaplin b. c1502 d. 1565
m. 1529, Elizabeth (b. 1505 – 26 Dec 1602), dau Francis Anstey (1470-1551)
s. Clement b. 1529 d. 11 Feb 1561
s. **William** b. 1530 See below
d. Joan b. 1532 d. aft 1575
s. Thomas b. 1534

William Chaplin b. 1530 bur. 15 Nov 1575
m. 1543, Alice (1528-1575) Thompson
s. Richard bap 19 Nov 1546 d. Presumably before 1553
d. Jone bap 29 Mar 1549
s. Thomas bap 20 Mar 1550
d. Alice bap 9 May 1551 d. 1594
m. 27 Dec 1579, Robert Parke (1549-1593) of Acton, Suffolk
s. Robert, 1st Bt b. 24 May 1580 d. 4 Feb 1665
Sailed to America, 1630
m. Feb 1600, Martha (b. c1582-c1640), dau of her uncle William Chaplin
Had a large family, possibly 9 sons & 4 daughters
m. 30 May 1644, Alice Freeman (1595-1664), wid John Thompson

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. William b. 1607
s. Thomas b. 1614

s. William b. 1552 d. Presumably before 1555
s. Richard b. 1553
s. Edmund b. 1554 d. 3 Dec 1618

m. 20 Jul 1578, Martha King (b. 1558)

Had at least 4 children

s. **William** bap 4 Apr 1555 bur 15 Oct 1629 See below

m. Joan Froste

No known children of this marriage

William Chaplin bap 4 Apr 1555 bur 15 Oct 1629

m. 15 May 1581, Agnes (1558-1602), dau of Richard Holborough (1531-1615) & wife Christian
Had a very large family (some died in infancy) of which Robert was the last child.

s. Robert b. 26 Sep 1602 d. 1643

m. 14 May 1627, Elizabeth (b. c1605), dau of Francis Astye of Bury St Edmunds

s. **Francis** bap 20 Feb 1628 d. 1680 See below

s. Robert b. c1629 d. 4 Nov 1704

m. Anne, dau of Sir Thomas Tomkins of Monington, Hereford

d. Elizabeth bap 5 Mar 1633 bur 29 Jan 1635, infant

d. Anne b. c1633 bur 27 Dec 1633, infant

d. Susan bap 28 Feb 1636

d. Elizabeth bap 20 Aug 1641

Sir Francis Chaplin (1628-1680) bap 20 Feb 1628 d. 27 Jun 1680, London

Lord Mayor of London in 1677

m. c1655, Anne (b. c1630), dau Daniel Hutt of Essex

d. Isobel or Elizabeth b. 1652

d. Anne b. 1654

s. Charles b. 1656

s. **John** b. 1658 (succeeded his father)

s. Sir Robert, 1st Bt. b. c1660 d. 1 Jul 1728

John Chaplin (1657-1714) of Tathwell, Lincs b. 29 Jan 1658 d. 11 Nov 1714

In 1690 sold the Barford (including Hamptworth) estate to Sir Charles Duncombe.

MP for Grimsby in 1690, lost his seat in 1695, but re-elected in 1702. Defeated at 1705 election.

m. c1678, Elizabeth (b. c1664), dau and sole h. of Sir John Hamby (d. 1675) of

Lamberhurst, Kent and Tathwell, Lincs.

s. Porter bap 2 Jan 1678 bur 27 Jul 1719

m. Ann Thorold of Blankney Hall

m. Anne (d. 1728), dau and co-h Richard Sherwin of London

Had at least 1 son (Sir John, Bt, d. 1730) and 2 daughters

d. Anne b. 18 Feb 1679

d. Frances bap 22 Apr 1681

s. John bap 3 Sep 1682, Downton

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Thomas b . 28 Dec 1684, Blankney d. 17 Jan 1747, Blankney
Purchased Blankney Hall in 1719, inherited by son John
m. 12 Jul 1720, Diana (1698-1756), dau Lord Andrew Archer (1659-1741) of
Umberslade & Elizabeth Dashwood (1675-1703)

 s. Thomas b. 1723
 d. Diana b. 1726, Blankney d. 1767
 s. Charles b. 1730, Tathwell
 m. 1755, Elizabeth Thoroton
 Had 7 sons and 5 daughters

 s. John Thomas b. 1732
 m. Lady Elizabeth, dau Brownlow Cecil, 8th Earl of Exeter
 Had at least 2 sons and 2 daughters

s. Francis b. c1685 d. 1720

m. 3 Feb 1692, Frances (2 May 1657 – 1715 in Spain), dau of Thomas Archer of Umberslade Hall, Tanworth, Warwickshire, and his wife Ann Leigh. Frances also widow of Sir Francis Rouse, (1653-1687), 3rd Bt of Rouselench, Worcs.

James Cocks of the Shoe Inn (born c.1790)

There is very little information available on the life of James Cocks, but he is of interest to Landford in that he was the tenant farmer occupying some 41 acres of land owned by John Harcourt Powell. However, James Cocks does not appear in the 1841 Census for Landford, as it would appear that he was the publican for the Shoe Inn, which came under Plaitford. His age was given as 50, suggesting he was born about 1791, but in the 1851 Census he is aged 63 indicating he was born about 1788.

The 1841 Census records that he was a publican. Living at the same place were his daughter Mary, three female and three male servants and two other men who might have been lodgers. The 1851 Census states his occupation as an Innkeeper and Farmer of 60 acres, employing four labourers. Apparently he was born in Baddesley, Hants. With him was his nephew Robert Hutchings who was a hostler, together with several servants and lodgers.

A brief history of the Shoe Inn states that during the first half of the 19th century the innkeeper was called James Cocks. He ran a daily service with his own stage coach called 'The Packet' between Southampton and Salisbury, whilst another operator with a coach called 'The Rover' provided a similar service. By 1848 the railway had reached Salisbury and this saw the decline of the coaching trade.

There is a booklet online containing an article by Nikki Bosworth entitled “A little bit of Wiltshire in the Welsh County of Pembrokeshire”. This relates to document research carried out in the Pembrokeshire Record Office, including documents relating to land owned by the Harcourt Powell family. A survey of property owned by John Harcourt Powell carried out in September 1783 mentioned several past, present and future tenants – James Pointer, the late Henry Hood, Mrs Rose of the Shoe Inn and Mr Young. From the leases it was possible to extract the names of other tenants – Henry Petty, husbandman of Plaitford (1677), Henry Petty, maltster of Plaitford (1732), Giles Hobbs, husbandman of Landford (1689), Gyles Hobbs, labourer of Titchfield (1713), John Hayter, tailor of Plaitford (1714), **James Cocks**, postmaster of Plaitford (1815) and Samuel Cocks, postmaster of Romsey Infra (1815).

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

There is an auctioneer's public notice advertising the sale of a flintlock pistol, which was in mahogany case lined in plum velvet, the exterior with shaped brass escutcheon engraved 'James Cocks, Plaitford 1848.' No doubt a necessary means of defence for a publican, stagecoach operator and postmaster.

The Davenants of Landford Manor

Information regarding the early generations of the Davenant family were taken from 'Notes on Devenant's Life' by Killis Campbell (www.jstor.org/stable/2918029). Also confirmed by Mr William Holman of Halstead, 1722, in History of the Queen's College of St Margaret and St Bernard in the University of Cambridge, Part II.

John, Kt	(Henry III and Edward I)	of Sibble Headingham, Essex
John	(Edward I)	m. Maud, dau Richard Chauncy/Chawney
Ralph	(Edward I)	m. Margaret Tey, dau Sir Henry Tey
Richard	(Edward II)	m. Muriel Stanton, dau and coheir of John Stanton
Nicholas	(Edward III)	m. Anne Delamare
Nicholas	(Henry IV)	m. Juliana Hussey, dau of Ralph Hussey
Henry	(Henry VI)	m. Elizabeth Colvill
Henry	(Edward IV)	m. Joan Read or Joane Reed
John	(Henry VII)	m. Anne Barnes or Ann, dau John Berners of Writtle, Essex

Edward Davenant

- m. Margaret Bardolph, dau Edmund Bardolph of Watton, Herts
 - s. Robert (died young)
 - s. William of Davenant's lands, Essex
 - m. Joan Tryer (Fryer or Frear?), dau John Tryer of Clare, Suffolk
 - s. **William of Halstead** (See below)
 - s. **John of London** (See below)

William Davenant of Halstead, Essex

- m. Agnes Harvey
 - s. William
 - s. John
 - m. Elizabeth
 - s. Robert
 - s. Sir William b. Feb 1606 d. Apr 1668
 - m. Maria de Tremblay d. c1690
 - s. Charles b. 17 Nov 1656 d. 1714
 - s. Nicholas
 - d. Elizabeth
 - d. Jane
 - d. Alice
 - s. Edward
 - d. Temperance

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Davenant of London (b. c1539-1596) Citizen and merchant of London

Second son of William of the Davenant Lands, Essex, and Joan Tryer, dau of John Tryer of Clare, Suffolk. He was a Merchant Taylor and amassed a vast estate.

m. 15 Sep 1567, Margaret (d. 30 Mar 1613), dau & coheir John Clarke of Farnham Castle

s. **Edward** (1569-1639) See below

m. Anne Symmes

d. Anna bap 25 Mar 1571

s. **John** (1572-1641) Bishop of Salisbury, did not marry.

In choosing him for Salisbury the king is said to have been partly influenced by the fact that Davenant was a bachelor, hoping that having no family of his own, he might take from the Church the burden of supporting the many children of his sister Margaret and Robert Tounson.

s. William bap 6 Dec 1573 Of Breedon supermont, Leics.

m. Ursula

d. Judith b. 1576

m. Stephen Payne

m. c1607, Thomas Fuller

s. Thomas Fuller (1608-1661) D.D.

(6 other children)

s. James bap 20 Oct 1577 d. c.Dec 1636

s. Raphe bap 13 Mar 1580 d. c.Dec 1636

s. Richard bap 15 Feb 1583 bur 16 Feb 1583

d. Margaret bap 18 Mar 1585 d. Oct 1633

m. 1604, Robert Tounson, D.D. (1575-1621), Bishop of Salisbury

In 18yrs of marriage they had 15 children. On his death, his widow was ejected by the dean and chapter of Westminster from the Curate's House at St. Margaret's, Westminster, in 1624.

John Davenant (1572-1641) b. 20 May 1572 bap 25 May 1572 d. 20 Apr 1641

Son of John Davenant and Margaret Clerke. A notable **Bishop of Salisbury**.

John Davenant followed the practice of those that were wealthy and intellectually gifted by completing his education at university. In July 1587, at the age of 15 years he entered Queen's College, Cambridge. He was devoted to his studies, demonstrating a keen and enquiring mind from the start. His powers of memory and recollection were exceptional and he could easily enter into discourse on most subjects. He graduated B.A. (1st Class) at the end of the Lent term in 1590-91 and before receiving his degree subscribed to the 39 Articles of 1571, putting his name in the University subscription book.

He commenced his M.A. in 1594 and during this year was also offered a fellowship at Queen's College, but initially he had to refuse because of his father's conviction that such fellowships were not to be offered to men of fortune. However, after his father's death in 1597 he accepted the fellowship. His subsequent academic success was remarkable. In 1601 he was distinguished with a Bachelor of Divinity; in 1609 with a Doctor of Divinity; and in that same year was elected Lady Margaret's Professor of Divinity. He became Rector of Fleet in Lincolnshire in 1609, and Rector of Leake in Nottinghamshire in 1612.



A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

In 1615, when a royal visit to Queen's College was undertaken, Davenant, as Margaret Professor of the college acted in the capacity of moderator for these debates. Undoubtedly, James I took note of Davenant and his excellent skills in preaching and discoursing. The impressions formed of Davenant by the King must be reflected in Davenant later preaching at the Royal Court, and his being appointed as a delegate to the Synod of Dort in 1618. In 1620 he was Rector of Cottenham, Cambridgeshire.



It was not long after Davenant returned from the Synod of Dort that the King's pleasure in how Davenant had conducted himself at the synod was exhibited. In 1621 he was given the bishopric of Salisbury. Davenant assumed the office of Bishop of Salisbury following his consecration on 11 Nov 1621. The following day, as was the practice, he took his seat in the House of Peers.

Landford Manor was in the possession of Robert Lye or Legh when he died in 1515 and it passed to his two daughters, Elizabeth and Anne who were his joint heirs. At this point the estate was divided into two moieties, one for each of the daughters. Elizabeth married John Stanter of Horningsham, Wilts. Under the terms of the Will of John Stanter [*Comment* - a descendant of the original John Stanter – JM] and his wife made in 1638, their share (i.e. moiety) of the manor, lands and advowson of Landford was conveyed in trust to John Davenant, Bishop of Salisbury and his heirs.

From - *Inquisition taken at the City of New Sarum, 13th October, 17 Charles I [1641]*

William Stanter of Landford, gent., and Mary his wife, and John Stanter gent., son and heir of the said William and Mary his wife, by their charter tripartite dated 1 Jun 1638 made between themselves of the first part, John Davenant, Bishop of Salisbury, gent., and John Leigh of the City of New Sarum, gent., of the third part, granted and confirmed to the said Francis Parry and John Leigh and their heirs all their manor and site of Langford, and all the messuages, houses, buildings, gardens, lands, mines, quarries, woods, right of common in the New Forest, etc., etc., thereto belonging; also the advowson, free gift, and right of patronage of and to the parish Church of Langford; and all other their lands, tenements, and hereditaments in Langford; all which said premises were in the tenure of the said William Stanter and John Stanter; also the reversions, remainders, and yearly profits, rents and services of all the said premises; to hold to them and their heirs to the sole use of the said John Davenant and his heirs forever, in free and common socage, by fealty only.

The manor of Lanford and other premises there are held of the Earl of Arundell by fealty only, and are worth per ann., clear, £4 17s.s 10d.

[*Comment* – Note the different spelling of Langford and Lanford for today's Landford – JM]

Edward Davenant (1569-1639)

First son of John Davenant and Margaret Clarke and brother of John, Bishop of Salisbury. He was a hardworking learned man, understanding Greek and Latin, and was a renowned mathematician, schooling his children in algebra and geometry. Described as London merchant involved in the pilchard trade, he set up a fishing business at Whiddy Island, Bantry Bay, Ireland and was a JP for

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

20yrs. As a result he left his family well off when he died 2 Jun 1639, aged 70. Buried Salisbury Cathedral.

m. 24 Nov 1592, Anne (b. c1576), dau of Randall Symes (clothmaker) of London
s. **Edward** (1596-1679) See Below
s. John bap 18 Dec 1597 m. Ann Boyle.
Both of them drowned in 1641 whilst crossing to Whiddy Island.
d. Margaret bap 4 Nov 1599 m. Vincent Palmer of Whiddy Island.
d. Ann bap 15 Mar 1601 Presumably died an infant
d. Ann bap 13 Aug 1605 m. Richard Steventon, then Edward Onslow

Rev Edward Davenant (1596-1679) M.A., B.D., D.D.

He was the first son of Edward Davenant and Anne Symmes. Baptised on 25 Apr 1596 and died on 12 Mar 1679. Educated at Merchant Taylors's School, Edward was taken under the wing of his uncle John Davenant (Bishop of Salisbury) when he went to Queens' College, Cambridge, graduating B.A. in 1614, and M.A. in 1618. In the same year he accompanied his uncle John to the Synod of Dort in 1618, and kept a diary. He was ordained in 1621. From 1615 to 1625 he was a Fellow of Queens', graduating B.D. in 1624. In 1629 he graduated D.D. In the aftermath of the Synod, John Davenant gave Cambridge lectures, significant for hypothetical universalism. They were published only in 1650, the delay being for political reasons; this came about because Edward Davenant sent them to James Ussher, who had Thomas Bedford, another Queens' graduate, edit them (in Latin). He was also an eminent mathematician.

Edward held incumbencies at Poulshot, North Moreton and became the Vicar of Gillingham, Dorset in 1625. It was his misfortune to hold this post during the Civil War in which Charles I was ultimately tried and executed. He was far from popular with the Puritan Roundheads who fought against the King. They plundered his house, seized his library, destroyed the church organ and deprived him of his position as Vicar of Gillingham. However, after the death of Oliver Cromwell, Charles II was restored as King of England and the Rev. Davenant was soon given back his post, which he retained until his death on 12 March 1679.

Davenant was Treasurer of Salisbury Cathedral from 1634. At Gillingham, he pursued mathematical researches, and took pupils, who included John Aubrey. Aubrey recorded that Davenant was unwilling to publish on mathematics, preferring to keep his interest private. His algebra problems for his daughter Anne have survived in Aubrey's copy. Aubrey later took these problems to John Pell for solution and commentary. What Davenant preferred was to circulate portions of his work in manuscript.

When living at Gillingham, he was recorded as having 7 sons and 5 daughters.

m. Catherine Grove, dau of Hugh Grove of Chisenbury, Wilts. (Catherine bur 12 Jul 1693, Landford)
d. Anne
m. Aug 1651, Anthony Etrick, MP for Chistchurch
s. **John** See below
d. Katherine b. 1632 d. 18 May 1671
m. 1663, Thomas Lamplugh D.D., Archbishop of York
s. George D.D. b. 1657 d. 11 Sep 1661
s. William D.D. b. 1659 d. 1662

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Ralph D.D. b. 1663 d. 16 Feb 1680

Davenant died on 17 March 1679. A memorial slate is in his parish church at Gillingham.

John Davenant, Bishop of Salisbury, did not marry and in his Will, after many bequests of both money and effects, the residue of his property and estate went to his Executor, his nephew the Rev Edward Davenant. This included the “Stanter” moiety of Landford Manor, which now passed to the Rev Edward Davenant and his heirs.

An extract from: *'Parishes: Fordingbridge', A History of the County of Hampshire: Volume 4*, dealing with the manor of Bickton, provides information on the following generations, and reads as follows.

... The latter sold it in 1632 to John Davenant, Bishop of Salisbury, who died in 1640, leaving it to Edward son of his elder brother Edward. Edward Davenant appears to have settled Bickton in his life-time on his eldest son John, who in 1664 mortgaged it to a certain John Mynne of Lincoln's Inn. John Davenant, dying before his father in 1671, made a request that his father would buy back the manor and payoff his debts. Accordingly the manor passed to John Davenant's eldest son John, who was High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1686, and was succeeded by a son Edward. The latter, like his grandfather, was involved in financial difficulties and left his heavily mortgaged property to his three sisters Rebecca, Catherine and Elizabeth.

John Davenant (d. 1670) Of St. Martin's in New Sarum and Landford

First son of Edward Davenant and Catherine Grove of Landford Manor House. Died before his father. Buried 20 Aug 1670 at Landford.

m. Dionys	b. before 1665	bur 21 Oct 1715
s. Edward	d. 1680	
s. John	d. 1693	See below
d. Alice	bap 23 Apr 1666	? bur 18 Feb 1671 at Landford
s. Rowland	bap 24 Sep 1667	d. 26 Oct 1737 bur 05 Nov 1737

John Davenant (d. 1693)

First son of John Davenant (d. 1670), died 15 Sep 1693, buried 18 Sep 1693. High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1686. Inherited estates from his grandfather Edward who outlived his son.

m. c1681, Rebecca Armstrong	(buried 17 Aug 1692 at Landford)
s. Edward	b. 1682 See below
d. Rebecca	b. 01 Mar 1684 bap 08 Mar 1684
m. Charles Martin (d. 28 Mar 1729, aged 36)	
d. Margaret	b. 13 Mar 1685 bap 15 Mar 1685
d. Catherine	bap 21 Jul 1686
s. John	b. 31 Mar 1687 bap 28 Jan 1688 bur 21 Aug 1715
s. William	bap 29 Jun 1690
d. Elizabeth	bap 02 Aug 1692

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

[*Query* - Andrew Duke, first son and heir, of Bulford; matriculated at Hart Hall, Oxon., June 1705, aged 17; m. 17 Jan 1719, Katherine Davenant at Salisbury Cathedral,. She died 15 Dec 1719; bur at Bulford. *Is this the Catherine above?*]

Edward Davenant (1682-1716)

First son of John and Rebecca Davenant. Did not marry and died childless. Bur 10 Mar 1716. Left his estate to sisters Rebecca, Catherine and Elizabeth.

[*Comment* - It would appear that this Edward left the family property with heavy mortgages such that his estate was in considerable debt when he died. Presumably this is why his sisters sold his moiety of Landford Manor to John Eyre in 1717 - JM.]

Davenant Epitaphs

Marble Stone tablets in Salisbury Cathedral -

On a black marble stone, near Bishop Davenant's Monument

H. S. E.

Dionys Seymour, late of this Close, Daughter of John Davenant, Esq. of Landford, in this County, and Relict of Edward Seymour, Esq. of the County of Dorset, Ob. the 3 July, 1730.

Here lieth the Body of Rowland Davenant, Merchant, of the City of London, who died 26 Oct 1737.

Sacred to the Memory of Charles Martin, Son of John Martyn of Covent Garden in the Co. of Middlesex, Esq. whose first Wife was Elizabeth, Daughter of Francis Baber, of Covent Garden, aforesaid, Esq.; his second was Rebecca, the Daughter of John Davenant of Landford in the County of Wilts, Esq. He died March 28, 1729, aged 36.

The Duncombe and Shafto family connections

As explained in *Part 1 – The Development of Landford*, Hamptworth was part of a large estate, which following the Norman Conquest was held by the Bishops of Winchester before it was acquired by Waleran and passed down the generations, finally ending with Sir Simon Harcourt. It then passed through other families to William Stockman of Barford in 1603/4. Stockman then enclosed some 22 acres of the common land near Langley Wood, which probably included Hamptworth Lodge. By 1619 Stockman had built extensive hunting lodges close to Downton at Hamptworth and Newhouse.

From the early 16th century there was another estate in Hamptworth. In 1596 the land was conveyed to John Webb. The estate thereafter passed down the Webb family of Odstock until in 1797 it passed to Frederick Webb. Between 1822 and 1837 some 245 acres were obtained by Robert Eden Duncombe Shafto. The remainder of this Hamptworth estate was sold in 1858 and was later added to the Hamptworth Lodge estate.

The Duncombe family

Thomas Duncombe (d. 7 Aug 1531) of Barleyend, Ivinghoe, Bucks.

m. Joane (d. 1539)

s. **William** See below

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Robert
s. John
d. Margaret (became Margaret Holland)
d. Elizabeth (became Elizabeth Turney)
d. Anne (became Anne Newman)

William Duncombe (d. 7 Feb 1533) of Barleyend

m. Mary (1489-1539), dau and h of Richard Reynes, 3rd son of Sir John Reynes of Clifton Reynes, Bucks

s. **John** d. 29 Dec 1594 See below

s. Thomas

m. Isabel, dau of Thomas Saunders of Amersham, Bucks

s. Roger d. 29 Dec 1594

m. Cicely, dau of Edmund Conquest of Houghton Conquest, Beds.

s. Edward bur 30 Oct 1566

d. Elizabeth

m. William Draynes of Cranbrook

m. Alice Whitton of Oxfordshire

Had at least 3 children

John Duncombe (c1504- 29 Dec 1594) of Barleyend

m. Alice Engleton of Edelborough, Bucks

s. **William** See below

s. Roger dsp

s. Henry dsp

s. Thomas dsp

d. Elizabeth

d. Alice

d. Agnes

William Duncombe (d. 1630) of Barleyend.

Eldest surviving son of John Duncombe

m. Faith, dau of Thomas Clerk of Hutchingden, Bucks

s. Thomas

m. Anne, dau Joseph Cake of Buckland, Bucks

Had at least 6 children

m. Anne, dau of Robert Barber of Kensworth, Herts

s. William m. Mary, dau of Edward Hart of Brill, Bucks

s. **William** See below

s. Robert of Aldbury, Herts

s. Rev Francis

s. John

s. Henry

s. Roger of Ivinghoe

William Duncombe of Ivinghoe bap 1585

m. Mary, dau of John Theed or Thead

s. William dsp

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Rev Francis, Vicar of Ivinghoe
s. **Alexander** (1619-1716) of Drayton, Bucks. See below
d. Faith
d. Mary
d. Anne
d. Elizabeth

Alexander Duncombe (1619-1716) b. 13 May 1619 Lived at Drayton, Bucks
m. 15 May 1645, Mary (Oct 1629 – 7 Nov 1716), dau of Richard Paulye of Whitchurch, Bucks
s. Alexander b. 1649 dsp
s. Sir Charles b. 16 Nov 1648 d. 9 Apr 1711, Teddington, London
Died unmarried & intestate. Half estate went to sister Ursula, the other to his nephew Anthony.
s. Anthony b. c1650 d. 14 Apr 1708
m. c1690, Jane (b. c1660), dau Hon Frederick Cornwallis, son of Frederick, 1st Baron Cornwallis & Elizabeth Crofts
s. **Anthony** (1695-1763), 1st Baron Feversham of Downton See below
d. Mary “**Ursula**” (1658-1720) See below
m. Thomas Brown (d. 1720), changed name to Duncombe
s. **Thomas** (c1683-1746) See below
s. Valentine dsp

Anthony Duncombe (c1695 – 18 Jun 1763), created Lord Feversham, Baron of Downton in 1747
With no sons, the barony died with him in 1763.
m. 1716, Margaret (c1696 - 9 Oct 1755), dau George Verney, 12th Baron Willoughby de Broke
s. Henry (1728 – 10 Apr 1818)
d. Barbara m. Christopher Crow of Kiplin, Yorks
d. Mary d. 1764, unnm

m. 1756, Frances (d. 1757), dau Peter Bathurst of Clarendon Park
d. Frances (1757-1827)
m. John Bowater

m. 1758, Anne, dau of Sir Thomas Hales, 3rd Bt, niece of Dr Stephen Hales.
She then m. William Bouverie, 1st Earl Radnor
d. Anne (d. 1829)
m. Jacob Pleydell-Bouverie, 2nd Earl Radnor (her step-brother)

Ursula Duncombe (1658-1720) b. 16 Apr 1658
m. John or Thomas Brown, changed name to Duncombe to keep lineage intact through female line.
d. Mary (Brown) b. c1682 d. 16 Jan 1717
m. 30 Dec 1701, Field Marshal John Campbell, 2nd Duke of Argyll
No children of this marriage
s. **Thomas** b. c1683 d. 1746 See below

Thomas Duncombe, MP (c1683-1746) d. 23 Mar 1746 Lived at Duncombe Park, Helmsley, Yorks.
Succeeded his uncle Sir Charles as MP for Downton in 1711 to 1713. High Sheriff of Yorkshire in 1727/28. MP for Ripon from 1734 to 1741. Succeeded by eldest son Thomas.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- m. 18 Aug 1714, Sarah, dau of Sir Thomas Slingsby, 4th Bt of Scriven, Yorks
s. **Thomas**, MP b. c1724 d. 1779
s. Henry b. 1728 d. 1818
s. Charles Slingsby d. 11 Sep 1803
- m. Isabella dau of Robert Soleby of Helmsley, Yorks
s. Charles b. 5 Dec 1764 d. 16 Jul 1841 Created Baron Feversham
m. 24 Sep 1795, Charlotte (b. 5 Oct 1774), only dau William Legge,
Earl of Dartmouth
s. Henry d. unm
s. Thomas b. 1769 d. 7 Dec 1847
m. 1795, Emma, dau Right Rev Dr John Hinchcliffe, Bishop of
Peterborough
s. Slingsby b. Nov 1779 d. 12 Oct 1851
m. 23 Jun 1812, Martha (d. 24 Mar 1871), dau Henry Elvy of
Rainham, Kent
d. Had several daughters, unnamed.
- d. Barbara
m. Christopher Crow of Kiplin, Yorks
d. Mary d. 1764, unm

Thomas Duncombe, MP (c.1724-1779) d. 23 Nov 1779
MP for Downton 1751-1754, MP for Morpeth 1754-1768, MP for Downton 1779.

- m. 9 Feb 1749, Diana (1724-1770), dau of Henry Howard, 4th Earl of Carlisle
d. **Anne Duncombe** (His sole heir.) See below
d. ?

- m. 24 Feb 1772, Anne (d. 1777), dau of Sir Philip Jennings Clerke, 1st Bt
d. Frances (d. 12 Oct 1861)
m. Sir George Henry Rose, G.C.H., MP
s. Baron Strathnairn

- m. 25 Jun 1778, Charlotte, dau William Hale of King's Walden, Herts.
Charlotte then m. Thomas, Earl of Onslow

Anne Duncombe (1750-1783) b. 28 Sep 1750 d. 16 Mar 1783
Sole heiress of her father Thamas Duncombe.

- m. 18 Apr 1774, **Robert Shafto (c1732-1797)** of Whitworth Hall, Durham
Known as the famous “Bonnie, Bobby Shafto”. On her death, Anne Duncombe’s estate
passed to her husband and the Shafto family. See further details below.

The Shafto family

The Ffolliot family were established by the 14th century at Shafto Crag, Northumberland and adopted the alternative surname of Shafto. The ancestry of Robert Eden Duncombe Shafto is as follows.

William Shafto (b. c1441) m. Margaret Riddle (b. c1441)

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Edward Shafto (b. c1475), son of William m. Eleanor Swinborne (b. c1488)

Mark Shafto (1501-1559) Third son of Edward Shafto (b. c1475) of Bavington and Eleanor Swinborne
Merchant in Newcastle and Mayor in 1548.

m. 1535, Margaret (b. c1505), dau of Thomas Riddell of Newcastle and Eleanor Clayton

s. Edward b. 1536 d. Jun 1576 A merchant adventurer

m. Isabel Ogle (1539-1604)

Had at least 6 sons and 3 daughters

s. Mark b. c1540 d. 9 Apr 1593

Sheriff of Newcastle in 1575, Mayor in 1578

d. Elizabeth b. c1542 bur 11 Feb 1581

m. William Greenwell

s. Lancelot b. c1544

s. **Ninian (1545-1581)** See below

s. Leonardo b. 1547 bur 6 Dec 1594

Ninian Shafto (1545-1581) b. 1545 d. Dec 1581

m. c1558, Anne (1552-1596), dau of Henry Brandling (1515-1578) & Ursula Buckton (1526-1593)

s. John b. 1562 bur 7 Mar 1606

s. Stephen b. c1564

s. Christopher b. c1566 bur 24 Aug 1593

s. **Robert** b. 1568 d. Sep 1623 See below

d. Margaret b. c1571

d. Elizabeth b. c1573 bur 4 Mar 1604

m. John Johnson

d. Ursula b. c1574

m. 1595, William Pattinson

s. Henry b. 1576 bur 16 Aug 1579

Robert Shafto (1568-1623) b. 1568 d. Sep 1623

Of Benwell Tower. Sheriff of Newcastle 1607

m. 13 Jan 1594, Jane (bap 9 Nov 1575 – Jul 1658), dau Robert Eden (1522-1584) and

Jane Hutton (1552-1583). Her father was a wealthy city merchant.

d. Eden bap 7 Dec 1595

m. 18 Dec 1613, Anthony Medcalf

s. Robert bap 16 Dec 1596 Inherited Benwell Towers from his father.
High Sheriff of Northumberland 1653 & 1668.

m. 6 Apr 1624, Jane (bap 1 Nov 1604, bur 14 Feb 1671), dau of Bartram Anderson

Had at least 3 sons and 1 daughter

d. Anne bap 8 Jan 1598 d. Nov 1673

m. 8 Sep 1618, John Clavering (1591-16480, Mayor of Newcastle

Had a large family

s. Mark bap 25 Apr 1599 d. 25 May 1600, infant

s. **Mark** bap 25 Mar 1601 See below

d. Dorcas bap 18 Jun 1602 bur 19 Feb 1627

m. 1 Jun 1619, Henry Cook

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Ninian bap 25 Nov 1604 bur 25 Mar 1647
 m. 1 May 1627, Jane Carr (1609-1658)
 Had at least 3 sons (one died in infancy) and 2 daughters
 d. Mary bap 25 Aug 1608 bur 28 Feb 1610
 d. Alice bap 8 Oct 1609
 m. 13 Apr 1630, John Emerson (b. c1596)
 Had at least 1 son Robert, bap 15 Sep 1633
 s. Christopher bap 17 Oct 1611 d. 1613, infant
 d. Isabel bap 10 Apr 1615
 m. 16 Jan 1632, Abraham Booth

Mark Shafto (1601-1660) bap 25 Mar 1601 d. 25 Feb 1660
 A Grey's Inn barrister and Recorder of Newcastle, 1648. Purchased Whitworth Park estate in 1652

m. 7 Feb 1630, Mary (bap 17 Jan 1614), dau of Robert Ledger (1584-1623, High Sheriff of Newcastle 1622, and his wife Jane Mitford (1574-1624).

d. Jane bap 11 Apr 1633 d. c1706
 m. 10 Jan 1652, Col William Strother (1625-1699) of Fowberry and Newton
 Had at least 6 sons and 3 daughters
 s. **Sir Robert** (1634-1705) bap 13 May 1634 d. 21 May 1705
 Barrister and Recorder of Newcastle 1660. Knighted 1670, Sergeant-at-Law in 1674
 m. 18 Jul 1661, Katherine (c1642- 31 Aug 1676), dau of Sir Thomas Widdrington of Cheeseburn and Frances Fairfax of Grange Hall, Northumberland, grand-dau of 2nd Lord Fairfax of Cameron.
 s. **Mark** (1662-1723) See below
 s. James b. c1664
 d. Ursula bap 6 Mar 1667 d. aft 1704
 d. Frances bap 25 Jan 1669 bur 21 Jun 1741
 d. Grace b. c1671
 s. William b. c1673
 d. Mary bap 25 Aug 1676 d. aft 1704

d. Mary bap 15 Oct 1635 bur 26 Apr 1636, infant
 s. Thomas bap 16 Jul 1639 bur 29 Aug 1688

Mark Shafto (1662-1723) b. 8 Apr 1662 d. 28 Dec 1723
 Of Whitworth Hall, Durham. High Sheriff County of Durham in 1709.

m. 23 Oct 1683, Catherine Margaret (1662-1715), dau of William Ingleby and Margaret Savile

d. Catherine b. c1684 d. 2 Jul 1730
 m. 31 Jan 1715, Sir John Eden (1677-1728)
 s. Sir Robert Eden (1717-1755)

s. Sir Robert (1690-1729) MP for Durham 1712-1713, 1727-1729.
 m. 17 Oct 1723, Dorothy (1701-1734), dau Henry Downe (1664-1741)
 Died without issue. Estate inherited by brother John

s. **John** bap 16 Mar 1692 d. 3 Apr 1742
 Lived at Whitworth Park MP for Durham 1729-1742
 m. 1731, Dorothy or Mary (1714-1768), dau of Thomas Jackson (b. c1688)
 of Nunnington, Yorks

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. **Robert** (1732-1797) See below
 d. Dorothy bap 2 Apr 1734 d. 12 Sep 1805
 m. 19 Apr 1763, Wilmot Vaughan, 1st Earl of Lisburne
 Had at least 1 son and 3 daughters
 d. Margaret bap 19 Feb 1735 d. 13 Mar 1818, unm
 s. Thomas Goodfellow bap 30 Aug 1736 d. 17 Oct 1799
 d. Mary bap 6 Feb 1738 d. infant
 s. John b. 29 Jan 1740 bur 18 Apr 1740

Robert Shafto (1732-1797) “Bobby Shafto” b. 17 May 1732 d. 24 Nov 1797
 MP for County of Durham 1760-1768, MP for Downton 1780-1790
 m. 18 Apr 1774, **Anne Duncombe** b. 28 Sep 1750 d. 16 Mar 1783 See above
 Dau and sole heiress of Thomas Duncombe (d. Nov 1779) of Duncombe Park and his wife
 Diana, dau Henry Howard, 4th Earl of Carlisle.

s. John b. 3 Feb 1775 d. Jul 1802, aged 26
 Died without issue, estate inherited by brother Robert
 s. **Robert** b. 23 Mar 1776 d. 17 Jan 1848
 s. Rev Thomas b. 23 Aug 1777



Suggestion is that after Anne Duncombe died in 1783 (possibly beforehand), Robert had a mistress, Susanna Becroft, with whom he had several children.

Susanna Becroft of the Upper Wall, Hammersmith, London
 d. Susanna
 d. Charlotte
 d. Dorothy
 s. Robert

Robert Eden Duncombe Shafto (1776-1848) b. 23 Mar 1776 d. 17 Jan 1848
 Added Eden to his name on marriage. MP for Co. Durham 1804-1808 and High Sheriff of Durham in 1842.

m. 25 Oct 1803, Catherine (1784-1872), dau of Sir John Eden, 4th Bt of Windlestone, Co. Durham.
 Brought the Beamish Hall estate into the Shafto family. Children took the surname Duncombe Shafto. Sir John was a second cousin of Robert.



s. **Robert** b. 7 Apr 1806 in London See below
 s. Rev John b. 16 May 1807, London Rector of Brancepeth
 d. Catherine b. 17 May 1808, London
 s. Thomas b. 25 Mar 1811, London d. 1885
 Inherited Beamish Hall from his father. On his death Beamish Hall
 passed to his nephew, Slingsby Arthur Duncombe Shafto (1844-1904),
 the son of Rev Slingsby Duncombe Shafto.
 s. Frederick William b. 18 Jul 1812, London d. 14 Feb 1820
 s. Rev Slingsby b. 11 Aug 1813 Rector of Brancepeth
 s. Rev Arthur b. 11 Jan 1815 Rector of Brancepeth
 d. Maria Georgiana b. 25 Jul 1817

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Robert Duncombe Shafto (1806–1889) b. 7 Apr 1806 d. 22 Mar 1889
MP for North Durham 1847-1868, JP and DL for Co. Durham
Sold the Hamptworth Estate to George Morrison in 1870

m. 23 Oct 1838, Charlotte Rosa, dau of William Baring of Lulworth Castle, Dorset, the son of Sir Francis Baring, 1st Bt of London.

d. Edith Rosa b. c1840

m. Robert Charles (b. 1879), cousin, the second son of Rev Slingsby Duncombe Shafto of Beamish

s. Robert Charles b. 1842, Hamptworth d. 1909, without male heir

Ancestors of Mr Dodington Egerton (d. 1797)

The manor of Breamore or Breamore Courtenay was an ancient demesne of the Crown, and in 1086 was parcel of the royal manor of Rockbourne. In 1579 it was granted by Queen Elizabeth to Sir Christopher Hatton. It was purchased of him in 1580 by **William Dodington**, who died in 1600 leaving a son and heir **Sir William**. From this date Breamore followed the descent of South Charford until 1741, when Francis Lord Brooke sold it to Samuel Dixon, preliminary to its sale to Sir Edward Hulse, Bt.

Philip Dodington was the ancestor to the Dodingtons of Gapphey, and also to Sir William Dodington of Breamer in the county of Southampton, Knight in the time of Charles I (1625-1649).

William Dodington (d. 1600) of Aldersgate, London and Breamore. Auditor of imprests 1570-1595.

m. Christian, dau of William Walsingham of Scadbury, Chislehurst, Kent and widow of John Tamworth of Sutton, Lincs.

s. **Sir William** (1572–1638) Only son and heir

Sir William Doddington (1572–1638) b. 1 Jul 1572 d. 23 Oct 1638

An English landowner and politician who sat in the House of Commons from 1621 to 1622.

Doddington was the son of William Dodington of Breamore House Hampshire. In 1605 he was High Sheriff of Hampshire and in 1621, he was elected Member of Parliament for Lymington. Doddington married Mary Herbert daughter of Sir John Herbert of Neath Abbey, Castell-nedd, Glamorganshire. She brought him the manor of Candeston Castle. He was holding the manor of South Charford in 1624 and in 1629 settled it on his son Herbert on his marriage. After Herbert died childless in 1633, Doddington held the manor again until his death in 1638, when it passed to his younger son John.

His father's suicide in 1600 (by leaping from the roof of the Church of St Sepulchre in London), probably as a result of a prolonged litigation with a Hampshire neighbour, produced in Dodington a lifelong melancholy and distaste for public life. He left no trace on the records of the 1621 Parliament, and did not stand again, preferring to use his influence at Lymington and Downton for his sons William and Herbert. The untimely death of the former in 1624 proved the first of a series of bereavements. In 1629 his wife was murdered by his third son Henry (by running her through multiple times with a sword), who was subsequently hanged. Three years later Herbert died, by which time Dodington was convinced that his family lay under a curse. He had 5 sons (3 dvp) and 6 daughters (2 dvp). Not all are listed below.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- m. 17 Feb 1595, Mary (c1575-1629), dau and heir of Sir John Herbert
s. Sir William b. c1598 d. 1624
 Groom of the privy chamber to Queen Anne of Denmark; JP for Hants 1622
s. Herbert b. c1600 d. 1632
 m. 4 May 1628, Elizabeth, dau John Colles, MP
s. Henry d. c1629, hanged for matricide
s. **John** b. c1605 d. 1644
d. Katherine
 m. c1625, Peregrine Hoby
d. Anne
 m John Bulkeley MP

John Doddington (c1605-1644)

An English landowner and politician, the son of Sir William Doddington. In April 1640 he was elected Member of Parliament for Lymington in the Short Parliament. Doddington had two daughters. Margaret married Sir Thomas Hannan but died childless. **Ann (1640-1691)** married firstly Robert Greville, 4th Baron Brooke, son of Robert Greville, 2nd Baron Brooke. She married secondly Thomas Hoby.

Robert Greville, 4th Baron Brooke (4 Jan 1639 – 17 Feb 1677, spms)

Recorder of Warwick 1660-76/7; one of the six Peers sent to Holland to invite the return of King Charles II, 1660; Lord Lieutenant of Staffordshire 1660-76/7; High Steward of Stafford 1674. He outlived his 6 sons and was succeeded by his younger brother.

m. **Ann** (1640 – 3 Feb 1691), dau and sole hrss of **John Dodington** of Breamore, son and heir of Sir William Doddington

- d. Anne b. 1661
 m. William Pierrepont, 4th Earl of Kingston-upon-Hull
s. Francis (c1663-c1663)
s. Robert (1664-1664)
s. John (1665-1667)
s. Charles (c1667-c1667)
s. William (c1669-c1669)
s. Fulke (c1671-c1671)
d. Dodington (20 Feb 1672 – 6 Feb 1721)
 m. 19 Feb 1690, Charles Montagu, 1st Duke of Manchester
s. Robert (1673-c1673)

Fulke Greville, 5th Baron Brooke (c.1643 - 22 Oct 1710)

Member of Parliament for Warwick 1664-77; Recorder of Warwick 1677-1710 and of Coventry 1687-1706. He was the brother of Robert above and succeeded to Robert's titles when he died without a male heir. In turn, Falke was succeeded by his grandson.

- m. 12 Jan 1665, Sarah (c1646- 20 Sep 1705), dau Francis Dashwood of Vellow Wood, Somerset
 Had at least 4 sons and 9 daughters
d. Catherine (c1665-1703)
s. Francis (1 Jul 1667 - 11 Oct 1710, dvp)
 m. c1692, Ann (1672 - 8 Aug 1703), wid Henry Baynton of Bromham and dau of

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Wilmot, 2nd Earl of Rochester

s. Fulke (c1693-1711), 6th Baron Brooke
s. William (1694 – 28 Jul 1727), 7th Baron Brooke
d. **Catherine** (c1695 – Jul 1735) m. **Charles Egerton** (See Below)
d. Elizabeth (b. c1696)

s. Algernon MP for Warwick 1699-1705

m. Mary, 1st dau and coheir of Lord Arthur Somerset, 2nd son of Henry, 1st Duke of Beaufort

Sir Thomas Egerton, 1st Viscount Brackley, PC (1540 - 15 March 1617)

The Egerton family descended from Sir Richard Egerton of Ridley, Cheshire. Thomas was the illegitimate son of Sir Richard Egerton and an unmarried woman named Alice Sparks. He was acknowledged by his father's family, who paid for his education. He studied Liberal Arts at Brasenose College, Oxford, and received a bachelor's degree in 1559. He then studied law at Lincoln's Inn and called a barrister by 1572. He was a prominent lawyer in the Courts of Queen's Bench, Chancery and Exchequer. After Queen Elizabeth I saw him plead a case against the crown he was made Queen's Counsel. In 1579 he was made a Master of the Bench of Lincoln's Inn. On 28 June 1581 he was appointed Solicitor General. He was MP for Cheshire 1584-1587. Made Attorney General in June 1592. He served as Master of the Rolls from 1594 to 1603, as Lord Keeper of the Great Seal from 1593 to 1603 and as Lord High Chancellor of England from 1603 to 1617. Thomas Egerton was knighted in 1594, admitted to the Privy Council in May 1596 and on 19 Jul 1603 he was raised to the Peerage of England as Baron Ellesmere, in the County of Shropshire, and on 7 Nov 1616 to Viscount Brackley.

Thomas Egerton bought the manors of Whitchurch and Dodington (Shropshire) in 1598 and the same year Thomas had inherited the Tatton estate in Cheshire from his brother-in-law Richard Brereton. At Ashridge, Hertfordshire, Thomas Egerton purchased Ashridge House, one of the largest country houses in England, from Queen Elizabeth I, who had inherited it from her father who had appropriated it after the dissolution of the monasteries in 1539. Ashridge House served the Egerton family as a residence until the 19th century. The Egertons later had a family chapel (the Bridgewater Chapel) with burial vault in Little Gaddesden Church, where many monuments commemorate the Dukes and Earls of Bridgewater and their families.

Thomas attempted to resign from office several times, becoming increasingly old and infirm and King James I finally accepted his resignation on 5 Mar 1617. He died a few days later on 15 Mar 1617 and was buried in Dodleston, Cheshire. He was succeeded by his son John.

m. 1576, Elizabeth (d. 1588), dau Thomas Ravenscroft or Bretton, Flint

s. Sir Thomas (1577-1599) m. Elizabeth Venables
s. **John** (1579-1649) Son and heir (See below)
d. Mary m. Sir Francis Leigh of King's Newnham, Warks.

m. c1596, Elizabeth (d. c1600), wid Sir John Wolley and dau Sir William More of Loseley,
Surrey

m. 20 Oct 1600, Alice (d. 1637), wid Ferdinando Stanley, 5th Earl of Derby and dau Sir John
Spencer of Althorp.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Egerton, 1st Earl of Bridgewater KB, PC (1579 – 4 Dec 1649)

Son of Thomas Egerton, 1st Viscount Brackley and Elizabeth Ravenscroft. MP for Callington from 1597 to 1598, and MP for Shropshire in 1601. Knighted 8 Apr 1599, he was Baron of the Exchequer of Chester from 1599 to 1605. In 1603, Egerton was appointed Knight of the Order of the Bath and in 1605 he received a Master of Arts from the University of Oxford. Having succeeded to his father's titles in March 1617, he was created Earl of Bridgewater on 27 May 1617.

Egerton was sworn of the Privy Council in 1626. From 1605 to 1646, he was Custos Rotulorum (principal civil officer in the county) of Shropshire and from 1628 to 1649 Custos Rotulorum of Buckinghamshire. Between 1631 and 1634 he was Lord President of Wales and Lord Lieutenant of Wales and the Marches of Herefordshire, Monmouthshire, Shropshire and Worcestershire. Egerton died intestate and was buried in Little Gaddesden, Herts.

m. 27 Jun 1602, Frances (1583-1636), dau Ferdinando Stanley, 5th Earl of Derby and Lady Alice Spencer. [After Ferdinando died in Oct 1600, Alice married John's father Thomas.]

d. Elizabeth	(d. 1688)	m. David Cecil, 3 rd Earl of Exeter
d. Mary	(d. 1659)	m. Richard Herbert, 2 nd Baron Herbert of Chirbury
d. Frances	(d. 1664)	m. Sir John Hobart, 2 nd Bt
d. Alice	(d. 1689)	m. Richard Vaughan, 2 nd Earl of Carbery
d. Arabella	(d. 1669)	m. Oliver, 5 th Baron St John of Bletso
s. James	(1616-1620)	Viscount Brackley, died young
s. Charles	(d. 1623)	Viscount Brackley, died young
s. John	(1623-1686)	2 nd Earl of Bridgewater

John Egerton, 2nd Earl of Bridgewater PC (30 May 1623 – 26 October 1686)

He served as Lord Lieutenant of Buckinghamshire (1660–1686), Cheshire (1670–1676), Lancashire (1670–1676), and Hertfordshire (1681–1686), in addition to being invested as a Privy Councillor in 1679. He was buried in Little Gaddesden, Herts.

m. 1641, Elizabeth (1626-1663), dau William Cavendish, 1st Duke of Newcastle, and Elizabeth Basset.

s. John	(1646-1701)	3 rd Earl of Bridgewater
s. William	(b. 15 Aug 1649)	m. Honora Leigh
s. Thomas of Tatton Park,	ancestor of the Barons and Earls of Egerton	
s. Two more sons		
s. Charles		
d. Elizabeth	(24 Aug 1653 – 1709)	m. Robert Sidney, 4 th Earl of Leicester
d. Two other daughters		

John Egerton, 3rd Earl of Bridgewater (9 Nov 1646 – 19 Mar 1701)

He was a Whig politician and served as First Lord of Trade and as First Lord of the Admiralty. His eldest son from his first marriage, John Egerton, died as an infant, while his two elder sons from his second marriage, Charles Egerton, Viscount Brackley, and the Hon. Thomas Egerton, both died in the fire which destroyed Bridgewater House in London. Lord Bridgewater was succeeded by his eldest surviving son from his second marriage, the fourth Earl.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Knight of the Bath 1661, MP for Bucks 1685-86, Lord Lt of Bucks 1686-87 and 1689-1700, PC 1691, First Lord of Trade 1695-99, Speaker House of Lords 1697 and 1700, Lord Justice 1699 and 1701, First Lord of the Admiralty 1699-1701.

- m. 17 Nov 1664, Elizabeth (d. 3 Mar 1670), only dau and h of James Cranfield,
2nd Earl of Middlesex.
- s. John (11 Jan 1668 - 31 Mar 1670) dvp
- m. 2 Apr 1673, Jane (d. 23 May 1716), 1st dau Charles Paulet, 1st Duke of Bolton and Mary Cary, 1st illegit dau and co-hrss of Emmanuel Scrope, 1st Earl of Sunderland.
- s. Charles (7 May 1675 – 11 Apr 1687) dvp
- d. Mary (14 May 1676 – 11 Apr 1704, dsp)
- m. Feb 1703, William Byron, 4th Baron Byron
- s. Thomas (15 Aug 1679 – 11 Apr 1687) dvp
- s. Scroop (11 Aug 1681 – 11 Jan 1745)
4th Earl of Bridgewater and 1st Duke of Bridgewater
- s. William (b. 5 Nov 1684 - 1732), MP and soldier
- m. Anna-Maria, dau Sir George Saunders
- d. Jane m. Thomas Revel of Fetcham, Surrey
- d. Henrietta
- d. Anne m. Dr Thomas Russell of Hereford
- s. Rt Rev Henry (10 Feb 1689 - 1 Apr 1746), Bishop of Hereford
- m. 18 Dec 1720, Elizabeth Adriana, 2nd dau William Bentinck, 1st Earl of Portland
- s. Rt Rev John (30 Nov 1721 – 18 Dec 1787), Bishop of Durham
- s. Lt Col William (d. 26 Mar 1783)
- s. Rev Henry, Prebendary of Durham, dsp
- s. Lt Col Charles (d. 13 May 1793)
- s. Francis dsp
- d. Anne d. unkm
- s. John (d. c1707) A page to the Duke of Gloucester (d. unkm)
- d. Elizabeth (d. 18 Feb 1736)
- m. 6 May 1718, Thomas Catesby Paget (1689 – 4 Feb 1742, dvp)
- s. **Charles (d. 7 Nov 1725) MP**
- m. **Catherine** (c1695 – Jul 1735), dau Hon Francis Greville (the s & h of Fulke Greville, 5th Baron Brooke and Anne Baynton, widow of Henry Baynton, MP. Anne was dau of John Wilmot, 2nd Earl of Rochester.
- s. Scroop (d. 23 Apr 1767)
- m. Sarah Pope
- s. Scroop (d. Infant)
- s. Lt Dodington (dsp 12 Sep 1773, aged 24)
- d. Elizabeth m. Hayter of Salisbury
- s. **Dodington Egerton** (1722-1797) Gentleman of the Privy Chamber (dsp)

It is interesting to see that the Dodington name had passed down through the Greville family to the Egertons. Dodington Egerton was made one of the Gentlemen of the King's Privy Chamber in 1771. The gentlemen of the Privy chamber were servants to the Crown who would wait and attend on the King and Queen at court during their various activities, functions and entertainments. He died at Bath about 1797.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

The Estcourts and the Webbs

The Estcourts of Shipton Moyne, Gloucestershire and of Salisbury

Symon de la Estcourt d. 1372, Shipton Moyne
 m. Joanne FitzNicholls
 s. Richard
 s. Walter Simkins Alive in 1418 d. c1434
 m. Julian Greville
 s. John de la Estcourt d. bef 1438
 m. Alice (d. 1432), heiress of John de Bello Bosco, alias Beauboys of
 the manor of Edmonston and Fairwood in Dorset, and Beauboys Court
 in Shipton Moyne, Glos.
 s. John b. bef 1432 d. 1474
 m. Agnes
 s. **John de la Estcourt** See below
 s. William dsp
 m. Margaret
John de la Estcourt b. bef 1474 Alive in 1495
 m. Elizabeth Seymour (she was the sister of Roger and Humphrey Seymour)
 s. **Thomas** **b. c1486** Held Estcourt manor by 1507 d. bef 1530
 m. c1528, Catherine (b. 1500), dau Richard Ellyott, Sergeant at Law
 s. **Edmond Estcourt** See below
 m. Catherine, dau Richard Hall of Swarrford
 s. Walter

Edmund Estcourt d. 1569 Son and h of Thomas. Of Estcourt manor, Shipton Moyne.
 m. Praxeda/Praxid (1511-1580), dau of William Button of Alton Priors, Wilts.
 s. Richard b. 1532, Shipton Moyne d. Oct 1611, Long Newnton
 m. Anne or Agnes Wilcox (1535-1605)
 s. Edmund b. 1570 d. 1651, Long Newnton
 m. Jane (b. 1575), dau of Sir George Snigge (1545-1617)
 Had large family, possibly including 7 sons.
 d. Cecily
 d. Elizabeth
 d. Johanna
 s. John
 d. Joyce
 d. Mary
 m. Richard Gwenett
 Possibly 2 sons
 s. Richard
 s. Jasper
 m. Hester ?
 Possibly 3 sons and 1 daughter

 d. Anne b. 1538, Shipton Moyne d. Sep 1581, unnm
 d. Edith b. 1543, Shipton Moyne d. aft 1611

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. Richard Iles (c1540 – aft 1599)

d. Anne

d. Praxeda

s. Thomas Iles (d. 1663) of Tetbury, Glos

s. **Thomas** b. 1547 d. 13 Nov 1599 See below

m. Hanna [Emma] Ascough

s. **Giles** b. c1547 d.1587 See below

s. George b. 1551, Shipton Moyne d. bef 1611

m. Joane Steede b. 1555

d. Cecily

s. Edmund

m. Mary Bernard and had issue:

s. George

d. Several daughters

d. Emma

s. John

m. Grace Lyggon or Ligon

s. Edmund

d. Several other children

d. Marie

Thomas Estcourt b. 1547 d. 13 Nov 1599, Buried “in my Chapel at Shipton Moyne”

m. Hanna/Emma (b. 1551) Ascough

s. Sir Thomas b. c1570 d. 4 Jul 1624

Matriculated at Magdalen College, Oxford, on 29 Apr 1586, aged 16. Called to the bar at Gray's Inn in 1593, and became an Ancient of Gray's Inn on 11 Feb 1604. In 1607 he was High Sheriff of Gloucestershire. He was knighted on 6 Nov 1607. MP for Gloucestershire, 1624, but died later in that year.

m. Mary (b. 1587), dau of William Savage (1556-1616) of Elmeley Castle, Worcs.
and Ann Knottsford

s. Sir Thomas, and possibly others.

s. Edmund b. 1573, Shipton Moyne d. Tetbury, Glos

m. Mary dau of Richard Pattishall of Cricklade, Wilts., co-heiress

d. Mary

m. Francis Savage

d. Elizabeth

m. William Cox of Grey's [sic] Inn

m. Margaret dau of Thomas ffolliott of Pirton, Worcs.

s. Thomas

s. Edmund

s. Richard m. dau of Dobbins

d. Elizabeth m. John Hungerford of Cadnam, now Hants.

d. Anne m. John Latton of co. Berks.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- Giles Escourt b. 1547 d. 6 Jul 1587 Of Salisbury
Born at Escourt Manor, Shipton Moyne and educated at Lincolns Inn 1558, called to the Bar 1565.
Recorder of New Sarum and MP for that city 1563-1587. Purchased the College of St Edmund,
Salisbury in May 1576 and buried in St Edmund's Church 20 Apr 1587.
- m. 1570, **Elizabeth** (1536 – May 1602), dau William Webb (1470-1554) of the parish of St Thomas,
Salisbury, and his wife Catherine Abarough (1472-1553). Elizabeth was the widow of Robert
Rogers, Esq. (1520-1555) of Poole, Dorset by whom she had at least 3 sons and 3 daughters.
Elizabeth was bur at St Edmund's 8 Apr 1602
- s. **Sir Edward Estcourt** of the City of Salisbury b. 1574 bur 15 Sep 1608
m. 1595, Mary (b. 4 Apr 1575 - d. 3 Oct 1604), dau Sir John Glanville and widow of
Sir Francis Godolphin
- d. Alice bap 15 Jul 1599 d. 1660
m. 24 Dec 1622, Sir William Master (1594-1662) of Cirencester
Abbey. Married at Shipton Moyne
Had at least 4 sons and 3 daughters
- s. **Sir Giles** bap 1601 See below
- s. Edward bap 5 Oct 1602 d. 4 Feb 1630, dsp
- d. Elizabeth bur 26 Feb 1600
- d. Mary bap 27 Jul 1600
m. 1621, Anthony, heir of Richard Daston of Wormington, Glos.
- d. Honora b. c1576 d. aft May 1602
m. Thomas (d.3 Feb 1587), son of Sir Giles Mompesson
Had 3 sons and 4 daughters
m. John **or Thomas** Harding (High Constable of Salisbury, 1623)
- d. Barbara b. c1574
m. Andrew Pell (c1570- aft 1602)
- d. Mary
m. James Thurbarne of New Romney, Kent
- Sir Giles Escourt, 1st Bt bap 1 Nov 1601 d. 17 Nov 1668, Long Newnton, Glos.
Matric Wadham Coll, Oxford in 1618, Studied at Lincoln's Inn 1618, knighted 6 Dec 1622, created
Baronet 17 Mar 1627. MP for Cirencester 1628-1629
- m. c1642, Anne (b. 1621 - bur 6 Jul 1655), dau Sir Robert Mordaunt (c1593-1638) of Little
Massingham and Amy Southerton (c1599-1668)
- d. Amy b. 8 Mar 1648 d. 17 Dec 1696 bur 22 Dec 1696
She succeeded to the manors of Long Newton and Rollestone when her brother
Sir William died.
- m. 22 Jan 1673, Alexander Haddon, Esq
- s. Charles named son and heir, dvp
- s. Sir Giles, 2nd Bt b. 6 Apr 1653 d. 1675, unm.
- s. Sir William, 3rd Bt b. 16 May 1654
Killed 14 Nov 1684 in a Tavern bur 22 Nov 1684, unm
- d. Grace b. and d. Jul 1655, the twin of sister Anne below.
- d. Anne b. 2 Jul 1655 d. 14 Nov 1704, unm. bur 18 Nov 1704

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Anne succeeded her sister Amy in 1696. Bequeathed manor and advowson of Long Newton and manor of Rollestone, with lands at Shrewton to distant cousin Edmund Estcourt of Burton Hill, Malmesbury the younger brother of Walter Estcourt of Estcourt, Esq.

The Webbs of Odstock

Much of the family lineage in this section is taken from the *WEBBE of Odstock, Wiltshire* website, which used extracts from *Descendants of William Webbe (c1466-1523) Researched by Richard J Cornwell*.

William Webbe (c1466 – Jul 1523), alias Kellowe of Salisbury, Wilts.

He was a prosperous cloth merchant in Salisbury, and served as Constable of New Sarum (Salisbury) 1488, Mayor 1495, 1512, 1514, 1522; member of Parliament 1504 and 1510. He made his will 13 July 1523, and it was proved 14 Aug 1523.

m. Joan Ewen (bur 1517, St Thomas's, Salisbury), wid of a Mr Stone, Esq.

s. **William Webbe** (c1499-1554) See below

m. Catharine Aborrow

s. Sir John (c1513) Had a dau Elizabeth bap 1 Nov 1530

s. Hugh (c1515), alias Henry Webb of Wokingham, Surrey

d. Cecily Webb (c1517)

m. Thomas White of Poole, Dorset

Had at least 3 children

m. aft 1517 (d. c1520), Edith, wid of Robert Long of Steeple Ashton

m. aft 1520, Joan Willington

NB. He had other issue as mentioned in his will, proved on 13 Jul 1553, including a daughter who married a John Stone. It is not clear as to which wives the children belong other than William.

William Webbe (c1499-1554) Merchant of Salisbury, Wilts.

Chief beneficiary and sole Executor of his father William Webbe (c1466-1523) and only son of his first marriage. Mayor of New Sarum in 1533 and 1534. He acquired the manor of Odstock in 1540, and considerable property in Hampshire and Cornwall, and served in Parliament in 1529 and 1536. His will was proved on 22 Feb 1554.

m. 1530, Catharine (b. 1511), dau of Sir John Abarrow, a fellow merchant of Salisbury.

s. **John** b. c1530 d. 1571 See below

m. dau of William Towerson

m. Anne Wylford

s. William b. c1532 d. 15 Apr 1585

m. c1559, Katharine (c1537 - 10 Oct 1607), dau of George Tourney (1515-1547) of Motcombe, Dorset

Had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters.

d. Alice b. 1534 d. aft 1568

m. Thomas Bingley (d. 1568), Mayor of Poole, Dorset

s. William

d. Katherine

m. John Rogers

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. John

d. Joan
d. Amy
d. Ann
d. Cicele

d. **Elizabeth** b. 1536 d. May 1602

m. Robert Rogers (1520-1555)

Possibly 3 sons and 3 daughters

m. 1570, **Giles Escourt** (See Escourt family)

1 son and 3 daughters

d. Jane b. c1538 d. 1607

m. 3 Jun 1548, Rev. Matthew de Havelande (1527-1572), Rector of Poole, Dorset

Had 2 sons and 4 daughters

d. Anne b. 1540

1554, betrothed to Edward Courteys who died before they were married.

d. Catherine b. 1542

m. c1576, Anthony Abarrow

Had at least 2 sons and 1 daughter

John Webb (c1530-1571), of Odstock Manor. d. 1 Feb 1571

Born the first son of William Webbe of Salisbury and Katherine Abarough (alias Catherine Abarrow). John was baptised 17 Oct 1530 at St Thomas, Salisbury. He was Mayor of New Sarum (Salisbury) 1561, Member of Parliament 1559. Lived at Odstock.

m. A dau (d. 1555) of William Towerson

s. John Died in infancy

m. c1555, Anne (1507-1579) dau Nicholas Wylford (1476-1551) of Salisbury & London

s. **John Webbe** b. c1556 d. 1626 See below

m. Edith Falconer

m. Catherine Tresham

s. William b. c1557 d. 1632 Of Tidpit, Martin, and New Street, Salisbury

m. Joan White

d. Anne b. 1558

s. John b. 1560 d. 27 Jan 1632

m. Mary Brune of St Giles-in-the-Field, London

d. Elizabeth b. 1562

m. 1 Nov 1580, Thomas Seymour

d. Alice (d.10 Jun 1632) m. Robert Cage of London

d. Jane

d. Catherine

Sir John Webb (1556-1625) b. 1556 Knighted 14 Mar 1604 d. 26 Feb 1625

First son of John Webb (1530-1571), he was born in Odstock. The principal estate in the civil parish of Odstock was Longford, held from 1327 to 1574 by the Cervington family. The last member of that family to hold the manor was John Cervington, who lost his fortune through gambling and mortgaged his estate to Sir John Webb, of Odstock manor, who foreclosed on the debt. The manor of

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Longford was acquired by Thomas Gorges in 1578 (knighted 1586) who was responsible for the building of the Castle to designs by the architect John Thorpe. (See the Gorges family)

In 1596, **Thomas Escourt** (d. 1599) and his son **Sir Thomas Escourt** (d. 1624), conveyed the manor of Hamptwoth to this **John Webb** (d.1625) of Odstock, nephew of **Giles Escourt** through marriage to his aunt **Elizabeth Webb**. Hamptwoth manor then passed down the generations of the Webb family.

m. c.1569, Edith (b. 1543), dau and co-heir of William Faulconer of Laverstock by Jane his wife, dau of Henry Uvedalte of Morecritchill, Dorset.

No children of this marriage.

m. c.1585, Catherine (28 Dec 1566 – 26 Feb 1628), 4th dau of Sir Thomas Tresham (1543-1605) of Rushton, Northampton, by Muriel his wife, dau of Sir Robert Throckmorton of Coughton Court, Warwickshire. Catherine was killed when the old Blackfriars Church in London collapsed during a sermon. Her brother Francis Tresham was one of the conspirators in the Gunpowder Plot.

s. Thomas b. 12 Jan 1588 d.1680

m. 23 Jul 1620, Elizabeth (b. 1602), dau of William Saunders (b. c1579)

Had at least 2 sons and 2 daughters

s. William b. c1590 Major General under Charles I

d. Frances b. c1592

m. Phillip Kemp (b. c1590)

s. Edward b. c1594 d. 1616, unkm

s. **John** b. c1595 d. 1680 See below

d. Mary b. c1596 d. 1656

General Sir John Webb (c.1595-1680) 1st Bt.

In 1619 John Webb was admitted to Gray's Inn and became a General in the army. He was made a Baronet of Odstock and Great Canford on 2 Apr 1644 for services to Charles I.

Possible unmarried relationship with Mary Gardiner (b. 12 May 1590), dau of Sir Robert Gardiner (c1550-1591) of Suffolk

s. William b. c1610

d. Shirley b. c1612

s. Gardiner b. 1614

d. Ursula b. 1616 Possibly m. Sir William Hewett (b. c1615)

m. c1616, Mary (c1598-1661), 2nd daughter of Sir John Carryl of Harting, Sussex, and his wife the Hon Mary Dormer. They lived in Odstock

s. Sir **John Webbe** 2nd Bt (c1617 – 29 Oct 1700),

m. c1652, Mary (1635 - 29 May 1709), wid of Richard Draycot (dsp), dau and heir of John Blomer of Hatherop Castle, Glos., by his wife Hon Frances Browne, 6th dau of Anthony Browne, 2nd Viscount Montagu by his wife Lady Jane Sackville, 2nd dau. of Thomas Sackville, 1st Earl of Dorset.

d. Mary (c1653 – 31 Oct 1714)

m. Charles Gerrard (b. c1649), Lord Gerrard of Bromley

s. **John** (c1655-1745) 3rd Bt, See below

m. Barbara Belasyse (c1660-28 Mar1740).

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. Helena Moore (c1655-19 Jun 1771)
s. Thomas b. 1617 d. 1686
m. c1642, Elizabeth Woodhouse (b. c1615)
s. William b. c1621 d. Sep 1668, unm
d. Mary b. c1622 dvp
m. c1655, William Ireland (b. c1633)
s. Peter b. c1623 d. unm
d. Catherine b. c1627 became a nun
d. Frances b. c1629 became a nun
d. Elizabeth b. c1631 became a nun
d. Anne b. c1633 became a nun

Sir John Webb (c1655 - Oct 1745), 3rd Bt The only son and heir of Sir John Webb, 2nd Bt.
Sir John died at Aix-la-Chapelle in Oct 1745 and was succeeded by his only surviving son Thomas.

m. c1690, Hon Barbara (c.1660 - 28 Mar 1740), 2nd dau and co-heiress of John Belasyse, 1st Baron Belasyse of Worlaby, by his third wife Lady Anne, only child by his second wife of John Paulet, 5th Marquess of Winchester.

s. John b. c1700 d. 9 Mar 1745, dvp
m.. c1725, Marbella (c1702 - Sep 1727), 3rd dau and coh of Sir Henry Joseph Tichborne, 4th Bt of Tichborne, Hants., and his wife Mary, dau of Anthony Kemp of Slindon, Sussex
d. Mary
d. Barbara Mabella (1726-1770)
m. Sep 1747, Sir Edward Hales, 5th Bt of Woodchurch, Essex
m. Anne or Elizabeth (b. c1714), dau Henry Roper, 8th Baron Teynham

s. **Thomas, 4th Bt** b. c1691 d. 29 Jun 1763 See below
d. Anna Maria b. c1693 d. 19 Aug 1723
m. 10 Jul 1712, James Radclyffe (1689-1716), 3rd Earl of Derwentwater
Had at least 1 son and 1 daughter
d. Mary bap 20 May 1686 d. 22 Jan 1719
m. 20 May 1714, James Waldegrave (1684-1741), 1st Earl Waldegrave
Had 2 sons and 1 daughter
d. Barbara b. c1690 d. 24 Sep 1767
m. 28 Jul 1720, Anthony Browne (1686-1767), 6th Viscount Montagu
May have had 4 sons and at least 1 daughter
d. Winifred b. c1691
m. c1720, William Frankland of Richmond
d. Bridget b. c1702 d. 1727

m. aft 1740, Helen (b. c1722), dau of Sir Richard Moore (1693-1737), 3rd Bt., of Fawley, co. Hertford, by his wife Anastasia Aylward (1697-c1742), dau and co-heiress of John Aylward of London.

There were no children of this marriage.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Sir Thomas Webb (c1691-1763), 4th Bt. Second son of Sir John Webb, 3rd Bt
Sir Thomas died 29 Jun 1763 and was succeeded by his son John, 5th Bt.
m. c1721, Anne (c1695 - 7 Oct 1777), dau and co-heiress of William Gibson, of Welford,
Northampton. An alternative source says that he married Anne the daughter and co-heiress of
Thomas Gybson of Welford, Hants. Whichever, they had issue:
s. **Sir John Webb**, 5th Bt. b. c1723 See below
s. Joseph of Welford, Northampton b. c1724 d. bef Apr 1797
m. c1756, Mary (c1728 - 17 Mar 1770), dau. of John White, of Canford, Dorset
s. Sir Thomas Webb, 6th Bt. b. c1775 d. 26 Mar 1823
m. 14 Mar 1799, Hon Frances Charlotte, dau Charles Dillon, 12th
Viscount Dillon by his wife Hon Henrietta Maria Phipps
s. Sir Henry Webb, 7th Bt.
b. 27 Apr 1806 d. 19 Aug 1874
On his death, baronetcy became extinct.
m. 11 Jul 1822, Martha Matilda (d. 16 Sep 1826), wid Gustavus
Hamilton, 5th Viscount Boyne, dau of Sir Quaile Somerville, 2nd Bt

s. Joseph b. c1756 d. young and unm
d. Anne Webb b. 14 Feb 1763 d. 3 Aug 1861, dsp
m. 30 Jun 1789, Anthony James Radclyffe, 5th Earl of Newburgh.

Sir John Webb (c1723-1797), 5th Bt d. Apr 1797
Eldest son of Sir Thomas Webb (d. 1763), 4th Bt. Sir John Webb was one of the greatest landowners
in England.
m. c1760, Mary (d. 1782 & buried in Louvaine), 1st daughter of Thomas Salvin,
of Easingwold, co. York, by his wife Mary, dau of Edward Talbot.
d. Barbara b. c1762 d. 5 Oct 1819
m. 17 Jul 1786, Anthony Ashley Cooper, 5th Earl of Shaftesbury.
Numerous issue all of whom died young except –
d. Barbara
m. William Francis Ponsonby

m. Helen, 3rd daughter of Sir Richard Moore, 3rd Bt of Fawley, Bucks.
They had no issue.

Having no legitimate male issue, and being displeased with the marriage of his only brother Joseph Webb, he cut the entail of the family estates. Sir John had a number of illegitimate children, and although he bequeathed the more important of his possessions to his only legitimate daughter Barbara, afterwards Countess of Shaftesbury, he devised Raskelf Manor and his other Yorkshire estates to a natural son, James Webb. James died unmarried, and the manor descended to his nephew Colonel William Frederick Webb, D.L., of Newstead Abbey, Sheriff of Nottinghamshire in 1865, eldest son of Frederick Webb. This would imply that Frederick Webb was another of Sir John's illegitimate sons.



A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Frederick Webb (1790-1846) d. 4 Feb 1846 Of Westwick, Co. Durham and Hamptworth
Youngest son of Sir John Webb (c1740-1797), 5th Bt and mistress Elizabeth McNight
All five children were born in Brighton whilst Frederick was equerry to the Duke of Sussex, but other than that period he spent much of his life in France where he owned a country house.

m. 1821, Mary (1795 - 28 Aug 1860), dau of Charles Sheil and Elizabeth Charlotte Gore.
Beautiful East Window in St Andrew's Church, Landford, is dedicated to the memory of Mary Webb. Probably subscribed by her son William Frederick Webb.

d. Augusta Maria b. 31 May 1822

s. Frederick b. 8 Aug 1823

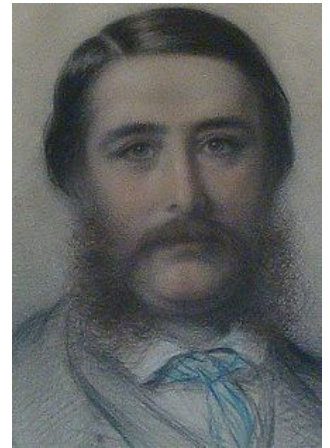
d. Cecilia Charlotte bap 20 Jun 1827

m. William Wyndham Codrington (d. 1905) of Wroughton, Wilts.

s. William Frederick (dsp 1947)

s. William Frederick (Mar 1829-Feb 1899) Of Cowton & Newstead

Educated at Eton, had a short career in the 17th Lancers.
Spent time big game hunting in Africa. Local magistrate
and High Sheriff of Nottingham 1865. Inherited estates in
Yorks, Lincs and Durham. Contracted laryngitis. Buried
Luxor, Egypt.



NB. His daughter Geraldine married Herbert Chermiside who had a sister Mabel. Mabel m. Alfred Morrison, brother of George Morrison who purchased Hamptworth Lodge estate from Robert Duncombe Shafto (d. 1889) in 1870. Also, Morrison's sister Lucy m. George Moffatt, whose son Harold inherited the Hamptworth estate.

m. 15 Jul 1857, Emilia Jane (c1835 – 28 Dec 1889, aged 55), dau Thomas Mills Goodlake of Wadley, at Westwick, Durham. She died in Cape Town, South Africa.
First two sons died young and youngest son Major Roderick Beauclerk Webb died without issue. This line of the Webb family died with him.

s. Wilfred b. 1858 d. Aug 1858, infant

d. Augusta Zelia b. c1859

m. 1889, Philip Affleck Fraser (4 Aug 1845 – 1918)

d. Phyllis Mary b. c1890

d. Violet b. c1892

s. Charles Ian

d. Geraldine Catherine b. 1860 d. 1910 without issue

m. 1899, Lt-Gen Sir Herbert Chermiside (1850-1929), Governor of Queensland, Australia from 1902-1904.

s. They had a stillborn son on 9 Oct 1902, Brisbane

d. Ethel Mary b. 1863

d. Mabel Cecelia b. 1864

s. Algernon Frederick b. 13 May 1865 d. 27 Apr 1884

s. Roderick Beauclark b. 3 Mar 1867 d. 27 Jul 1916

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors



Emigrated to Australia in 1894. Returned to England in 1914 and inherited the family home of Newstead Abbey when his sister died in Feb 1915. Enlisted in the 25th Battalion (Legion of Frontiersmen) Royal Fusiliers. He was wounded in the attack upon Bukoba on Lake Victoria 23/24 June 1915. Died of heart failure the following year on 27 Jul 1916, aged 49. Heart condition possibly congenital, as his father and two sisters all succumbed to the disease. He is buried in Dar Es Salaam War Cemetery, Tanzania. On his death the Newstead estates passed to his only remaining sister Augusta (Fraser) of Kirkhill, Inverness, Scotland. (See above)

m. 23 Oct 1907, Lilian Teresa Wilson (23 May 1880 – 22 Dec 1970)
They were married at Warwick, Queensland, Australia, and she died in Brisbane.

s. Cpt. Augustus Frederick Cavendish b. 1832 d. 6 Nov 1854, Scutari

The Girdlestone Family

An ancestral family tree is given at the end of this section on the Girdlestone family.

Rev Henry Girdlestone (1785-1871)

Rector of St Andrew's Church, Landford from 1833 to 1871, whence he resigned due to ill health and was succeeded by his youngest son Francis Gurney Girdlestone (1833-1884). He died soon after on 1 February 1871 at the Rectory, Landford.

Born on 11 Sep 1785 in Wells-next-the-Sea, Norfolk, the first son of Henry John Girdlestone and Ann Bolton, the sister of Thomas Bolton (1752-1834). He was educated at Trinity College, Cambridge and on 27 Dec 1811 at West Bradenham, Norfolk, he married Elizabeth Anne Bolton (1790-1861), who was his first cousin and the daughter of Thomas Bolton (1752-1834) and Susannah Nelson (1755-1813).

Susannah Nelson was a younger sister of Horatio Nelson, later Admiral Lord Nelson. Her son, Thomas Bolton (1786-1835), succeeded to the title and earldom on the death of his uncle William Nelson, becoming the 2nd Earl Nelson. He married Frances Elizabeth Eyre of Brickworth, later Countess Nelson of Landford. Consequently, Henry Girdlestone was the brother-in-law of the 2nd Earl Nelson and not surprisingly appointed to the benefice of Landford which was in the gift of the Eyre family.

Further details of the life of the Rev Henry Girdlestone are given in *Part 8 – Church of St Andrews and the Rectory*. The children of Henry Girdlestone and Elizabeth Anne Bolton are given in the family tree below.

Henry Girdlestone (1814-1895)

Born in Hethersett, Norfolk on 30 Oct 1814, the first son of Henry Girdlestone (1785-1871) and Elizabeth Anne Bolton (1790-1861). From the 1871 census for Landford he was a qualified Surgeon

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

(MRCS London) and his marital status was widower. Other records show that he was married on 23 Apr 1846 to Caroline Warren Pigot who apparently died in 1848.

In November 1871 he emigrated to Australia, landing at Moreton Bay, Queensland in February 1872. His intended second wife Eliza Mason (1851-1934) joined him six months later and they were married on 12 Jul 1872 at Warwick, Queensland. They had four sons and two daughters.

Initially he practiced as a Doctor in Warwick until he was appointed Government medical officer at Goondiwindi, where he remained till 1885. He then relocated to Sandgate, and made himself much loved by taking part in all matters for the good of the town. He was for years the treasurer of the local School of Arts, and when from old age he had to resign, he was elected a life member. He was one of the oldest Freemasons in the colony, having been a member of the craft for over sixty-two years.

Henry Girdlestone died 22 Jan 1895 in Brisbane, Queensland, and was buried on 23 Jan 1895 in the cemetery at Sandgate, Bald Hills, Brisbane, Queensland, Australia. His death was due to Oedema. He was unable to carry on his practice for about two years before his death, and for the last seven months was completely laid aside. Great sympathy was shown to the family in their bereavement.

Nelson Girdlestone (Henry's Brother) was Secretary of the Harbour Board Commissioners, Port Elizabeth, South Africa and following Henry's death, his family moved to Durban, Natal State, South Africa in about 1905/06.

The children of Henry Girdlestone and Eliza Mason are given in the family tree below.

Horatio Girdlestone (1819-1894) MD

Born in Hethersett, Norfolk at the end of 1819 and Christened on 9 Feb 1820, was the son of Henry Girdlestone (1785-1871) and Elizabeth Anne Bolton (1790-1861). He married Ellen Catherine Bolton (c.1817-1891) on 12 Dec 1844 in Norfolk. They had five sons and three daughters.

According to the 1841 census, he was living at the Rectory, Landford and his occupation was given as Medical Student. Following qualification (MRCS) and then his marriage in 1844 he took up a position as General Practitioner in Albion Street, Stoke upon Trent, Staffs, prior to 1851. The 1861 census shows that he had further qualified as MD (St Andrews University) and MRCSL and was still a GP, now practising at London Road, Wangford, Suffolk.

By 1871 he had further qualified as LACL (not practising) and living at The Hurst, Andover, Hants. The 1881 census lists him as a retired Doctor (MD) living at Burnford House, Bramshaw. By 1891 he was living at Woodend, Lymington, Hants and his wife died that the same year. He passed away on 2 Apr 1894.

Rev Francis Gurney Girdlestone (1833-1884)

Born in 1833 in Earlham, Norfolk. He remained unmarried and died on 28th November 1884 at the age of 51 years. In 1858 his father the Rector being then in his 74th year and in ill health, requested Francis to take charge of the Parish and he was licensed as "Curate" to the Parish. After 13 years curate in charge, he became Rector of St Andrew's Church, Landford, following the death of his father in April 1871 and remained in post until his death in 1884.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Ancestry information regarding the Girdlestone family is mainly gathered from family search and Wikipedia websites.

Father of Richard below was born c1550 and his mother c1554. Had at least 3 sons & 1 daughter

Richard Girdlestone (1571-1628) of Kelling, Norfolk
m. 1601, Elizabeth (b. c1580) of Thornage, Norfolk
Had at least 3 sons including **Thomas** below and 2 daughters,

Thomas Girdlestone (1604-1643) of Thornage, Norfolk
m. 1631, Elizabeth (b. c1609) Pyle of Thornage, Norfolk
Had at least 5 sons, including **Richard** below.

Richard Girdlestone (1634-1710) of Thornage, Norfolk
m. 1656, Palgrave (b. c1635) from Thornage, Norfolk
Had at least 5 sons (one died in infancy) including **John** below and 1 daughter.

John Girdlestone (1662-1719)
m. 1707, Sara (1684-1750), dau of Charles Foord (b. c1660) & Abijah Gindler (b. c1664)
Had at least 6 sons and 2 daughters, including their 5th son **Henry** below

Henry Girdlestone (1717-1788)
m. 23 Sep 1749, Margaret (1721-1793), dau of Thomas Cooper (b. c1700) and
Anne Withers (b. c1698)
Had at least 7 sons and 11 daughters, including second son **Henry John** below.
One son and one daughter include the name Nelson. *Is there a previous family connection?*

Henry John Girdlestone (1745-1805)
m. 1783, Ann (1753-1841), dau of **Samuel Bolton** (1733-1776) and Anne Minter. See above.
Children of this marriage included the following.
s. **Henry** See below
s. Charles b. 1789, Hethersett, Norfolk
m. Charlotte Hitch (1803-1886)
Had at least 3 sons and 1 daughter
s. William Bolton b. c1800 bap 15 May 1816, Burnham Westgate, Norwich
m. 1 Apr 1827, Eloise Hitch (b. c1802)
Had at least 3 sons and 4 daughters

Rev Henry Girdlestone (1785-1871) b. 11 Sep 1785 d. 1 Feb 1871
m. **Elizabeth Anne**, dau of **Thomas Bolton** and **Susannah Nelson** (See families above)
s. **Henry (1814-1895)** See below
m. 23 Apr 1846, Caroline Warren Pigot (?-1848) of Notts.
m. 5 Nov 1868, Louisa Graves
m. 12 Jul 1872, Eliza Mason (1851-1934) See details below
s. William Bolton (1816-1865) Attorney and Solicitor
b. 1816 in Hethersett d. 1865 at Eastgate House, Burnham, Norfolk.
m. 1846, Frances Caroline Damant (1817-1892) of the Isle of Wight
s. Thomas Bolton

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- b. 29 Jul 1817 bap 7 Oct 1817 d. 17 Oct 1842, Wilts.
d. Elizabeth Ann
 b. 1818 in Hethersett, d. 1902 in Reigate, Surrey.
s. Horatio MD
 b. 12 Dec 1819 in Hethersett bap 9 Feb 1820 d. 2 Apr 1894, Lymington.
 m. 1844, Ellen Catherine Bolton (c.1817-1891) in Norfolk
d. Ann Nelson
 b. 15 Oct 1822 in Hethersett bap 16 Nov 1822 d. 9 May 1842, Wilts.
s. Charles
 b. 1823 in Earlham, Norwich d. 1886.
 m. Lily Chads.
s. George
 b. 1824 in Norfolk bap 24 Oct 1824 d. 1864.
 m. Laura Damant (c.1831-?)
s. Nelson
 b. 24 Jan 1826 in Earlham, Norwich bap 12 Mar 1826 d. 4 Mar 1912 at
 2 Devonshire Terrace, Ventnor, Isle of Wight.
 m. 3 Jul 1851, Caroline Warner Furlonge (1825-?)
s. Edmund
 b. 28 Jun 1827 bap 29 Jul 1827 d. 14 Mar 1842 and buried at
 Winchester College, Hants.
s. Maurice Nelson Army Officer
 b. 25 Feb 1829 in Earlham, Norwich bap 12 Apr 1829 d. 28 Mar 1912
 on the Isle of Wight.
 m. 2 Jun 1863, Katherine Alice Linklater (1844-1929) at Christ Church,
 Streatham, London
d. Susannah Catherine
 b. 1830 d. 1830.
s. Francis Gurney
 b. 1833 in Earlham, Norwich bap 5 May 1833 d. 28 Nov 1884, Landford.
- Henry Girdlestone (1814-1895) b. 30 Oct 1814, Hethersett, Norfolk d. 22 Jan 1895, Brisbane
 A qualified Surgeon who emigrated to Queensland, Australia.
 m. 23 Apr 1846, Caroline Warren Pigot (d. 1848)
 m. 5 Nov 1868, Louisa Graves
 m. 12 Jul 1872, Elizabeth Ann (1851-1934)
 d. Maud Alice b. 13 May 1873
 m. Anthony Cockburn
s. Henry James b. 5 May 1874 d. 17 Feb 1932
 m. Louisa Bond
 s. Henry Claude Nelson Girdlestone (1922-2014)
d. Mabel Eveline b. 14 Feb 1876
 m. John Arthur Ashworth
 s. Frederick Henry John b. 1906
 d. Ashworth b. 1908
s. Nelson Bolton b. 5 Mar 1877
 m. Jessie Walter Dear
s. Maurice Nelson b. 18 Feb 1881 d. 1 Jan 1959

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. Ada Annie Wright
s. Francis George b. 18 Feb 1881 d. 1951 in Sydney, Australia
m. 1910, Fanny Leontine Driver
s. Henry John b. 24 Aug 1911
s. Cedric Oxenham Nelson b. 24 Oct 1913

Sir Thomas (1536-1610) and Sir Edward (c1582-c1650) Gorges

Family information gathered from www.tudorplace.com.ar/GORGES, parish records and Family Search.

Sir Edmund Gorges (1454-c1511)

He was in ward as a minor to his eventual father-in-law, John Howard, Lord of the Manor of Wraxall. In 1489 he was made Knight of the Bath at the creation of Arthur, Prince of Wales, son of Henry VII. Sheriff of Somerset, 5 Nov 1495.

m. Anne (b. 1446), dau John Howard, 1st Duke of Norfolk & Catherine de Molleyns
s. **Sir Edward** b. 1481 d. 1566 See below
s. John
s. William
 s. Sir William b. 1514 d. 2 Jun 1589, Alderton, Northants.
 m. Cecelia (b. c1537), dau Thomas Sparchford
 d. Frances (1560-1638)
 m. 1582, Sir Thomas Hesilrige (1563-1630)
 Had 7 sons and 6 daughters
d. Margaret
 m. c1505, John, son of John Newton & Isobel Cheddar
 s. Sir John (c1505-1568) or Hawtrey
 m. Margaret Poyntz
m. Joan (d. 1506), dau of John Hampton
s. Edward
s. Walter

m. Joan (d. 1524), dau of Thomas Copstone

Sir Edward Gorges (1481-1566) of Wraxall, Somerset b. 1481 d. 11 Feb 1566
Sheriff for Somerset 17 Nov 1514 and 9 Nov 1529. Knighted at the battle of Flodden Field on 9 Sep 1513. He was a member of the jury that indicted the Duke of Buckingham for treason.

m. Mary Newton
s. Edmund b. c1512 d. 31 Mar 1558
First son and heir. Braunton Gorges was settled on marriage, but Edmund never succeeded to Wraxall as he died about 8yrs before his father who died in 1566
m. Anne, dau Sir John Walsh of Little Sodbury, Glos & Anne Poyntz
Had 7 sons and 5 daughters

m. Mary (c1500- bef 1565), dau of Sir Anthony Poyntz and Elizabeth Huddesfield
s. Ferdinando d. 1568

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- m. ?
 - s. Ferdinando d. 1598, taken prisoner and died in Spain
- s. Cpt Nicholas R.N., MP b. 1512 d. 1594, Alderton, Northants
 - m. c1540, Mary Poole (b. c1520)
 - m. 1 Jul 1588, Mary (1566-1603), dau Sir Francis Southwell and Barbara Spencer
- s. Sir William of Charlton b. c1518 d. Dec 1584
 - m. Winifred (1548-1599), dau Roger Budockshede & Frances Champernowne
 - Had at least 4 sons and 1 daughter, Elizabeth
- d. Elizabeth b. c1520
 - m. c1540, John (1519-1572), son of Richard Wake & Dorothy Dyve
 - Had at least 5 sons and 5 daughters
- d. Frances b. c1520
- d. Jane b. c1524 d. 13 Nov 1591, Hanslope, Bucks
 - m. c1545, John Ashe (1520-1561)
 - d. Jane Ashe
 - m. 1566, Robert Stafford or Stanford (1501-1574)
 - s. William Stanford
- s. Edmund b. 1526
- d. Maria b. c1526
 - m. 1528, John Morgan (b. c1513)
- s. Sir **Thomas** b. 1536 d. 30 Mar 1610 See below

Sir Thomas Gorges (1536 – 1610) MP Knighted in 1586 d. 30 Mar 1610, bur Salisbury Cathedral
He was the 5th son of Sir Edward Gorges of Wraxall, Somerset, brother of Nicholas the 3rd son.

m. 1576, Helena (c1549 – 1 Apr 1635), dau of Ulf Henrikson von Snakenborg, dowager
Marchioness of Northampton, widow of William Parr, 1st Marquis of Northampton.

- s. Francis b. c1577, B.A. in 1596
- d. Elizabeth b. Jun 1578 d. 1 Feb 1659
 - m. Hugh Smythe
 - m. 28 Sep 1629, Sir Ferdinando Gorges
- s. **Edward** b. c1582 d. c1650 See below
- s. Sir Theobald b. 1583 d. 1647
 - m. c1611, Ann, dau of Sir Henry Poole of Sapperton, Glos
 - d. Helena b. c1612 d. 1663
 - m. 1642, John Scrope
 - Had 2 sons, John and Gorges Scrope
 - m. Thomas Parr
 - m. Thomas Jeffreys
 - m. William Forster
 - m. 2 Feb 1645, Anne Gage
- d. Bridget Parr b. c1582
 - m. Robert Phelipes
 - Had at least 2 sons and 5 daughters
- s. Robert b. 1588 d. 1648
 - m. Mary Harding
 - s. Thomas (b. 1613) m. Margaret Poyntz
 - s. Charles (b. c1620) m. Joan Colet

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

d. Frances Parr b. 1589
 m. c1610, Sir Thomas Tyringham of Little Langford, Wilts
s. Thomas b. 1589 d. aft 1624

Sir Edward Gorges (c.1582-c.1650) Knighted 9 Apr 1603, Bt of Longford 25 Nov 1611
 Created Baron Gorges of Dundalk on 13 Jul 1620
m. 3 Jul 1605, Katherine, dau & h Sir Robert Osborne of Kelmarsh, wid Edward Haselwood
 Aged 52 when she died

d. Katherine
 m. Sir Robert Dillington, Bt
s. Thomas
d. Margaret d. 1679
 m. 26 Dec 1630, Sir Thomas Fleming of North Stoneham, Hants (1st cousin of Oliver Cromwell)
 m. Sir Francis Prujean, MD
 m. Sir John Maynard, MP
s. Edward Bap 1612, Britford bur 18 Dec 1628, Britford (2nd son)
d. Helena
 m. John Gibbon (properties in Yorks, Lincs and Notts)
d. Bridget
 m. Rev Ezechiel Johnson (she was his 3rd wife)
s. Richard 2nd Baron b. c1619 d. 27 Sep 1712 (3rd and only surviving son)
 m. c1654, Bridget, dau Sir Henry Kingsmill of Sydmonton, Hants
 d. Sara bap 1642, Alderbury
 s. Thomas d. bef 1712 dvp
s. Francis
d. Marie bap 1623, Britford d. bef 1662, USA
 m. Cpt Andrew Newcomb
 s. Lt Andrew Newcomb
d. Mary (youngest dau) Died at The Hague at the year of the Restoration
s. Theobald

m. Jane Throxtton or Livingston, wid of Sir John Livingston,
 dau of Richard Sproxtoune of Wakefield

s. ?
d. Dorothy (b. c1621)
 m. 1641, Charles, 2nd Lord Stanhope of Harington

The Greathead family Family details taken from *Greathead one-name study*

John Greathead (d.1739)

John and his wife Frances emigrated to Montserrat in the late 1600's before moving to St Kitts and Nevis where he purchased 200 acres of land from the Crown at £5/acre outside the capital town of Basseterre. At some point he became Speaker to the Council of St Christopher.

m. Frances ?

 d. Mary b. 20 Sep 1708 d. 1789 in Guy's Cliffe, Warwick
 s. Samuel b. 24 Jan 1709 d. 24 Jan 1709

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Samuel b. 7 Mar 1710 d. 2 Aug 1765
 Of Guy's Cliffe, Warwick. MP for Coventry in 1747-1761
 m. 21 Feb 1748, Mary Bertie, dau Peregrine, 2nd Duke of Ancaster

s. John b. 21 May 1713 d. bef 1718 in St Kitts, West Indies

s. **Christopher** b. 7 Jan 1714 d. 1780 See below

s. Clement Anthony b. 10 Nov 1716 d. 2 Nov 1738

d. Ann Lucy b. 10 Nov 1716

s. John b. 12 Sep 1718

s. Marmaduke b. 8 Nov 1720 d. bef 1762
 m. Ann, dau Richard Wilson and Elizabeth Renoult

s. Richard b. 10 Mar 1721 d. 1722

s. Richard b. 4 Feb 1722 d. bef 1724

s. Richard b. 18 Mar 1724 d. 23 Dec 1763
 m. 13 Nov 1762, Priscilla, dau James Weatherill

d. Susannah b. 13 Aug 1729

Christopher Greathead (1714-1780)

Born on 7 Jan 1714 in St Kitts, West Indies, son of John Greathead. He died in 1780 in Basseterre, St Kitts.

m. Mary (bap 31 Dec 1726, d. 6 Oct 1792), dau Samuel Crooke

d. Mary b. 21 May 1748

d. Frances b. 25 May 1749

s. John b. 1 Jan 1750

s. **Samuel** b. 2 Jul 1752 d. 10 Jul 1829 See below

s. William b. 18 May 1755 d. 1781

Samuel Greathead (1752-1829)

Born on 2 Jul 1752 in Basseterre, St Kitts, and died on 10 Jul 1829 at Landford Lodge aged 77.

m. 6 Nov 1790, Mary Wilson (b. c1772, d. Mar 1796) Buried St Andrew's, Landford

d. Mary b. 30 Jan 1794 d. 7 Jan 1861 in Sidmouth, Devon

 m. 27 Jul 1818, Barnard Trollope (1798-1870)

 d. Emily Mary Worsop Trollope b. 27 May 1825, at Landford

s. **Samuel** b. about 1791 d. 4 Apr 1847 See below

m. 2 Aug 1797, Sophia White b. c1776 d. 10 Aug 1859)

s. John b. c1801 d. 9 Jul 1880 in Fulham

d. Sophia b. 24 Jan 1806 d. 1878 in Steyning, Sussex

 m. 11 Jul 1837, Rev Richard Burgess

Samuel Greathead (1791-1847)

m. 3 Apr 1824, Margaret Elizabeth, dau John Crooke

s. William Samuel b. 30 Jan 1825 d. 27 Jan 1878

 m. 16 Oct 1855, Amelia Frances, dau Hugh James Baillie

d. Matilda Margaret b. 12 Apr 1826 d. 1 Feb 1909

d. Adelaide Olivia b. 13 May 1828 d. 24 Jun 1913, unm

s. Alfred Edwin b. 24 Jul 1842 d. 21 May 1866 in New York, USA

 m. 14 Jun 1865, Emma Levy in New York, USA

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Sir Alexander William Grierson of Lag, 8th Bt. (1806-1879)

The surname Grierson is a modern spelling of the medieval (circa 1408) surname Grerson. In about 1408 the Griersons acquired the lands of Lag in Dumfries in Scotland, which became the principal seat of the clan chiefs. Gilbert Grierson is described in a charter dating from 1420 as armour bearer to the Earl of Douglas. Gilbert married Janet, daughter of Sir Simon Glendinning, whose mother was Mary Douglas, daughter of the fourth Earl of Douglas and Princess Margaret. These royal connections secured the early fortunes of the Griersons and in 1460 Vedast Grierson built a strong tower at Lag. The Grierson Baronetcy, of Lag in the County of Dumfries, is a dormant title in the Baronetage of Nova Scotia. It was created on 25 March 1685 for Robert Grierson, Member of the Scottish Parliament for Dumfries.

The families of the Lords and Baronets Grierson of Lag are well documented online. Only the immediate ancestors of Sir Alexander are given below.

Sir Robert Grierson (1733-1839), 5th Bt of Lag & Rockhall b. 1733 d. 8 Aug 1839, aged 106
Succeeded to the title 5th Bt on 7 Feb 1766
m. 18 Oct 1777, Margaret, dau Alexander Dalzell and Elizabeth Jackson
d. Elizabeth
 m. 14 Nov 1810, James Crichton of Friars' Carse.
d. Johanna d. 4 Jan 1842
s. **Alexander Gilbert** b. 1777 (?) d. 14 Mar 1840
 Succeeded at 6th Bt of Lag & Rockhall See below
s. Lt-Col William b. 7 Aug 1778 d. 30 Nov 1865, aged 87
 m. 23 Sep 1825, Jane (d. 12 Apr 1853, aged 52), dau of Thomas Beattie Esq. of Crieve
 d. Margaret Elizabeth d. 26 Mar 1918
 s. Thomas Beattie b. 1827 d. 4 Sep 1857
s. Cpt Charles b. 1 Jul 1783
 Gained the rank of officer in the service of the Dumfries-shire Regiment of Militia.
d. Henrietta b. 15 Dec 1784
d. Mary Margaret b. 24 Apr 1789, Mouswald, Dumfries-shire, Scotland.
 m. Hamilton Maxwell, the son of Sir William Maxwell, of Monreith, 4th Bt.
 Major Hamilton Maxwell gained his rank in the service of the 43rd Bengal
 Infantry, he died 17 Jun 1829.
d. Anne b. 28 Mar 1791, Mouswald
s. Robert b. 28 Apr 1791, Mouswald
d. Margaret b. 13 Dec 1796, Mouswald d. 3 May, 1813, dvp
d. Grace Douglas b. 17 May, 1798, Mouswald d. 6 May 1886, dsp.
d. Judith b. 2 Sep 1800, Mouswald d. 27 Apr 1813, dvp
d. Margaret Elizabeth Douglas bap 27 Nov 1801, Mouswald
s. Joshua

Sir Alexander Gilbert Grierson (1777-1840), 6th Bt of Lag & Rockhall b. 1777 d. 14 Mar 1840
m. 1803, Elizabeth Dalzell d. 24 May 1837
Only dau. of the Hon Richard Dalzell of Glenae, eldest son of 5th Earl of Carnwath
d. Agnes
d. Mary Ann d. Infant
s. **Richard** b. 1804 d. 5 May 1846
 Sir Richard Grierson, succeeded as 7th Baronet of Lag & Rockhall

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. **Alexander William** b. 7 Aug 1806 d. 27 Dec 1879
 Sir Alexander William Grierson, succeeded as 8th Bt of Lag & Rockhall
d. Elizabeth b. c1811 d. 1871
s. William Charles b. 12 Jul 1815 d. 8 Feb 1871
 m. Emma Sophia Camerford
 d. Elizabeth Sophia d. 2 May 1893 at Epsom, Surrey
 m. Lt. Col. Ponsonby Glenn Huggins
s. **Alexander Davidson** b. 30 Nov 1858 d. 1 Apr 1912
 Sir Alexander Davidson Grierson, 9th Bt of Lag & Rockhall
s. Gilbert William Frederick b. 29 July 1861 d. 15 Feb 1906
 m. 2 Mar 1889, Margaret Rose Wylie b. c1865
d. Judith b. 12 Jul 1815 d. 7 Jun 1845
 m. 14 Jun 1844, William James Davidson
d. Eleanor b. c1818

Sir Richard Grierson (1804-1846), 7th Bt of Lag & Rockhall b. 1804 d. 5 May 1846
 m. Eleanor 'Helen' Bell d. 2 Oct 1854
 s. Died in infancy

When Sir Richard died without a male heir, his titles passed to his younger brother Alexander.

Sir Alexander William Grierson (1806-1879), 8th Bt of Lag & Rockhall b. 7 Aug 1806 d. 27 Dec 1879
 m. 12 Aug 1847, Anne (d. 3 Jan 1891), youngest dau Robert Day of Alverstoke, Hants.
 No children of this marriage

NB.

Although obituaries stated that the Baronetcy ended with the death of Sir Alexander William Grierson, this was incorrect. Sir Alexander was succeeded by the eldest son of his younger brother William Charles Grierson, namely Sir Alexander Davidson Grierson, 9th Bt of Lag & Rockhall.

The Harcourt Powells

Harcourt Powell (1718-1782)

Harcourt Powell (1718–1782) was a British politician who sat in the House of Commons between 1754 and 1775. He was the son of Thomas Powell of the Six Clerks office, and his wife Anne Harcourt, daughter of Sir Philip Harcourt. He was admitted at Lincolns Inn in 1736. He married Beata Parker, daughter of Rev. Hyde Parker, granddaughter of Sir Henry Parker, 2nd Baronet.

The Powell family came from Pembrokeshire and held the manor of Uggaton near Brighstone. They acquired three burgages in Newtown, Isle of Wight. In the 1754 general election Harcourt Powell was returned unopposed as Member of Parliament for Newtown (Isle of Wight) and was returned unopposed again in 1761. In parliament he was an independent country gentleman. In 1768 he had to fight a contested election at Newtown, standing jointly with Sir John Barrington against Sir Thomas Worsley and John Glynn. He was returned unopposed again in 1774, but on 21 March 1775 he accepted 4,000 guineas to vacate his seat in Parliament and convey his three burgages at Newtown to Sir Richard Worsley. There is no record of Powell having spoken during his 21 years in the Commons. He died on 26 February 1782.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

John Harcourt Powell (died 1855)

The name John Harcourt Powell appears in the 1839 title map for Landford as the land owner of some 40 acres of mainly arable land, including Furze Farm and land either side of Sherfield English Road. The Powell family had estates elsewhere in England and Wales, and the family home was Drinkstone Park, which lies between Bury St Edmunds and Stowmarket in Suffolk. Most of this land in Landford was leased by James Cocks who occupied or sublet Furze Farm.

Drinkstone Park mansion was built in 1760, being described in the Suffolk Traveller in 1764 as “new erected”. There is no evidence that it was built on the site of any earlier house, but it is likely that its parkland predates the building of the house and was possibly the area of a medieval deer park. The house and its park stood in an estate comprising Links Farm and other lands in the parishes of Drinkstone and Hesselsett, which the second Joshua Grigby assembled in the middle of the eighteenth century. It was a plain, unadorned building of white brick, probably from nearby Woolpit, with stone quoins and a hipped slate roof. It was of five bays on the entrance front and five bays on the sides of the main block, which had three storeys. At the rear there was a two-storey wing with a bay extending to both floors, which is likely to have been a later addition. A porch was also added in the nineteenth century. The view of the front of Drinkstone Park House was taken from a postcard posted in September 1908. The house was demolished in 1949 following occupation by the army during the war and the ravages of death-watch beetle.



Joshua Grigby II, whose father, son and grandson all bore the same name, came from a family of some means but he greatly augmented his inheritance in the course of his career as a lawyer. On Joshua Grigby's death in 1771 the estate passed to his son Joshua Grigby III (c1731-1798), a barrister and Member of Parliament, then in 1798 to his grandson Joshua Grigby IV (c1759-1829), a local magistrate who in 1810 became High Sheriff of the County. He had no children and after his death in 1829 the house was lived in by his second wife Anna Crawford until her death in 1853, the estate having been left to John Harcourt Powell, the son of Grigby's niece, Lucy. He also inherited the Grigby estates in Philadelphia, USA.

The Hook estate, Llangwm, Pembrokeshire, was purchased by the Powell family in the late 18th or early 19th century. The estate descended directly in the male line until Thomas Harcourt Powell (b. 1819), who was succeeded by his nephew, John Harcourt Powell of Marsh Mills House, Henley-on-Thames, Surrey. The family's principal seat was Drinkstone Park, Suffolk, but the family owned land in numerous other English counties. According to the 1873 return of owners of land the Hook estate measured 3,083 acres, all in Pembrokeshire, and carried an annual rental of £3,393.

The manor of Uggaton. It was perhaps this moiety which belonged in 1721 to Thomas Powell. He was succeeded in 1761 by his son Harcourt Powell, on whose death in 1782 the manor passed to his son John Harcourt Powell. Then John Harcourt Powell, son of the last mentioned John, was dealing with a moiety of the manor in 1812. He was High Sheriff of Pembrokeshire for the year 1814. He died in 1855 (his Will was dated 1 May 1855), leaving his two daughters as co-heirs; Mary Agnes wife of W. W. Drake and Emma, who married the Rev. H. W. Haygarth on the 12 Mar 1855, at St.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Peter's Church, Pimlico, the second son of the late William Haygarth. Esq., of Langham Place, London. All manorial rights in Uggaton lapsed in the 19th century.

For much of the second half of the nineteenth century Thomas Harcourt Powell (probably John's nephew) lived at Drinkstone Park, where he created a very fine garden with specialised hot houses, greenhouses and a fernery and planted many specimen trees in the park. Thomas Harcourt Powell died in 1892 and the house ceased to be occupied by members of the family who built it.

It may only be coincidence, but Thomas Harcourt Powell would have needed considerable funds to develop the Drinkstone Park estate and the following advertisement appeared in the Salisbury & Winchester Journal (19 July 1873).

WEDNESDAY, 6th AUGUST, 1873. PLAITFORD AND LANDFORD, WILTS. Messrs. Waters, son & Rawlence beg to give notice that they are instructed by the owner Thomas Harcourt Powell, Esq., to proceed with the SALE of this Estate by AUCTION at the White Horse Hotel, Romsey, on Wednesday, 6th August, 1873, and which Sale was postponed on the 21st May last, in consequence of the prospect of the discovery of coal in an adjoining property. The Estate will now (whether coal exists under it or not) be offered for sale as previously arranged in lots, reserving power to the vendor first to put up the whole in one Lot.

This included the land belonging to John Harcourt Powell as shown on the 1839 Tithe Map for Landford.

Ancestry information regarding the Harcourt-Powell family is mainly gathered from family search and Wikipedia websites.

Richard de Harcourt (b. c1413) of Stanton Harcourt, Oxfordshire
m. Edith (1425-1467), dau Thomas St Claire (1394-1434) and Margaret Hoo (1401-1486)
Had at least 3 sons including **Christopher** below and 2 daughters.

Christopher Harcourt (1444-1476) of Stanton Harcourt, Oxfordshire
m. Joan (1444-1519), dau Sir Miles Stapleton (1408-1466) and Katherine de La Pole (1416-1488)
Only child documented is **Sir Simon** below.

Sir Simon Harcourt (1468-1547)
m. Agnes (b. c1479), dau of Thomas Darell (b. c1422) and Thomasine Gresley (b. c1440)
Had at least 2 sons including **Sir John** below and 1 daughter.

Sir John Harcourt (1497-1566)
m. Margaret (c1500-1547), dau of William and Anne Barentyne
Had a large family. Possibly 6 sons and numerous daughters; records confusing.

Sir Simon Harcourt (1525-1577)
m. c1545, Mary (1537-1610), dau of Sir Edward Aston (1496-1568) and Joane Bowles (1496-1562)
Had at least 5 sons including **Sir Walter** below and 6 daughters.

Sir Walter Harcourt (1555-1615)

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. c1573, Dorothy (b. c1557), dau William Robinson (b. 1531) and Grace FitzHerbert (b. c1518)
Had at least 2 sons including **Sir Robert** below and 3 daughters.

Sir Robert Harcourt (1576-1631) Explorer

m. Frances (b. c1576), dau Geoffrey de Vere (1526-1565) and Elizabeth Hardekyn (1530-1615)
Had at least 3 sons including **Sir Simon** below and 4 daughters.

Sir Simon Harcourt (1603-1643)

m. c1632, Anna (b. 1605), dau William Paget, 4th Baron Paget of Beaudesert (1572-1629) and his
wife Lettice Knollys (1583-1655)

Had several children including the following

d. Mary	b. c1633		
s. Frederick	b. c1636		
s. Sir Philip	b. 1638	d. 1688	See below

Sir Philip Harcourt (1638-1688) of Stanton Harcourt, Oxfordshire

b. c1638, Ankerwycke Priory, Bucks bap 15 Dec 1638, Drayton, Middx.

Knighted on 5 Jun 1660 d. 20 March 1688 bur 13 Apr 1688, Stanton Harcourt

1st son of Sir Simon Harcourt of Stanton Harcourt by Anne, daughter of William, 5th Lord Paget.

m. 21 Feb 1661, to Anne (d. 23 Aug 1664), the daughter of Sir William Waller I of Osterley Park
s. Simon (1661-1727) Only son, 1st Viscount. Became Lord Chancellor to Queen Anne.

m. 11 Jun 1672, Elizabeth (d. 17 Aug 1713) dau of John Lee of Ankerwyke, Bucks.
They had 4 sons (2 dvp) and 4 daughters, including **Anne Harcourt** below.

Thomas Powell (d. 1761) of the Six Clerks office

m. **Anne Harcourt**

s. **Harcourt Powell** (1718-1782)

Harcourt Powell (1718–1782) Politician who sat in the House of Commons between 1754 and 1775.

m. Beata Parker, dau of Rev. Hyde Parker, granddaughter of Sir Henry Parker, 2nd Bt.

s. **John Harcourt Powell** See below

John Harcourt Powell

Without documentary support, little information is available regarding this John. However, he may have married Lucy Grigby, a dau of either Charles (b. 1763) or George Grigby (d. 1811), sons of Joshua Grigby III (1731-1798) and Jane Bird, and brothers of Joshua Grigby IV (c1759-1829).

[Quote - Drinkstone Park. ... grandson Joshua Grigby IV (c1759-1829), had no children and after his death in 1829 the house was lived in by his second wife Anna Crawford until her death in 1853, the estate having been left to John Harcourt Powell, the son of Grigby's niece, Lucy. He also inherited the Grigby estates in Philadelphia, USA.]

John Harcourt Powell (1791-1855) son of John Harcourt Powell. High Sheriff of Pembrokeshire, 1814.

m. ???

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

d. Mary Agnes m. W.W. Drake
d. Emma m. Rev H. W. Haygarth
His two daughters were his co-heirs

Thomas Harcourt Powell (1821-1892)

Possibly a brother or nephew of John Harcourt Powell above. Although the daughters of the last John Harcourt Powell were his co-heirs, it would appear that Thomas either purchased the land in Landford from the last John or possibly inherited it as being the closest male heir. That would depend upon how previous owners had so directed in their wills, e.g. “male entail”.

[Quote - The Hook estate, Llangwm, Pembrokeshire, was purchased by the Powell family in the late 18th or early 19th century. The estate descended directly in the male line until Thomas Harcourt Powell (b. 1819), who was succeeded by his nephew, John Harcourt Powell of Marsh Mills House, Henley-on-Thames, Surrey.]

Thomas Harcourt Powell (1821-1892), son of a Mr Powell and Lucy Grigby Powell. Does that mean that Lucy Grigby married John Harcourt Powell the elder and that Thomas was a younger brother of John Harcourt Powell the younger who left only 2 daughters?

Sir William Heathcote of Hursley, 3rd Bt (1746-1819) and Landford Lodge

The Heathcote Baronetcy of Hursley “in the County of Southampton”, was created on 16 August 1733 for William Heathcote (1693-1751). He was the second son of Samuel Heathcote and Mary Dawsonne, both of trading merchant families in the city of London. Samuel was a director of the East India Co. and the Eastland Co., and a Deputy Lieutenant of Tower Hamlets in 1707. He was the younger brother of Sir Gilbert Heathcote, 1st Bt of London. Samuel married Mary on 22 Jan 1691. She was the youngest daughter and eventual heiress of William Dawsonne of Hackney, Treasurer of the Excise. Samuel died on 13 Nov 1708 at Clapton as the result of a fever after a short illness, at the age of 52. He was buried at Hackney. His estate was reckoned to be worth £90,000 when he died.

Samuel’s second son William married Lady Elizabeth Parker, only daughter of Thomas Parker, 1st Earl of Macclesfield. The earldom of Macclesfield and its subsidiary title the viscounty of Parker had been created with remainder, in default of male issue, to the Earl’s daughter Elizabeth and the heirs male of her body.

Sir William Heathcote, 1st Bt (1693-1751) b. 15 Mar 1693, d. 10 May 1751, bur at Hursley
Second son of Samuel Heathcote, Esq., of Hackney and his wife Mary Dawsonne. William was a merchant and politician. In 1718 he purchased the Hursley estate near Winchester for the sum of £35,100 from the Cromwell family. Between 1721 and 1724 he built the red brick mansion known as Hursley House, costing some £14,000 plus another £4,000 for other work on the estate. He also purchased the manors of Compton, Stoke Charity and Fullerton in Hants, and a large estate in the counties of Waterford and Cork in Ireland. Sir William was MP for Buckingham 1722-1727 and for Southampton 1729-1741. On 16 Aug 1733 created baronet of Hursley in the County of Southampton. He married Elizabeth, only daughter of Thomas Parker, 1st Earl of Macclesfield, in 1720. They had six sons and three daughters. He died in 1751 and the estate and baronetcy passed to his son, Thomas.

m. 7 Apr 1720, Elizabeth (1699-1746), dau of Thomas Parker, 1st Earl of Macclefield

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- s. **Sir Thomas, 2nd Bt** See below
- s. Rev William b. 10 Sep 1723 at Hursley, d. 22 Dec 1748, unnm
- s. Samuel b. 23 Sep 1725, d. 17 Sep 1797, unnm
- d. Mary b. 29 Dec 1726 at Hursley, d. 20 May 1812
 - m. 12 Dec 1749, Thomas Parker, 3rd Earl of Macclesfield (her first cousin)
- d. Elizabeth b. 19 Oct 1730 at Hursley, d. 16 Mar 1797, Hursley
 - m. 12 Nov 1763, Vice-Adm Francis William Drake (1724-1787)
He was her first cousin. They had two daughters.
- s. Gilbert b. 25 Jan 1733 at Hursley, d. 11 May 1800, unnm
- s. George b. 20 Jan 1735 at Hursley, d. 31 Mar 1735
- s. Rev Henry b. 4 Mar 1736 in Derbyshire, d. 16 Jan 1803
Exeter Coll., Oxford, MA in 1759
 - m. a dau of Wadham Diggle of Yateley, Hants.
One son (Henry) and two daughters
 - m. Mary Ellen, dau of William Statham of Liverpool
Two sons and three daughters
- d. Jennetta b. 8 Aug 1737 in Westminster, d. 17 Oct 1809, unnm
Quote - Of diminutive stature, but quick and clever person. Wrote charades and poems.

Sir Thomas Heathcote (1721-1787) b. 23 Jul 1721, d. 27 Jun 1787

Sir Thomas Heathcote's family made their money from trade during the late 17th century. He built the family mausoleum in the churchyard at Hursley because he considered the family vault under the church no longer adequate. When it was completed in 1771, the coffins of earlier members of the family were moved there from the existing family vault. Thirty eight members of the family now occupy loculi to either side of the mausoleum. Each coffin has been placed into the loculi so that the foot end is aligned to the east. A memorial to the Rev Thomas Heathcote (d.1811) and his wife Letitia (d.1802) is located to the centre of the floor.

Sir Thomas was a Fellow of the Royal Society, DL for Hants and High Sheriff in 1754 and in 1755 appointed Col of the Hants Militia. Fond of country pursuits and popular with his neighbours, he declined the invitation to become the local MP.

- m. 13 Dec 1742, Elizabeth (b. 1726, d. 27 Dec 1749), dau of William Hinton of Hursley
 - d. Elizabeth b. 21 October 1744, at Hursley Park
 - d. 23 Jun 1809, bur 30 Jun 1809 at Dinton
 - m. 1767, William Wyndham (1737-1786) of Dinton, Wilts
- s. **Sir William, 3rd Bt** (1746-1819) See below
- s. Rev Thomas (1747- 13 Jul 1811, dsp) Rector of Stone, Kent
 - m. 1772, Letitia (1745-1802), dau Sir Thomas Parker
- s. George b. 12 Feb 1749 – 29 Jun 1789, sp)
 - m. 30 Aug 1785, Mary Woodger
- m. 20 May 1754, Anne (b. 1734, d. 7 Aug 1799), dau of Rev Tollett
 - d. Ann Sophia bap 16 Jul 1757, d. 16 Dec 1821 at Hursley, unnm
 - s. Samuel bap 14 Jan 1761 at Hursley, d. 1820
 - m. 22 Apr 1784, Elizabeth Stone (1762-1840)
 - s. Venerable Gilbert b. 5 Feb 1765, d. 19 Oct 1829
Held the office of Archdeacon of Winchester

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. 3 Jan 1805, Sophia Elizabeth (d. 1806), dau of Martin Wall
s. Gilbert (1806-1893, sp)
m. 22 Sep 1807, Anne (1776-1828), dau of Rev Edwards Beadon and Mary
Watson

2 sons and 3 daughters
s. Henry b. 1766 at Hursley, d. 27 May 1767

Sir William Heathcote, 3rd Bt. (1746-1819) b. 21 Jun 1746, bap. 29 Jun 1746 at Bedfont
d. 26 Jun 1819 in London, bur at Hursley

Educated at Hertford, Oxford 1763-6 graduating with Master of Arts degree (M.A.), he succeeded to the Baronetcy on the death of his father on 27 Jun 1787. He was elected MP for Hampshire in 1790 and served in three parliaments.

m. 21 May 1768, Frances (b. 13 Oct 1742, d. 19 Aug 1816), dau and coheir of John Thorpe of
Embley, Hants.

s. **Sir Thomas Freeman**, 4th Bt. b. 3 Sep 1769 at Hursley d. 21 Feb 1825
bur 1 Mar 1825 at Hursley, dsp

m. 27 Jun 1799, Elizabeth (1778-1808), dau Thomas Edwards Freeman
d. Frances Sarah bap 3 Dec 1770 at Romsey d. 7 Apr 1781
bur 10 Apr 1781 at Hursley

s. Rev William bap 14 Mar 1772, d. 29 Mar 1802
m. 11 Jan 1799, Elizabeth (21 Aug 1773 – 23 Mar 1855), dau Lovelace Bigg-Wither
of Manydown, Hants.

d. Frances b. 1800, d. 1800

s. **Sir William**, 5th Bt. b. 17 May 1801, d. 1881

m. Nov 1825, Hon. Caroline Frances, dau Charles George Perceval,
Baron Arden

s. Rev Samuel b. 17 Aug 1773, bap 18 Aug 1773
d. 27 Nov 1846, bur at Hursley

Queen's Coll., Oxford. BA 1796, MA 1799. Initially lived at Bramshaw.
Appointed Rector of Walton-on-the-Hill, Lancs, on 8 Feb 1843.

m. 9 Apr 1799, Katherine (1781-1815), dau Isaac Pickering of Foxlease
They had 5 sons and 3 daughters

d. Ellen b. 17 Jul 1803 at Hursley, d. 31 Jul 1883

m. William Wyndham of Dinton d. 31 Jul 1883

d. Katherine b. 15 Apr 1805, d. 1826, unnm

s. Thomas b. 8 Nov 1806, d. 1808

s. William Arthur b. 16 Jun 1808

d. Maria b. 11 Feb 1811, d. 1847, unnm

s. Eustace b. 1815

d. Harriet Hersent b. 16 Jul 1775, bap 17 Jul 1775 at Romsey
d. 18 Nov 1850, and bur at Hursley

m. 30 Apr 1798, Langford Lovell (d. 11 Mar 1852) of Dominica and Wendover
Dean House, Bucks

d. Harriet (1799-1820)

d. Anne (1800-1871)

s. Vice Adm Sir Henry b. 20 Jan 1777 at Hursley, bap 12 Jan 1777 at Romsey
and d. 16 Aug 1851, Ingouville, France

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- m. 10 Dec 1799, Sarah Elizabeth (1781-1845), dau of Thomas Guscott
 - d. Frances Sarah b. 15 Nov 1800, d. 16 Mar 1886
 - m. 1 Apr 1817, Lt Gen Sir Henry Somerset, KCB
 - s. Sir William Lovell b. 1802 d. 1885
 - Settled at the Cape, South Africa
 - m. Miss Goodwin
 - 6 sons and 4 daughters
 - s. Rev Henry b. 1804 d. 1874
 - m. 1832, Henrietta Maria, dau Robert Bransby Cooper
 - 3 sons
 - s. Thomas Hamilton b. 1805 d. 9 Dec 1824, in India
 - d. Susanna Maria Ouseley b. 1806 d. 1824
 - m. Major Thomas Donavan
 - s. Lt George Gage, RN b. 1808 d. 1854
 - m. Emma (d. 1858 at Natal), dau Thomas Phillipps of Lampeter
 - 3 sons and 3 daughter
 - d. Georgiana Jamisina Somerset b. 1809 d. 1892
 - m. John Blohm
 - d. Sarah
 - d. Leonora Macclesfield b. 1810 d. 1892, unnm
 - d. Harriet Maria Forbes d. 1815 d. 1895
 - m. H. Van Rynevelat
 - m. Van Roozen
 - d. Anne Forbes b. 1815, twin with Harriet
 - m. 1839, George Charles Sandford
 - 2 sons
 - d. Maria Frances Digby b. 1817 d. 25 Jul 1846
 - m. Thomas Ouchterlony
 - d. Nancy
- s. Cpt Gilbert, RN bap 12 Dec 1779 at Landford
 - d. 20 Apr 1831 and bur at Hursley
- m. 23 Mar 1809, Anne (1784- 30 Apr 1854), dau Charles Lyell of Kinordy
 - s. Thomas Charles b. 1813 d. 24 Apr 1848, unnm
 - s. William Gardiner b. 1814 d. 15 Aug 1836, unnm
 - d. Frances b. 1815 d. 1858
 - m. 1831, Rev Henry Fox Atherley of Steventon, Devon
 - s. Rev Gilbert b. 11 Jul 1816 d. 1876
 - m. 25 Jan 1840, Maria (d. 24 Dec 1843), dau Charles Lyell of Kinordy
 - s. Gilbert Lyell b. 17 Dec 1843 d. 10 Feb 1845
- m. 1846, Mary (d. 3 Apr 1854), dau Admiral Frederick Thomas
 - d. Mary Louisa Ann b. 10 May 1847
 - s. Thomas Charles, RN (1848-1875)
 - d. Selina b. 28 Jan 1850
 - s. Frederick Arthur b. 1851
 - d. Ellen Georgina b. 1853
 - s. William b. 26 Mar 1854 d. 20 Feb 1855

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. 1855, Elisa Julia (d. 28 Oct 1876), dau Rev Sir J. Godfrey
Thomas, Bt
d. Elisa Pauline b. 6 Jan 1862
d. Maria Sophia b. 1818 d. 24 Feb 1882
d. Marianne b. 1821 d. 1854
d. Maria Frances bap 1787 at Landford d. 9 Aug 1859
m. 1824, Charles Wyndham (d. 1846) of Donhead Hall, Wilts
d. Frances

The Kings and Andrews of Glebe and Bridge Farm

The records are incomplete for these families and information is limited. Also different family websites give varying dates for the same people. As a consequence, some of the connections or suggestions made below can only be presumptions or possibilities based on the fact that country people did not have the means to travel much outside their own locality. Once settled, they tended to remain there until circumstances forced them to move on.

William King (1768-1813) and Mary Andrews (1774-1867) of Glebe Farm

The families of the Kings and Andrews listed in *Appendix 4 – From the Registers* contains a more comprehensive record of the several generations that lived in Landford.

William King (1768-1813) b. 1768 d. 28 Apr 1813

William King was the son of Joseph King (1732-1784) and Sarah Henbest (1734-1779). He married Mary Andrews on 2 Oct 1794 in Downton. Mary Andrews (1774-1867) of Minstead was the daughter of James Andrews (1747-1837) and Rebecca Roe (d.1816 in Bramshaw). Altogether they had seven sons and four daughters in their nineteen years of marriage. He died on 28 Apr 1813 in Landford. Only the children of this marriage that are of particular interest to Landford are given below.

m. 2 Oct 1794, Mary (1774-1867), dau of James Andrews and Rebecca Roe

d. Sarah	b. 28 Apr 1798	bap 23 Dec 1798	d. 20 Sep 1872, Bramshaw
m. Reuben Andrews		b. 29 May 1792	d. 9 Sep 1859
s. James (twin)	b. 15 Nov 1802	bap 19 Dec 1802	d. date unknown.
s. Joseph (twin)	b. 15 Nov 1802	bap 19 Dec 1802	d. 1867, Landford.
s. Charles	b. 14 Jun 1805	bap 13 Oct 1805	d. 20 Dec 1888. (See below)
s. George	b. 26 Apr 1808	bap 29 May 1808	d. 1886. (See below)

The 1841 Census contains only one Mary King of about the right age, and her daughter Sarah and son Joseph are still living with her. Again, birth dates vary between each census, as people then only had a vague idea as to when they were born. Mary King's occupation is given as farmer. The 1839 tithe map for Landford indicates that Mary King occupied Glebe Farm. She held 55 acres of land leased from Countess Nelson and 7 acres of glebe land from the church. In 1851 Mary is listed as a widow farmeress of 48 acres employing two labourers. Her daughter Sarah is still unmarried and living with her and so is Joseph whose occupation is now Farm Bailiff. That would imply responsibilities beyond just Glebe Farm.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

In 1861 Mary was 87 years of age. The Census states that she was still a farmer of 38 acres employing one man and one boy. Son Joseph is still unmarried but her daughter Sarah is now listed as Sarah Andrews and a widow. (See Reuben Andrews below). From the records, Mary King was buried on 18 Jan 1867 in Landford churchyard and her son Joseph also died the same year.

The 1871 Census lists George King (See George King below) as the occupier of Glebe Farm and Sarah Andrews is still living there, so we can assume that George was the younger brother of Sarah and son of Mary King. Sarah is listed as an annuitant, suggesting she was living on her savings or inheritance. (See Reuben Andrews below). According to that census George was farming some 90 acres of land, considerably larger than Glebe Farm itself. The 1881 Census states that George King still occupied Glebe Farm and 90 acres of land. However, Sarah Andrews is not there as she died in 1872. George King died in 1886 and by 1891 Glebe Farm was occupied by another family.

Charles King (1805-1888) The Shop, Barrows Lane

According to the 1839 tithe map for Landford, Charles King occupied a cottage on a plot of land on the corner of Barrows Lane and the Salisbury/Southampton road, opposite Landford Cottage. He occupied some 5 acres of land in Landford, and also just over 5 acres of pasture and arable land in what was Earldoms, then part of Whiteparish. It is interesting to note that the Landford landowner is not given; simply that Charles King was the lessee. However, from the Whiteparish tithe map, Charles King occupied land still owned by Frederick Webb. As Frederick Webb originally owned most of the land in that area, it seems likely that Charles was leasing the land from Frederick Webb.

Charles King was the son of William King (1768-1813) and Mary Andrews (1774-1867). He was baptised 13 Oct 1805 in Landford. He first married Sarah Andrews, neé Winter (1787-1858) on 7 Nov 1825 in Salisbury Cathedral. According to the 1841 Census and family records, Sarah was considerably older than Charles. She was previously married to James Andrews (1779-1808) in 1807 and they had a son James born in Landford in 1808. James Andrews (1779-1808) was the brother of Mary Andrews; in other words, Charles King married the widow of his uncle James. Sarah was a widow with a young child living in Earldoms when she married Charles King. Charles and Sarah had one son, namely William King who was born 8 Mar 1827 in Landford and died 18 Mar 1900 at Rowhill, Bramshaw. Sarah died on 19 Feb 1858 in Landford.

Charles then married Fanny Eckton (1824-1892) on 18 Apr 1859 in Landford, daughter of John Eckton (1773-1855) and Martha Purkess (1779-1855) of Minstead. It was also her second marriage and she was living in Bramshaw beforehand. Their first child John (1859-1945) was born on 15 Jun 1859 in Landford, but by 1860 the family had moved to Brockenhurst where they had three more sons and a daughter.

According to the 1841 Census, Charles and Sarah King were living at the cottage on the corner of Barrows Lane, Landford along with their son William and Sarah's first son James Andrews who was 40 by then. Charles's occupation is given as Shop Keeper. This would be a good place for a shop, as it was on the road through the parish to Southampton and close to the cross-roads at Stock Lane/Northcommon Lane and very convenient for passing trade. However, the amount of pasture and arable land occupied would suggest that he was also farming at the same time, probably assisted by James Andrews his step-son.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

The 1851 Census records that Charles and Sarah were still living in the same cottage, which had the name Holly Hill. This may have been the location rather than the name of the cottage, but the large house built nearby was first named Holly Hill House before renamed Northlands (now the Cedars Nursing Home). Charles is described as a farmer of 50 acres employing one labourer and his wife as Shop Keeper and Grocer. So it would appear that Charles was now a fully committed farmer whilst Sarah ran the shop. Their son William was listed as employed on the farm and he was married to Mary who served in the shop. James Andrews was still living with them and was described as “Proprietor of Land”.

By 1860 Charles and family had moved to Brockenhurst. However, a George King and family appear to occupy the same cottage at Holly Hill in the 1861 Census. Charles had a brother George (1808-1886) and his age of 52 indicates a birth date of 1808/9. It is therefore possible that when Charles vacated the cottage, that George and his family took over the shop, as George’s wife Ann is listed as Grocer.

Charles King (1805-1888) b. 14 Jun 1805 bap 13 Oct 1805, Landford d. 20 Dec 1888 & bur East Wellow. Son of William King (1768-1813) and Mary Andrews (1774-1867)
m. 7 Nov 1825, Sarah Andrews, neé Winter (1786-1858) in Salisbury Cathedral
 s. William b. 18 Mar 1827 d. 18 Mar 1900, Rowhill, Bramshaw

m. 18 Apr 1859, Fanny Eckton, Landford, dau John Eckton and Matha Purkess
 s. John b. 15 Jun 1859, Landford d. 09 Dec 1945
 s. Charles b. 12 Aug 1860, Brockenhurst d. 01 Feb 1930
 s. Henry b. 16 Nov 1861, Brockenhurst d. 11 Feb 1939
 s. George b. 1863, Brockenhurst
 d. Fanny b. Brockenhurst d. Hamptworth

George King (1808-1886) The Shop and Glebe Farm

George King was born in Landford in 1808, the son of William King and Mary Andrews and the brother of Charles King (1805-1888). He is first mentioned in the 1841 Census. His occupation was farm labourer, and he was married to Ann, a “Labourer’s wife”. According to other records, George married Ann Moody on 17 Dec 1832 in Salisbury. Ann was born in Nomansland in 1812, the daughter of John Moody and Sarah King who were married on 29 Dec 1791.

The 1841 Census lists George as farm labourer and they already had a son Charles (b.1836). Living with them is a Mary Moore aged 11 and Eliza Moody, presumably the sister of Ann Moody. As George does not appear on the 1839 tithe map, his family presumably occupied one of the cottages shown as occupied by someone else. The position in the 1841 Census suggests that that is somewhere near the site of the present Landford School. Prior to the school being built (1841), there was a cottage on the same site on land belonging to Countess Nelson and occupied by Reuben Andrews. However, Reuben Andrews also occupied Bridge Farm. It is only speculation, but if George King was a relation of Reuben Andrews, then this cottage may have been sublet to the King family.

In 1851 the family appear to be living at the same place, and they also now have two daughters, namely Martha (b.1846) and Mary (b.1850). George’s occupation is still farm labourer and son Charles is the farm servant. By 1861 it would appear that they had taken over the “Grocer’s Shop”

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

previously occupied by his brother Charles on the corner of Barrows Lane. George's occupation is given as Bailiff and his wife Ann as the Grocer. Son Charles had left home by then.

A further move occurred between the 1861 and 1871 Census. Mary King died in 1867 and it looks as if George took over the running of Glebe Farm. His occupation in the 1871 Census is farmer of 90 acres and he employs one man and one boy. This is almost double the amount of land farmed by Mary King, suggesting that he was leasing more than one farm. Wife Ann and daughter Mary are living with him along with his sister Sarah Andrews (née King)

The 1871 Census also mentions that the neighbouring farm in Glebe Lane, which is Brooklands Farm, was occupied by a Charles Witt and Rhoda Witt his wife. From another source of information, they had a son Charles who was born in 1846. This son Charles Witt married Dinah Snell in 1869, and they were living in Kingston on Thames when their daughters Edith Rhoda and Emily Florence were born in 1871 and 1872. Dinah died only two years later in 1874. Charles's occupation is given as 'Travelling Porter' and 'Railway Guard'.

In 1875 Charles Witt married Martha King, daughter of George King, and at the 1881 Census Charles, who was described as a farm bailiff, was living with his in-laws at Glebe Farm. As George and Ann King were 72 and 69 years old respectively, it would be reasonable to assume that they were retired and that Charles was running the farm as he was listed as farm bailiff. At this time Martha was living at Collins Farm, Basildon, Berkshire with the children Edith Rhoda, Charles, George and Mary. Emily Florence was living with grandparents Charles and Rhoda, by then living at No.2 Broomhill Terrace, Landford. Their son William Albert was born 23 Feb 1883.

George King died in 1886. The 1891 Census indicates that both Glebe Farm and Brooklands Farm were occupied by new families.

George King (1808-1886)	b. 26 Apr 1808	bap 29 May 1808	d. 1886
	m. 17 Dec 1832, Ann (b. 1812, Nomansland), dau of John Moody and Sarah King		
	s. Charles	b. 1836	
	d. Martha	b. 1846	
	m. 1875, Charles Witt (b. 1846), son of Charles and Rhoda Witt		
	d. Mary	b. 1850	

Reuben Andrews (1796-1859) of Bridge Farm

There is very little on record concerning Reuben Andrews. From census records he was born in 1796 and from legal notices following his death, he died 9 Sep 1859. From the 1839 tithe map, he was the occupier of Bridge Farm and 27 plots of land amounting to some 100 acres, all of which was owned by Countess Nelson. This included much of the land south of the river Blackwater between Lyndhurst Road and the main Southampton road to where it met Landford Common, land to the south of Elm Farm and east of the main road, and land between the main road and Stock Lane.

The 1841 Census states that Reuben was a farmer and he had living with him Thomas, an agricultural labourer and Anna Andrews. All three were born in Wiltshire. Whether the latter two were married or Thomas was his brother is not known. It is purely speculation that Bridge Farm was the family home, worked by the two brothers. The 1851 Census does however state that Anne (not

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Anna) Andrews was his sister and that Reuben was a farmer of 87 acres employing 3 labourers. They can afford to have a house servant, Eliza Pilgrim.

Two notices were posted in the London Gazette dated 5 Sep 1873. The first relates to claims by creditors who have any claims or demands on the estate of the testator Reuben Andrews, late of Landford, Yeoman, who died on or about 9 Sep 1859 and whose will was proved on 8 Oct 1859 at Salisbury by his widow Sarah Andrews and Charles King, the executors therein named. It goes on to say that any claims should be sent to the solicitors for Charles King, the surviving executor. They are given a month to do so, after which Charles King will distribute the estate and assets of Reuben Andrews to those so entitled.

The second notice again relates to the claims by creditors or demands on the estate of Sarah Andrews, late of Landford, who died on 20 Sep 1872, at Bramshaw, a widow and intestate, and to whose estate and effects letters of administration were granted on 7 May 1873 to James King, the natural and lawful brother and one of the next-of-kin of the said Sarah Andrews. As before, they are given one month to do so after which the named administrator James King will distribute the assets of Sarah Andrews to those so entitled.

Bridge Farm and Glebe Farm were neighbouring farms divided by the river Blackwater, making Reuben Andrews a neighbour of the Kings at Glebe Farm. From the notices detailed above, it would appear that Reuben married Sarah King, the sister of James King and presumably his brother Charles King.

The Morrisons and Moffatts of Hamptworth Lodge

Joseph Morrison (c1731-1804) the innkeeper of *The George*, Middle Wallop, Hants

At his death in 1804, he left a humble estate of £400 to his four children.

Possibly previously married, as Sarah may have been his second wife.

m. Sarah (c1761-1803), dau of Thomas Barnard of Shapwick, Somerset

s. ? John b. 1787 d. 1787, infant

s. Samuel b. 1787 d. 1855

m. 1816, Elizabeth Hillary

s. **James** b. 1789 d. 1857 See below

d. Maria b. 1792 d. 1849

m. 1818, William Cope

d. Martha b. 1795

James Morrison (1789-1857) Merchant and politician. Bap 6 Sep 1789 d. 29 Oct 1857

MP for St Ives 1830-1831; Ipswich 1831-1834; Ipswich 1835-1837; Inverness Burghs 1840-1847.

Made his fortune in the haberdashery trade in London. Believed in rapid turnover with a small profit.

An accomplished businessman, known in his time as the "Napoleon of shopkeepers".

At his death was almost certainly the nineteenth century's richest commoner. He bought Fonthill

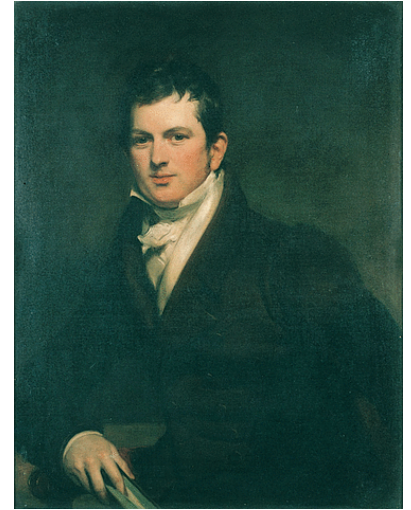
House in Wiltshire in 1830 and by 1838 James had also acquired Basildon Park.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

In 1850 he made over the Fonthill estate to his second son Alfred Morrison (1821-97). He died in October 1857 at Basildon Park, his 2,500-acre estate near Reading, purchased for £76,000 (plus £21,000 for the timber) in 1838.

Contemporaries and historians have estimated Morrison's wealth at death at between £4,000,000 and £6,000,000. In addition to the amount of £942,106 bequeathed to Charles Morrison, London property, a valuable art collection and over £800,000 in American securities, he owned over 100,000 acres in estates in Berkshire, Buckinghamshire, Essex, Glamorgan, Hampshire, Kent, Middlesex, Oxfordshire, Surrey, Sussex, Wiltshire, Yorkshire and Scotland.



- m. 6 Aug 1814, Mary Ann (1795-1887), dau of Joseph Todd (c1767-1835) & Lucy Plowes (d. 1798)
s. Charles b. 20 Sep 1817 d. 25 May 1909, unm
He held the offices of D.L. and JP. He lived at Islay House, Argyllshire, then Basildon Park, Berks and finally Hole Park, Kent.
- s. Alfred b. 28 Apr 1821 d. 22 Dec 1897
He was educated at Edinburgh University, then Trinity College, Cambridge. High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1857. He held the offices of DL and JP for Wiltshire. He lived at Fonthill House, Hindon, Wilts.
- m. 12 Apr 1866, Mabel (1847-1933), dau of Rev R S C Chermiside, Rector of Wilton
s. Hugh b. 8 Jun 1868 d. 14 Mar 1931
Educated at Eton, graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1889 with B.A. degree. High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1904. He held the offices of DL of Argyllshire, JP for Argyllshire, MP for Salisbury 1918, 1923, 1924 and 1931. He lived at Fonthill House, Hindon, Wilts. and at Islay House, Bridgend, Argyllshire, Scotland.
- m. 16 Aug 1892, Sophia Castelia Mary (1870-1934), dau Granville George Leveson-Gower, 2nd Earl Granville and Castila Rosalind Campbell.
- s. Major John Granville Morrison, 1st Baron Margadale
b. 16 Dec 1906 d. 26 May 1996
m. 16 Oct 1928, Hon Margaret Smith
d. Marjorie b. 15 Dec 1910 d. 1992
m. 16 Jan 1933, Lt-Col Scrope Egerton
- d. Katherine b. 1869 d. 9 Jun 1949
m. 21 Feb 1905, Sir Stephen Herbert, son of Rev Alfred Gatty
s. Richard d. 7 Sep 1975
- d. Dorothy b. 1871 d. 20 Sep 1936
She was appointed Dame of Grace, Most Venerable Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem
- m. 9 Jul 1912, Stafford Henry Northcote (1869-1926), styled Viscount St Cyres, son of Walter Stafford Northcote, 2nd Earl of Iddesleigh, CB

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

No children of this marriage.

s. “Archie” Lt-Col James Archibald b. 18 Sep 1873 d. 27 Oct 1934

A rower and expert shot, and had a distinguished military career. MP for the Wilton division of Wiltshire 1900-1906 and Nottingham 1910-1912. In 1910 he inherited Basildon Park from his uncle Charles and made major improvements to the estate, building new cottages and pumping stations to supply it with water. When the First World War broke out, he returned to the Grenadier Guards. Badly wounded at the Battle of the Somme, he was invalided out of the Army and turned over Basildon Park for use as a Guards' convalescent home. He was awarded the DSO in 1916. Morrison sold off the Basildon estate to Sir Edward Iliffe in 1929 and died in 1934.

m. 2 Jan 1901, Hon Mary Hill-Trevor (12 Sep 1878 – 3 Sep 1962), dau Arthur Edwin Hill, 1st Baron Trevor of Brynkinalt and Hon Mary Catherine Curzon

d. Mary b. 6 Feb 1902

JP for Glos. 1950, High Sheriff of Gloucestershire in 1967

m. 24 Jan 1924, Major John Henry Dent-Brocklehurst

s. Geoffrey Mark

s. Simon Archibald b. 19 Sep 1903 d. 18 Aug 1969

d. Elizabeth b. 5 Jul 1909 d. 16 Dec 1995

Divorced in 1913

m. 1920, Dorothy Halton (nee Bold)

m. 1931, Gwendoline Phyllis (b. 7 Nov 1903), dau Charles Augustus Talmage (b. c1865)

s. Frank b. 1824 d. 14 Jan 1904, dsp Lived at Hole Park, Kent

m. 26 Sep 1854, Henrietta Grant d. 17 Dec 1909

d. Lucy b. 25 Sep 1825 d. Aug 1876

m. 6 Aug 1856, **George Moffatt** See below

d. Emily b. 31 Dec 1827 d. 1854

m. 7 Aug 1850, Cpt John, son of James Murray Grant, 12th of Glenmoriston

No children of this marriage.

d. Mary bap 14 Jul 1830 d. 6 Jan 1859, Basildon Park

m. 1854, Rev George Goodwin Pownall Glossop (c1828 – 23 Apr 1874)

d. Bertha (1856-1936)

m. 8 May 1877, Edward Henry Bridgeman Sawbridge

s. Henry b. 1832 d. 1850

d. Ellen b. 1834 d. 1909

s. Walter b. 21 May 1836 d. 18 Dec 1921, unnm

He left Oxford in 1858 with a first class degree and a reputation as an excellent oarsman, having rowed for Balliol as stroke. He completed his education with the Grand Tour, covering not only Europe, but Egypt, Syria and the USA. Had a lifelong interest in the history and archaeology of the Middle East. MP for Plymouth 1861-1874 and Skipton 1886-1892 and 1895-1900. A staunch supporter of the Co-operative movement which worked for improving working class housing. He was also a supporter of votes for women. In 1852 Lord Ribblesdale sold the Malham estate to

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

James Morrison and Walter inherited it in 1857 when he was 21. His father left him £300,000 in his will. He had business interests both at home and abroad, and at his death he had a huge amount of stocks and shares, 54% being in Britain and 16% in Latin America. His income was also increased on the death of his brother and sister leaving Walter with part of their fortunes to add to his own. He was an incredibly generous man, giving money to an enormous variety of causes.



After his death his gross estate was valued at around £2,000,000. The estate was left to his nephew Major James Archibald Morrison. Besides generous bequests to his servants and estate workers, he also made generous bequests to his other relatives and the residue went to his other nephew, Hugh Morrison, MP. There is the memorial panelling and plaque in Kirkby Malham Church erected in his memory in 1923 by his nephew Mr Harold Charles Moffat,

s. **George** b. 1839 d. 4 Apr 1884 High Sheriff of Wilts, 1881
Educated at Eton College, then at Balliol College, Oxford. Rowed three times for Oxford. Held the office of J.P. He lived at Hampworth Lodge .
m. Barbara Jane Poore d. 24 Jun 1907

No children of this marriage

s. Allan b. 1842 d. 1880
Educated at Eton College, then at Balliol College, Oxford. Also rowed three times for Oxford.

George Moffatt (1806-1878) b. 11 May 1806 d. 20 Feb 1878, Torquay
Tea merchant and importer. Liberal Party politician. He was MP for Dartmouth 1845–52, Ashburton 1852–59, Honiton 1860–65, and Southampton 1865–68. Initially family lived at St Leonard's House, Clewer, Berks. Purchased Goodrich Court in 1871, a neo-gothic castle in Herefordshire.

m. 1856, **Lucy Morrison** (1825-1876)

d. Alice Lucy b. 15 Mar 1858 d. 23 Feb 1922
m. 30 Dec 1880, Alphonzo Elkin **Cumberbatch**, F.R.C.S (1847-1929)
d. Ailsie Maud b. 18 Jan 1882 d. 1961
m. 29 Apr 1911, Graeme Winstanley Strode (c1884-c1929)
d. Elizabeth Hilda b. Jul 1883 Still alive 1910
m. 30 Jun 1910, Henry Seymour Moss-Blundell (b. c1872)

Had at least 3 children

s. **Hugh Charles** b. 4 Apr 1885 d. 26 Apr 1957, un m



Picture of Hugh Charles Cumberbatch

d. Helen Dorothy b. Oct 1889

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

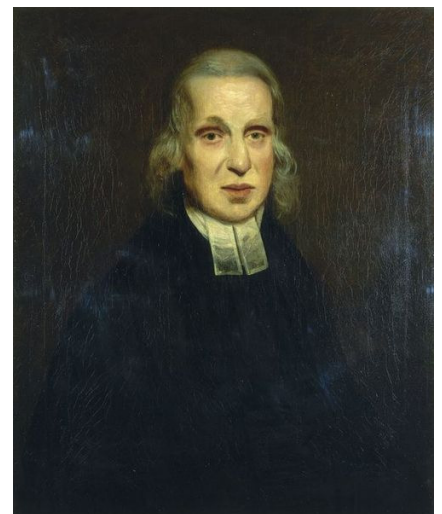
Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- s. **Harold Charles Moffatt** b. 12 Sep 1859 d. 3 Mar 1945
m. Jul 1882, Mary Blanche Philippa Oakley b. 1862 d. 1938/42
 Dau of Thomas William Oakley (1816-1890) & Jane Anne Fisher
- s. Cecil Harold b. 11 Jul 1883 d. Jun 1916
s. George b. 14 Jul 1884 d. 11 Nov 1884, infant
d. Dorothy b. 2 Jun 1886 d. 1956
 m. 11 Dec 1907, Guy Rawson Trafford
 s. Died young (? Guy Harold Trafford, d. 1933)
 s. John Lionel d. 1978, unmm
 d. Cicely
 d. Anne
- d. Ruby Clara b. 1887 d. 1937
 m. 24 Apr 1919, Lt Col J. H. **Anderson**, C.B.E., A.I.F., eldest son of
 Dr. Fisher Anderson of Woodend, Victoria, Australia
 s. **Nigel James Moffatt Anderson** (1920- 23 May 2008)
 m. Phyllis Daphne ?
 s. Nigel Donald
- d. Phyllis Blanche b. Jan 1891 d. 1955
 m. 9 Aug 1912, Henry Otho Nicholas Shaw, son of Otho Shaw
- d. Ethel Gwendoline b. Feb 1861
 m. (Possibly?) 26 Oct 1882, Col. Sir Charles Edward Howard Vincent (1849-1908),
 KCMG CB, DL, son of Rev. Sir Frederick Vincent, Bt.
 d. Vera Howard Vincent
- d. Hilda Eva b. 6 Sep 1862 d. 3 Jun 1947
 m. 13 Mar 1884, Col Hon George Hugh (1852-1900), CB,
 son of Major George Gough, 2nd Viscount Gough of Goojerat
 Had 4 sons and 2 daughters

The Nelson and Bolton Families

The Nelson family

Reverend Edmund Nelson (1722 – 1802) was an Anglican clergyman during the eighteenth century, most famous as the father of Horatio Nelson. Edmund was born in Cambridge on 19 March 1722, one of eight children of the Reverend Edmund Nelson and Mary Bland. The Nelsons were an old Norfolk family and were moderately prosperous. Edmund was baptised on 29 March 1723 at the parish church at East Bradenham. Three of his siblings died in infancy, whilst Edmund himself had a weak and sickly constitution. He was educated at a number of Norfolk schools before attending Caius College, Cambridge. He attained a bachelor's degree, followed by a Master's, after which he left to become curate at his father's church in Sporle.



He then worked under Rev Thomas Page at Beccles and on his father's death in 1747, Edmund succeeded to the livings of Hilborough and Beccles. During his time at Beccles, Edmund met Catherine Suckling, and

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

married her on 11 May 1749 at Bath, Somerset. Catherine was the daughter of Rev Maurice Suckling, and her grandmother had been the sister of Sir Robert Walpole. The family therefore became distant relations of the powerful Earls of Orford. Catherine's immediate family, including her brother Maurice Suckling, provided an important influence that would help the Nelsons' children in their early years.



The couple moved to Swaffham after their marriage where Catherine bore Edmund three children; two died in infancy and a third named Maurice (1753-1801) survived. They then moved to Sporle, where on 12 Jun 1755 Catherine gave birth to the couple's first daughter, Susannah (1755-1813). Also in 1755 Horace Walpole offered Edmund the position of rector at Burnham Thorpe. Edmund accepted and the two settled at the rectory. William was born on 20 Apr 1757, and on 29 Sep 1758 Catherine gave birth to Horatio, naming him after their benefactor and the young Horatio's godparent, Horace Walpole. Horatio was a sickly child, and Edmund feared he would not live long enough to be baptised at the public ceremony arranged for the 15 Nov, so Horatio was baptised at a private ceremony on 9 Oct 1758.

Further children followed; namely Ann (1760), Edmund (1762), Suckling (1764), George (1765, died aged 3 months) and Catherine (1767). Edmund's wife Catherine died on 26 December 1767, leaving him with eight children.

The concern that he might fail to do the best for his children remained with him all his life. He duly decided to send William and Horatio, or Horace as the boy preferred to be known at this stage in his life, to Norwich School. Edmund eventually found suitable positions and schooling for all of his children, and when Horatio asked his father to write to Maurice Suckling and request a place for him on his ship, Edmund did so. Despite Maurice's apparent misgivings, he agreed to take Horatio Nelson into the service.

As his children left the home and went off to their new lives, Edmund remained at Burnham Thorpe. He lived a modest quiet life, but continued to follow the lives and careers of his children with interest. He had a modest income provided by his work as a parson, as well as several small investments and the legacy of his daughter Ann, who had died in 1784. In 1787, Horatio returned to England after serving in the West Indies, bringing with him his new wife, Frances Nisbet, informally known as 'Fanny'. Horatio had spent a considerable amount of time attempting to obtain command of another ship, but finally recognised this was unlikely to occur in the near future, and bowed to Fanny's wishes to settle and start a household. Despite Edmund's initial reluctance to meet them, he found Fanny to be an enduring friend, and Horatio to be a dutiful and caring son. Edmund moved out of the rectory in 1790 to let the couple start to establish their own household. He settled in a cottage at Burnham Ulph, but made frequent visits to the couple.

Edmund's declining health made him more and more dependent on Fanny, whilst he sought to act as her guardian while Horatio was away. Edmund however remained dismayed by the breakdown of his son's marriage and wrote to Horatio on occasion to rebuke him for his neglect of Fanny. He did however visit Horatio at Merton Place, where he was living with William and Emma Hamilton.

Edmund was in declining health by early 1802. Fanny had travelled from London to be at his side, but Horatio remained at Merton Place. The Rev Edmund Nelson died on 26 Apr 1802 at the age of 80. His son did not attend the funeral held at Burnham Thorpe on 11 May, but did pay the funeral expenses. Edmund

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Nelson was described by a later biographer of Lord Nelson as 'kind, modest and generous...to be counted on in times of trouble.' He also possessed a dry sense of humour.

Prior to Richard Nelson, ancestry information is rather contradictory and confusing.

Richard Nelson (b. c1496) of Mawdesley, Lancs.

m. 1526, Mary Booth (b.c1506)

Had at least 5 sons (one died in infancy), including **Thomas** (1529-1590)

Thomas Nelson (c1529-1617) of Fairhurst, Yorks.

His father was Richard Nelson of Mawdesley, Lancs.

m. 1548, Cecilia (1543-1563), dau of Ralph Maxey

Had at least 6 sons including **William** (1558-1598) and 1 daughter

William Nelson (1558-1598)

m. c1575, Judith (b. c1550), dau of Michael Clinton (b. c1520) of London and his wife Elizabeth Cottell (b. c1525)

Had at least 7 sons , including **Thomas** (1580-1654) and 2 daughters

Thomas Nelson (1580-1654)

b. 1580

d. 28 Jul 1654

m. c1600, Elizabeth Bates (b. c1584)

Had at least 2 sons including **Edmund** below and 3 daughters.

Edmund Nelson (b. c1603) of Wendling, Norfolk

m. 12 Apr 1635, Joanna Griffin

Had at least 1 son and 2 daughters

m. Alice

Had at least 2 sons including **William** (1654-1713) and 1 daughter.

William Nelson (1654-1713)

bap 24 Mar 1654

d. 27 Jan 1713, London

Initially of Scarning and then Dunham Parva, Norfolk.

m. 10 Sep 1680, Mary (c1657 – 2 Jan 1731), dau of Thomas Shene

s. Thomas

b. 19 Jul 1683

d. 22 Apr 1762

d. Alice

b. c1687

s. William

b. 18 Feb 1688

d. 29 Jan 1773

s. **Edmund** See below

Rev Edmund Nelson (1693-1747)

b. 4 Nov 1693

d. 23 Oct 1747

He graduated with a Master of Arts (M.A.) He was Vicar at Sporle, Norfolk and then Rector at Hillborough, Norfolk.

m. c1713, Mary (24 Aug 1698 – 4 Jul 1789), dau John Bland, baker at Petty Cury, Cambs.

Had 10 children, but only 5 appear to have survived to adulthood. That included **Edmund** (1722-1802). See below.

Rev Edmund Nelson (1722 – 1802)

b. 19 Mar 1722

d. 26 Apr 1802

m. 11 May 1749, Catherine (9 May 1725 - 26 Dec 1767), dau Rev Maurice Suckling

s. Edmund

b. 5 Apr 1750

d. Aug 1750, infant

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Horatio	b. 28 Jul 1751	d. Nov 1751, infant	
s. Maurice	b. 24 May 1753	d. 24 Apr 1801	
d. Susannah	b. 12 Jun 1755	d. 13 Jul 1813	Shop assistant at Bath, Somerset
	m. 5 Aug 1780, Thomas Bolton (1752-1834)		See below
s. William	b. 20 Apr 1757	d. 28 Feb 1835	
s. Horatio	b. 29 Sep 1758	d. 21 Oct 1805	See below
d. Anne	b. 20 Sep 1760	d. 15 Nov 1783	
s. Edmund	b. 4 Jun 1762	d. 13 Jul 1813	
s. Suckling	b. 5 Jan 1764	d. Apr 1797	
s. George	b. 13 Dec 1765	d. 21 Mar 1766, infant	
d. Catherine	b. 19 Mar 1767	d. 28 Mar 1842	
	m. 26 Feb 1787, George , son of Simon Matcham and Elizabeth Peirce Bidwell.		
	(See Matcham family details)		

Horatio Nelson, 1st Viscount Nelson, KB (29 September 1758 – 21 October 1805)

There are several online works of reference detailing the life and naval career of Admiral Lord Nelson, including that on Wikipedia. This history only contains information relating to his career and ennoblement and to establish his connection with the Bolton, Eyre and Girdlestone families.

Horatio Nelson was famous for his service in the Royal Navy, particularly during the Napoleonic Wars. He was noted for his inspirational leadership and superb grasp of strategy and unconventional tactics, which resulted in a number of decisive naval victories. He was wounded several times in combat, losing one arm in the unsuccessful attempt to conquer Santa Cruz de Tenerife and the sight in one eye in Corsica. Given its strategic importance, some historians regard Nelson's achievement at the Nile as the most significant of his career, even greater than that at Trafalgar seven years later. Of his several victories, the best known and most notable was the Battle of Trafalgar in 1805, during which he was shot and fatally injured.



Horatio Nelson was born on 29 Sep 1758 in the Rectory at Burnham Thorpe, Norfolk, the sixth of eleven children of the Rev Edmund Nelson and his wife Catherine. His mother, who died when he was nine years old, was a grandniece of Robert Walpole, 1st Earl of Orford, first Prime Minister of Great Britain.

Nelson attended Paston Grammar School, North Walsham, until he was 12 years old, and also attended King Edward VI's Grammar School in Norwich. His naval career began on 1 Jan 1771, when he reported to the third-rate HMS *Raisonnable* as an Ordinary Seaman and coxswain under his maternal uncle Captain Maurice Suckling, who commanded the vessel. Shortly after reporting aboard, Nelson was appointed a midshipman and began officer training. Early in his service, Nelson discovered that he suffered from seasickness, a chronic complaint that dogged him for the rest of his life.



In 1784 he received command of the frigate HMS *Boreas* with the assignment to enforce the Navigation Acts in the vicinity of

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Antigua. Here Nelson met Frances "Fanny" Nisbet, a young widow from a Nevis plantation family. Nelson and Nisbet were married at Montpelier Estate on the island of Nevis on 11 Mar 1787, shortly before the end of his tour of duty in the Caribbean. Nelson returned to England in July, with Fanny following later. Nelson remained with *Boreas* until she was paid off in November that year. He and Fanny then divided their time between Bath and London, occasionally visiting Nelson's relations in Norfolk. In 1788 they settled at Nelson's childhood home at Burnham Thorpe.

During the battle of Santa Cruz de Tenerife in 1797, Nelson was hit in the right arm by a musketball, which fractured his humerus bone in multiple places. Most of the right arm was amputated. He returned to England aboard HMS *Seahorse*, arriving at Spithead on 1 Sep 1797. Nelson returned to Bath with Fanny, before moving to London in October to seek expert medical attention concerning his amputated arm. He spent the last months of 1797 recuperating in London, during which he was awarded the Freedom of the City of London and an annual pension of £1,000 a year. He used the money to buy Round Wood Farm near Ipswich, and intended to retire there with Fanny. Despite his plans, Nelson was never to live there.

Late on 1 Aug 1798 the British fleet under the command of Nelson defeated the French fleet in the Battle of the Nile. Given its strategic importance, some historians regard Nelson's achievement at the Nile as the most significant of his career, even greater than that at Trafalgar seven years later.

Nelson wrote dispatches to the Admiralty and oversaw temporary repairs to the *Vanguard*, before sailing to Naples where he was met with enthusiastic celebrations. The King of Naples, in company with the Hamiltons, greeted him in person when he arrived at the port and William Hamilton invited Nelson to stay at their house. Celebrations were held in honour of Nelson's birthday that September, and he attended a banquet at the Hamiltons', where other officers had begun to notice his attention to Emma. He made frequent visits to attend functions in his honour, or to tour nearby attractions with Emma, with whom he had by now fallen deeply in love, almost constantly at his side. Rumours of Nelson's close relationship with Emma Hamilton were also circulating in London, and Earl Spencer wrote a pointed letter suggesting that he return home.

The recall of Sir William Hamilton to Britain was a further incentive for Nelson to return, although he and the Hamiltons initially sailed from Naples on a brief cruise around Malta aboard the *Foudroyant* in April 1800. It was on this voyage that Horatio and Emma's illegitimate daughter Horatia was probably conceived.

He subsequently made his way to London, arriving on 9 Nov 1800. He attended court and was guest of honour at a number of banquets and balls. It was during this period that Fanny Nelson and Emma Hamilton met for the first time. During this period, Nelson was reported as being cold and distant to his wife and his attention to Emma became the subject of gossip. With the marriage breaking down, Nelson began to hate even being in the same room as Fanny. Events came to a head around Christmas, when according to Nelson's solicitor, Fanny issued an ultimatum on whether he was to choose her or Emma. Nelson replied: *I love you sincerely but I cannot forget my obligations to Lady Hamilton or speak of her otherwise than with affection and admiration.* The two never lived together again after this.



As a reward for the victory at the Battle of Copenhagen, he was created Viscount Nelson of the Nile and of Burnham Thorpe in the County of Norfolk, on 19 May 1801. In addition, on 4 Aug 1801, he was created

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Baron Nelson of the Nile and of Hilborough in the County of Norfolk, this time **with a special remainder** to his father and sisters.

On 22 Oct 1801 the Peace of Amiens was signed between the British and the French, and Nelson – in poor health again – retired to Britain where he stayed with Sir William and Lady Hamilton. Nelson often found himself received as a hero and was the centre of celebrations and events held in his honour. In 1802, Nelson bought Merton Place, a country estate in Merton, Surrey (now south-west London) where he lived briefly with the Hamiltons until William's death in April 1803.

Nelson returned briefly to Merton to set his affairs in order and bid farewell to Emma, before travelling back to London and then on to Portsmouth, arriving there early in the morning of 14 Sep 1805. *Victory* joined the British fleet off Cádiz on 27 Sep 1805, Nelson taking over from Rear-Admiral Collingwood. He spent the following weeks preparing and refining his tactics for the anticipated battle and dining with his captains to ensure they understood his intentions

At four o'clock in the morning of 21 October, Nelson ordered the *Victory* to turn towards the approaching enemy fleet, and signaled to the rest of his force to battle stations. He then went below and made his Will, before returning to the quarterdeck to carry out an inspection. *Victory* came under fire, initially passing wide, but then with greater accuracy as the distances decreased. A cannonball struck and killed Nelson's secretary, John Scott, nearly cutting him in two. Hardy's clerk took over, but he too was almost immediately killed. *Victory's* wheel was shot away, and another cannonball cut down eight marines. Hardy, standing next to Nelson on the quarterdeck, had his shoe buckle dented by a splinter. The *Victory* had by now reached the enemy line, and Hardy asked Nelson which ship to engage first. Nelson told him to take his pick, and Hardy moved *Victory* across the stern of the 80-gun French flagship *Bucentaure*. *Victory* then came under fire from the 74-gun *Redoubtable*, lying off the *Bucentaure's* stern, and the 130-gun *Santísima Trinidad*.

As snipers from the enemy ships fired onto *Victory's* deck from their rigging, Nelson and Hardy continued to walk about, directing and giving orders. Shortly after one o'clock, Hardy realised that Nelson was not by his side. He turned to see Nelson kneeling on the deck, supporting himself with his hand, before falling onto his side. He had been hit by a marksman from the *Redoubtable*, firing at a range of 50 feet (15 m). The bullet had entered his left shoulder, passed through his spine at the sixth and seventh thoracic vertebrae, and lodged two inches (5 cm) below his right shoulder blade in the muscles of his back.

Nelson was carried below by sergeant-major of marines Robert Adair and two seamen. He was taken to the surgeon William Beatty, telling him "You can do nothing for me. I have but a short time to live. My back is shot through." Nelson was made comfortable, fanned and brought lemonade and watered wine to drink after he complained of feeling hot and thirsty. He asked several times to see Hardy, who was on deck supervising the battle, and asked Beatty to remember him to Emma, his daughter and his friends.

Hardy came below decks to see Nelson just after half-past two, and informed him that a number of enemy ships had surrendered. Nelson told him that he was sure to die, and begged him to pass his possessions to Emma. Nelson died at half-past four, three hours after he had been shot. Collingwood's dispatches about the battle were carried to England aboard HMS *Pickle*, and when the news arrived in London, a messenger was sent to Merton Place to bring the news of Nelson's death to Emma Hamilton.

Nelson had no legitimate children; his daughter Horatia subsequently married the Rev. Philip Ward, with whom she had ten children before her death in 1881. Because Lord Nelson died without legitimate issue, his viscounty and his barony created in 1798, both "of the Nile and of Burnham Thorpe in the County of

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Norfolk", became extinct upon his death. However, the barony created in 1801, "of the Nile and of Hilborough in the County of Norfolk", passed by a special remainder, which included Lord Nelson's father and sisters and their male issue. Consequently the title passed to Lord Nelson's brother, the Rev William Nelson.

Rev William Nelson, 1st Earl Nelson, 2nd Duke of Bronté (1757-1835)

William Nelson was born on 20 Apr 1757 to the Rev Edmund Nelson (1722–1802) and Catherine Suckling. (See details above). He was the elder brother of Horatio Nelson, 1st Viscount Nelson. He was educated at Norwich Grammar School and Christ's College Cambridge (BA, MA, DD).

Like his father, he was ordained into the Church of England and in 1784 became Rector of Brandon Parva, Norfolk. He later became Rector of Hilborough, Norfolk, in 1797 and then in 1803 to 1835 he was Prebendary of Canterbury.

Following the death of his first wife, on 26 Mar 1829 he married Hilare Barlow, daughter of Admiral Sir Robert Barlow and Elizabeth Garrett. She was the widow of Captain George Ulric Barlow. There were no children of this second marriage.

He succeeded by a special remainder to one of his younger brother's baronies (Baron Nelson, of the Nile and of Hilborough in the County of Norfolk, created in 1801) on the death of his brother, as well as to the Dukedom of Bronté, of the Kingdom of the Two Sicilies. A month later, on 20 Nov 1805, in honour of his late brother's achievements, he was created Earl Nelson and Viscount Merton, both of Trafalgar and of Merton in the County of Surrey, with remainder failing his issue male to the heirs male of the body of his sister Susannah, wife of Thomas Bolton of Wells, Norfolk, and failing them to the heirs male of the body of his other sister Catherine, wife of George Matcham of Ashfold Lodge, Slaugham, Sussex.

By an Act of Parliament in 1806 an annuity of £5,000 was settled on the Earl and his successors in that title and a sum of £90,000 set apart for the purchase of the estate of Standlynch House, Downton, near Salisbury, later known as Trafalgar Park, and the surname of Nelson was to be taken by every inheritor of the title. (Trafalgar Park was held by the Earls Nelson until 1948; the pension of £5,000 a year was discontinued without compensation on the death of the 5th Earl Nelson in 1951).

He died on 28 Feb 1835 without surviving male issue, and all his British titles passed to Thomas Bolton (1786-1835), the son of his eldest sister Susannah, while the Italian dukedom passed to his daughter Charlotte, Lady Bridport.

m. 9 Nov 1786, Sarah (d. 13 Apr 1828), dau of Rev Henry Yonge, Vicar of Great Torrington, Devon.

d. Charlotte Mary (1787-1874), who inherited the title Duchess of Bronté

m. 3 Jul 1810, Samuel Hood, 2nd Baron Bridport

d. Mary Sophia d. 29 Jan 1888

d. Charlotte d. 21 Aug 1906

d. Frances Caroline b. 1813 d. 1 Oct 1903

s. Alexander b. 23 Dec 1814 d. 4 Jun 1904

His title was General, 1st Viscount Bridport

d. Jane Sarah b. 14 Jan 1817 d. 28 Apr 1907

d. Catherine Louisa b. 25 Mar 1818 d. 6 Oct 1803

s. Horatio Nelson b. 24 Apr 1826 d. 1832

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Horatio Nelson (1788-1808), later styled Viscount Trafalgar (dsp, unmarried).

m. 26 Mar 1829, Hilare, dau of Admiral Sir Robert Barlow and Elizabeth Garrett. She was the widow of Captain George Ulric Barlow. There were no children of this second marriage.

The Bolton family

Ancestry information regarding the Bolton family is mainly gathered from the peerage, family search and Wikipedia websites.

Thomas Bolton (1538-1587) b. 1538, Suffolk d. 1587, Woodbridge, Suffolk
m. Anne (1542 - 11 May 1611), dau of Henry Eden and Elizabeth Higham of Bury St Edmunds
Had 5 sons and 5 daughters. **Thomas** below was their 3rd son.

Thomas Bolton (1569-1617) b. 1569, Woodbridge, Suffolk d. 23 Mar 1617, Woodbridge
m. 3 Apr 1592, Alice (b. c1571), dau of John Curtis (b. c1540) of Woodbridge, Suffolk
Had 4 sons and 6 daughters, including the eldest son **Thomas** below.

Thomas Bolton (1595-1666) bap 27 Jul 1595, Woodbridge, Suffolk d. 1666, Woodbridge
m. c1608, Catherine (b. c1596)
Had at least 4 sons (one died in infancy) and 1 daughter.

m. c1618, Mary (1600-1687), dau Thomas Wiseman (1557-1624) and Alice Myles (1555-1623)
Had at least 5 sons including **Edmund** below and 2 daughters.
Mary previously married to Robert Bird (b. c1578) in 1603.

Edmund Bolton (1623-1705) b. 1623, Woodbridge, Suffolk d. 25 Oct 1705, Woodbridge
m. Anne (b. c1626)
Had at least 2 sons, including **Samuel** below.

Samuel Bolton (1668-1726) bap Jul 1668, Woodbridge, Suffolk d. 4 May 1726, Woodbridge
m. 13 Feb 1695, Alice (1670-1712), dau of Thomas Carey and Katherine Mundy
Had 4 sons and 4 daughters, including eldest son **Thomas** below.

Thomas Bolton (1697-1772) b. 7 Apr 1697, Woodbridge, Suffolk d. 10 Jan 1772, Ipswich
m. c1718, Martha (b. c1699), dau of John Bird (b. 1659)
Had at least 2 sons including **Samuel** below and 2 daughters,.

Samuel Bolton (1733-1776) b. 1733, Coddendam, Suffolk d. 31 Aug 1776
m. 18 Feb 1749, Anne (1731-1784), dau of Edward Minter
s. Samuel b. 1750 d. 1805
s. Rev William b. 1751 d. 8 Mar 1840
s. **Thomas** b. 11 Dec 1752 d. 17 Oct 1834 See below
d. **Ann** b. 1753 d. 1841
m. 1783, **Henry John Girdlestone (1745-1805)** See elsewhere
d. Rebecca b. 1759 d. 21 Apr 1841

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Thomas Bolton (1752-1834) b. 11 Dec 1752 d. 17 Oct 1834 at the age of 81
He was a merchant living in Wells-next-the-Sea, Norfolk, dealing in corn, malt and coal.
m. 5 Aug 1780, **Susannah (1755-1813)**, dau Rev Edmund Nelson See above
d. Jemima Susannah d. 10 Aug 1864
d. Catharine d. 22 Apr 1857
 m. Capt Sir William Bolton (d. 1 Dec 1830) on 18 May 1803. No children.
d. Elizabeth Anne
 m. **Rev Henry Girdlestone**, son of Henry John Girdlestone (1745-1805).
 s. Henry b. 30 Oct 1814 d. 22 Jan 1895
 s. Francis b. c1825 d. 1885 Curate and Rector of Landford
 s. Nelson b. 1826 d. 1912
s. **Thomas**, 2nd Earl Nelson of Trafalgar and of Merton See below
s. George b. 10 Nov 1787 d. 1799 at sea

Thomas Nelson, 2nd Earl Nelson (1786–1835)

Born Thomas Bolton on 7 July 1786 to Thomas Bolton (1752-1834) and Susannah Nelson, daughter of the Rev. Edmund Nelson. He was educated at Norwich High School and St Peter's College, Cambridge, graduating MA in 1814. He was the nephew of Admiral Lord Nelson. Bolton changed his name to Nelson on inheriting the earldom. He married **Frances Elizabeth Eyre**, daughter of John Maurice Eyre of Landford, Wilts. Further details given below.

He was High Sheriff of Wiltshire in 1834. He died on 1 Nov 1835 at Brickworth House, Whiteparish and his funeral took place on the 9th November in the Chapel at Trafalgar House, Standlych. The service was conducted by the Rev G.F. Everett who was married to Frances Eyre, daughter of Henry Eyre and Frances Tripp.

Extracts from his obituary in the Gentleman's Magazine read as follows.

On succeeding to the title his Lordship assumed for himself and his issue the name of Nelson, in pursuance of an Act of Parliament passed in 1806. He was an amiable and domestic character, fond of country life and not ambitious to interfere in public affairs.

His Lordship's funeral took place on the 9 Nov in the Chapel at Trafalgar (Standlynch) attended by his sons. The service was performed by the Rev. G. F. Everett. The pension of 5,000 pounds has not expired, (as stated in the newspapers), but is permanently annexed to the Earldom. It is a remarkable circumstance noticed by Mr Matcham, (the cousin of the late Earl), in his History of the Hundred of Downton just published that the Countess Nelson is descended from the Brocklands (sic), the ancient possessors of Standlynch, the estate purchased for the (Nelson) family by the nation and now called Trafalgar; and this in the present youthful Earl the property has devolved again to the blood of its former owners.

m. 21 Feb 1821, Frances Elizabeth (1796-1878), dau and sole heiress of John Maurice Eyre of Landford and Frances Foyle.
s. Horatio, 3rd Earl Nelson b. 1823 d. 1913
 m. 28 Jul 1845, Mary Jane Diana Agar (1822-1904)
s. John Horatio b. 1825 d. 1917
 m. 27 Aug 1857, Susan Spencer-Churchill (d. 1898)
d. Frances Catherine b. 1826 d. 1877
 m. 25 Jan 1855, Robert John Petteward

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

d. Elizabeth	b. 1827	d. 1830	d. aged 33mths
d. Caroline	b. 1828	d. 1829	d. aged 7mths
d. Susannah	b. 1830	d. 1900	dsp
m. 27 Jun 1865, Rev Alexander Colvin Blunt (1831-1920)			
s. Maurice Horatio	b. 1832	d. 1914	Rear Admiral
Legally changed his name from Bolton to Maurice Horation Nelson			
m. 21 Apr 1863, Emily, dau of Adm Sir Charles Burrard, 2 nd Bt and Louisa Lushington.			
s. Cpt Maurice Henry Horatio		b. 17 Nov 1864	d. 23 Dec 1942
d. Maud Mary		b. 20 Nov 1865	d. 15 Jul 1943
s. Rev Edward John		b. 4 Oct 1867	d. 1940
s. Charles Burrard		b. 27 Nov 1868	d. 2 Aug 1931
See Part 6 – <i>Landford Cottage</i> for further details			
d. Emily Frances		b. 22 Mar 1870	d. 21 Jul 1961
s. Horatio William		b. 18 Jun 1871	d. 6 Aug 1910
d. Alice		b. 30 Apr 1876	d. c1966
s. Rev Edward Foyle	b. 1833	d. 1859	
s. Henry	b. 1835	d. 1863,	unm. As result of a riding accident.

Frances Elizabeth Eyre, Countess Nelson (1796-1878)

This appendix only contains a summary of the life of Countess Nelson. A more detailed account is provided in *Part 3 – Landford Manor* and *Appendix 2 – The Eyre Family*. The Internet contains a great deal more information about successive generations of the Nelson family.

The only child of John Maurice Eyre (1753-1815) of Landford, Frances Elizabeth Eyre was born on 1 Mar 1796. She married Thomas Bolton Esq. on 21 February 1821, who succeeded to the title of Earl Nelson on the death of his uncle, William Nelson, the brother of Admiral Lord Nelson. (See above.)



As a result of this marriage between Thomas Bolton and Frances Elizabeth Eyre, besides the ancestral property of Trafalgar at Standlynch, the family inherited the Brickworth estate in Whiteparish, the Landford Manor estate, the Cholderton manor estate, the manor of Fisherton Anger, Salisbury and property in Redlynch.

According to the 1841 Census for Whiteparish, Countess Nelson was living there (presumably at Brickworth Manor) along with her sons Edward and Henry and ten servants. Details are available online recording the extent of the property owned in 1842 in Whiteparish alone, covering some 1,356 acres. The 1839 tithe map for Landford shows that Countess Nelson owned some 600 acres in Landford and she also owned the Landford Lodge estate from 1848 to 1859, which occupied some 118 acres. In 1860 Brickworth Mansion was destroyed by fire and rebuilt. Landford Common was enclosed in 1861, with most of the land allocated to Lady Nelson (640 out of 740 acres).

The Dowager Countess Nelson as she was by then, died at Landford House on 28th March 1878, having resided there the last seventeen years of her life.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

The Peto and Crossley families

The Peto family

James Peto (1743-1794)

m. 30 Jan 1766, Mary Bennett (c1742-1832)

s. James	bap 17 Apr 1767	
s. William	bap 20 Jul 1768	
d. Mary	bap 1 Apr 1770	
s. John	bap 7 Aug 1771	
s. Henry	bap 15 Jun 1774	d. 15 Sep 1830

In 1815, Henry's nephew Thomas Grissell was articled to him. On 7 Dec 1824 took Samuel Morton Peto as his apprentice and Thomas Grissell became a partner in 1825. Left his business to his nephews Thomas Grissell and Samuel Morton Peto.

d. Fanny	b. 6 Oct 1775	d. 11 Oct 1841
d. Ann Eleanor	b. 13 Jun 1777	d. 28 Jul 1847

m. 10 Jan 1801, Thomas De La Grissell

Their dau Mary m. Samuel Morton Peto; See below.

s. Charles	b. 24 Nov 1778	d. 24 Feb 1825
d. Elizabeth	b. 30 Dec 1782	

William Peto (1768-1849)

d. 13 Jan 1849, Cookham, Berks

m. Sophia (1783-1869), dau Ralph Alloway (b. 1746) of Dorking and Anne Martyr

s. Samuel Morton	b. 4 Aug 1809. See below	
s. William	b. 25 Sep 1811 at Woking, Surrey	d. 1889
d. Sophia	bap 14 Jul 1813	
s. James	b. 1815	d. Apr 1901
d. Ann	b. 1821	

m. Edward Betts

Sir Samuel Morton Peto, 1st Bt (1809-1889)

Born on 4 August 1809 in Woking, Surrey, eldest son of William Peto (1776-1849) of Cookham, Berks. Attended two years at Jardine's boarding-school at Brixton Hill, Surrey. Initially he was apprenticed as a bricklayer to his uncle Henry Peto, who ran a building firm in London. When his uncle died in 1830, Peto and his older cousin, Thomas Grissell (who had been a partner to his uncle for five years), went into partnership. The firm of Grissell and Peto (1830-1847) built many well-known buildings in London, including Nelson's Column (1843) and the vast project of the London brick sewer.



In 1834 Peto saw the potential of the newly developing railways and dissolved the connection with his uncle's building firm. He and his cousin Grissell founded a business as an independent railway contractor. Grissell became increasingly nervous of the risks taken by Peto, and in 1846 dissolved the partnership. In 1848 Peto and Edward Betts (who had married Peto's sister Ann) entered into a formal partnership and together they were to work on a large number of railway contracts. In 1854 during the Crimean War, Peto, Betts and Brassey constructed the Grand Crimean Central Railway between Balaklava and Sevastopol to transport supplies to the troops at the front line.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

In February 1855 the British government recognised Peto for his wartime services; he was made Baronet of Somerleyton Hall in the County of Suffolk. Further railway development was carried out in both Denmark and the Duchy of Schleswig, Germany.

The Peto and Betts partnership became insolvent in 1866 due to a combination of the failure of their bank, and their involvement in the failure of the London Chatham and Dover Railway.

Besides his commercial activities, having bought Somerleyton Hall in 1844, he rebuilt the hall with contemporary facilities and constructed the school and more houses in the village. He was MP for Norwich from 1847-1854, for Finsbury in London from 1859-1865 and for Bristol from 1868-1868. He helped with the financial guarantee on The Great Exhibition of 1851.

However, following his commercial failure, his personal reputation was badly damaged. In 1865 he was living at Auchline House in Killin, Perthshire. He had to give up his seat in parliament in 1868. He then attempted to promote several railway projects in both Russia and Hungary. He returned to this country and died 13 November 1889 in obscurity in Tunbridge Wells, Kent.

m. 18 May 1831, Mary (1807-1842), his 1st cousin and eldest dau Thomas De La Garde Grissell (1778-1847) and his wife Ann Eleanor Peto (1777-1847), a sister of Henry Peto, Esq. They were children of James Peto and his wife Mary. (See above)

d. Mary bap 18 May 1832 d. 1910

m. 1852, Penruddocke Wyndhham

Had 2 daughters

d. Ann Morton bap 20 Feb 1834 d. 15 Sep 1887

m. 25 Apr 1854, James Alexander Campbell

Had 1 son and 3 daughters

d. Sophia b. 1836 d. 1856

s. Henry 2nd Bt, bap 22 Apr 1841 d. 1938 at Bridport, Dorset

m. 12 Jul 1843, Sarah Ainsworth (1821-1892), dau Henry Kelsall of Rochdale

s. Morton Kelsall b. Mar 1846 d. 13 Mar 1921, Wincanton, Somerset

d. **Sarah Maude** b. 1847 d. 1938

m. 29 Oct 1874, Clement Crossley

s. Philip

s. Alwyne

s. William Herbert b. 15 Jan 1849 d. 20 Sep 1927

m. Kate Jane Harding (b. 18 Sep 1850)

Had 5 sons and 3 daughters

d. Emily Lydia b. 1 Nov 1850 d. 1931

s. Samuel Arthur b. 1853 d. 21 Jan 1942, Thanet, Kent

s. Harold Ainsworth (1855-1933) Celebrated landscape architect

d. Ellen Edith (1857-1920)

m. 5 Jun 1883, William Rowland Mitchell (1829-1925)

s. Frank Kelsall b. 1858 d. 1935

d. Helen Agnes b. 1860 at Somerleyton d. 1920

m. Lawrence Ingham Baker

s. Basil Edward (1862-1945) Created Bt in 1927

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. 30 Aug 1892, Mary Matilda Annie Baird
Had 3 sons.

The Crossley family

John Crossley (c.1772-1837), the founder of the family firm, J Crossley & Sons of Dean Clough Mills, Halifax, was the fifth of 8 children of John Crossley (1741–1820), a carpet weaver of Halifax, and his wife Bethia (1739–1788). In 1788 Crossley was apprenticed as a carpet weaver at the age of sixteen to his uncle, John Webster of Clay Pits. Following an industrial injury he transferred to loom tuning, which led to his appointment as manager of Job Lees's carpet factory, in the Lower George Yard, Halifax. He became a partner with Lees. After Lees's death in 1801, Crossley formed new partnerships in rapid succession. Those partnerships were dissolved in 1822 and Crossley set up his own business. In 1830 he purchased the carpet manufacturing business of Messrs Abbot and Ellerton, his former partners.

He married Martha Turner (1775-1854) in 1801, and she became a major influence on the development of the business. John Crossley died in 1837 and his 3 youngest sons, John, **Joseph**, and Francis Crossley continued the business after his death as John Crossley and Sons.

Steam power had already been used extensively in the manufacture of other textile fabrics, and the Crossleys correctly identified its value to their own business. They acquired patents, and then devised and patented improvements which placed them far in advance of the rest of the trade, and gave them the monopoly of a brand of carpet which was subsequently for many years manufactured in greater quantity than any other. One type of loom, for which they owned the patent, had six times the output of the old hand loom. The possession of this loom and the acquisition of other patents compelled the manufacturers of tapestry and Brussels carpets to abandon their hand looms, and to apply to Crossley for licences to work the firm's patents. Very large sums thus accrued to them from royalties.

The business continued to expand and in 1866 they purchased 2 new mills. Sir Francis Crossley (1817–1872) who played a prominent role in the politics of Halifax and married Martha Eliza Brinton of Kidderminster in 1845, died in 1872 and then his brother John Crossley (1812-1879) MP, died in 1879, by which time the business had become the largest carpet manufacturing firm in the world.

After various acquisitions and mergers, the company was finally merged with Carpet Manufacturing Co. to form Carpets International in 1969.

John Crossley (b. 1688) Of Blackwood House, Skircoat, and later of Southowram, West Yorks.
m. 1709, Hannah Longbottom
s. **Thomas** b. 1717 d. 1797 See below

Thomas Crossley (1717-1797)
m. c1740, Elizabeth Holden
s. **John** b. 1741 d. 1820 See below
s. Thomas b. after 1743

John Crossley (1741–1820)
m. Bethiah Webster b. 1739 d. 1788
Had 8 children

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- John Savile Francis Crossley b. c.1772 d. 1837 5th child of John above
m. 28 Jan 1801, Martha (1775 - 26 Nov 1854), dau of Abram Turner and Sarah Appleyard
d. Martha b. 1803 d. 1828
s. Charles b. 1805 d. 1805
d. Elizabeth b. 1806 d. 1834
s. Thomas b. 1809 d. 1874
s. Robert b. 1810 d. 1888
s. John b. 16 May 1812 d. 16 April 1879
MP for Halifax, 1874 to 1877. Married twice. Only son was Louis John Crossley.
Had daughters.
s. **Joseph** b. 1813 d. 1868 See below
s. Sir Francis, Bt. b. 26 Oct 1817 d. 5 Jan 1872
MP for Halifax 1852-1859, MP for West Riding 1859-?, mayor of Halifax in 1849
and 1850, and was created a baronet on 23 Jan 1863. Purchased Somerleyton Hall in
Suffolk in 1862 from Sir Samuel Morton Peto.
m. 1845, Martha Eliza Brinton
- Joseph Crossley (1813-c1868), JP b. 26 Dec 1813 d. c1868
He worked in the family business of John Crossley & Sons. His attention to the family business
enabled his brothers to devote much of their time to charity and good works. He died in 1868 aged
54 following a fall from a carriage while on holiday in the Lake District.
m. 12 Jun 1839, Hannah Smith (d. 1863)
d. Fanny b. 1840 d. 1847
s. Edward, MP b. 1841 d. 1905
s. Walter b. 1842 d. 1862
s. Henry C b. 1844 d. 1894
d. Catherine b. 1846 d. 1930
d. Isabel b. 1847 d. 1932
s. **Clement** b. 1848 d. 1882 See below
d. Edith Augusta b. 1850 d. 1852
s. Arnold, MA b. 1851 d. 1883
d. Margaret b. 1853 d. 1928
s. Herbert b. 1854 d. 1882
- m. 21 Aug 1865, Elizabeth Walker Oates (nee Leighton), dau Edward Leighton
d. Ethel Frances b. 1867
d. Mary Winifred b. 1868
- Clement Crossley (1848-1882) b. 20 Dec 1848 d. 19 Oct 1882, Colorado Springs, USA
m. 29 October 1874, **Sarah Maude** (1847-1938), dau Sir Samuel Morton Peto & Sarah Ainsworth
Kelsall.
s. Philip Peto b. 1876 d. 20 Mar 1899
s. Alwyne b. 1881

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Ancestors of Orlando Spencer Smith (17 Dec 1843 - 23 Nov 1920)

References Used - www.thepeerage.com; The Smith Family by Compton Reade, M.A.; Visitation of Devon, 1620

Royal Connections

King Edward I (1239-1307)

Had 16 children with first wife Eleanor and 3 with his second wife Margaret of France. Only the children of their daughter Joan of Acre are given below.

m. 18 Oct 1254, Eleanor of Castille (c1244 – 28 Nov 1290)

d. **Joan of Acre** (1272 – 23 Apr 1307)

m. 30 Apr 1290, Gilbert de Clare (1243-1295), 6th Earl of Gloucester

s. Gilbert, 7th Earl (1291-1314)

d. Eleanor (1292-1337)

d. Margaret (1293-1342)

d. Elizabeth (1295-1360)

m. 1297, Sir Ralph de Monthermer (c1270-1325)

1st Baron Monthermer, Earl of Gloucester & Hertford

d. Mary (1298-c1371)

d. Joan (b. 1299)

Joan became a Nun at Amesbury Abbey

s. **Thomas**, 2nd Baron Monthermer (1301-1340)

m. Margaret Broase

d. **Margaret** (dau & heir of father)

m. **Sir John Montague**

s. Edward, 3rd Baron Monthermer (1304-1340)

Sir John Montague (c1327-1390) 1st Baron Montacute

Son of William Montague, 1st Earl of Salisbury and Katherine Grandison.

He died on 25 Feb 1390 in Salisbury.

m. 1343, **Margaret** (14 Oct 1329-24 Mar 1395), dau & heir of Thomas, Lord Monthermer

d. Eleanor (d. c1394) m. 3 Feb 1380, John Dinham (1359-1428)

s. Sir John (b. c1350-5 Jan 1400) 3rd Earl of Salisbury. Beheaded.

m. 1383, Maude, dau Sir Adam Francis

s. Simon (b. c1353) Of Salisbury

d. Alianora (b. c1357 - after 1388) Of Salisbury

d. Sybil (b. c1359 – bef Oct 1420) Of Salisbury

d. Katherine (b. c1361- after 1388) Of Salisbury

d. Margaret (b. c1363 - after 1388) Of Salisbury

s. Thomas (b. c1365 – 31 Aug 1404) Dean of Salisbury

s. Richard (b. 1369 – bef Oct 1420) Of Salisbury

s. **Robert** (b. c1373) Of Salisbury

Visitation of Devon (1620) indicates that a son Robtus (otherwise Robert) directly or via a subsequent generation, was descended from Sir John Montague and Margaret Monthermer. This is a

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

weak link in the Royal Connection and it may just as likely be a Robert descended from Nicholas Montague.

Robert Montague

s. William of Somerset

s. John Montague (d. by 1429)

m. Agnes More

s. William Montague (1405-1489) m. Alice Maunsell (b. 1415)

s. William of Slow, Somerset (1434-1482)

m. Katherine Peverell of Devon (b. 1435)

d. Margaret

d. Elizabeth

d. Johan m. John Molins

d. Emma m. James Duport

d. **Eleanor** (b. c1475)

m. **John Bevin**

John Bevin (b. c1475)

m. **Eleanor Montague** (b. c1475)

s. John m. dau of Giles Daubney

d. Katherine Bevin (1497-1549)

m. 1518, Alexander, son of Thomas Muttleberie & Joane Roper

s. Robert Muttleberie (d. 1509) m. Elizabeth Beaumont

d. Alice (1520-1570) Died in Chardstock, Dorset

m. **John Smith** (See below)

The Smith Family

No history earlier than that of John Smith of Holdich, Thorncombe. There is a reference to a Will granted probate in 1560 relating to a John Smith of Thorncombe, held in the Devon Heritage Centre.

John Smith of Holditch in Thorncomb, Devon b. c1518 d. c1560

He died between 1559 and 1562 in Burrige, Chardstock, Dorset, and was buried at Wootton Wawen, Warwickshire.

m. **Alice Muttleberie** b. 1520 d. 1570

s. John b. 1537 d. 1606

s. Robert b. 1539 d. 7 Aug 1590 in Cheshire

s. Aron of Crediton d. 1631

s. **Nicholas** b. c1541 d. 1597 Of Holditch, Exeter, Devon

s. George

m. Margerie

s. **William of Ilminster** See below

s. Edward of Chard

s. George of Ilchester d. 1651

s. John of Taunton

s. Rev Richard of Whitstanton

s. Thomas b. c1543 d. c1609 Of South Chard, Somerset

s. Sir George b. 1545 d. 1619 Mayor of Exeter, Sheriff of Devon, 1615

m. Jane or Joan, dau James Walker (descended from the Mathewes of Wales)

m. Grace, dau William Viell and Jane Arundell of Trevis

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. 8 Apr 1829, Rev Henry Watson Wilder (1798-1836)
s. Frederick b. 2 Jul 1832 d. 13 May 1899
m. Augusta Christie
s. Henry b. 25 Oct 1834
s. Sir Charles Joshua Smith, 2nd Bt b. 31 May 1800 d. 14 Jan 1831
m. 2 Jul 1826, Mary (c1798 – 3 Jul 1842), dau William Gosling (1770-1834)
of Rockhampton and Margaret Elizabeth Cunliffe (1767-1803)
s. Sir Charles Cunliffe Smith, 3rd Bt. b. 1827
m. c1850, Agnes F. Capel Cure bap 7 Aug 1836
d. Fredrica M. b. 1857 d. 1908
d. Laura b. 1859
s. Sir Drummond Cunliffe b. 1861
s. Reginald Cunliffe b. 1864
m. Maud Gosling
s. Rev C.B. H.
d. Mary Charlotte b. 28 Nov 1828
d. Augusta Elizabeth b. 26 Jul 1830 d. 1915
m. 1857, Rev Laurence George Capel Cure (1834-1912)
d. Emma b. 1801 d. 10 Nov 1876
m. 1828, Rev Edward Austen Leigh
d. Frances b. 1803 d. 27 Apr 1871
m. 1834, Rev Richard Seymour
s. **Spencer Smith** b. 8 Mar 1806 d. 2 May 1882 (See below)
d. Sarah Eliza b. 11 Nov 1807 d. 6 Mar 1894
m. 1835, Sir Denis Le Marchant, Bt
d. Charlotte Judith b. 1810 d. 26 Apr 1879
m. 1833, Arthur Currie b. c1808
s. Drummond b. 13 Apr 1812 d. 5 Nov 1832, dsp
d. Maria Louisa b. 1814 d. 24 Jul 1887
m. 1844, Rev Sir John Hobart Culme-Seymour, 2nd Bt.

Spencer Smith (1806-1882) JP b. 8 Mar 1806 d. 2 May 1882
Son of Charles Smith and Augusta Smith. Lived at Brooklands, Fareham, Hants.
m. 3 Sep 1836, Frances Anne Seymour (1808 - 22 Feb 1897), dau Admiral Sir Michael Seymour
(1768-1834), 1st Bt and Jane Hawker.
s. Drummond S-S b. 13 Sep 1837 d. 3 Nov 1874
d. Eleanor S-S b. 1840, Brooklandss d. 25 Sep 1932
m. 19 Sep 1861, Robert Gosling (1831-1895)
8 sons and 7 daughters
s. Seymour S-S b. 11 Feb 1841 d. 1 Aug 1893
s. Rev Spencer Compton Hamilton b. 22 Jun 1842 d. 11 May 1911
m. 18 Jul 1872, Mary Bailie-Hamilton (1850-1923)
2 sons and 2 daughters
s. Cpt Gilbert Joshua Smith b. 17 Dec 1843 d. 4 Feb 1928
m. Edith C., dau A. Pelham
s. **Orlando** b. 17 Dec 1843 d. 23 Nov 1920 See below
d. Dora S-S bap 11 Apr 1845, Titchfield d. 19 Apr 1915
d. Isabella b. 1846

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

d. Augusta Frances S-S bap 13 Oct 1849 at Titchfield, Hants
d. Frances Adela S-S b. 30 May 1857 d. 23 Feb 1949

Rev. Orlando Spencer Smith (1843-1920)

Born on 17 Dec 1843, son of Spencer Smith and Frances Anne Seymour. Rector of Swyre, Dorset. Died 23 Nov 1920 at Swanwick, Hants. First two children born at Kingston on Soar, Notts. Before he moved to Swyre in Dorset.

m. 27 Apr 1876, Theodosia (1846-1890), dau of Gen Sir Richard England and his wife
Theodosia Fountayne-Wilson

d. Katherine Winifred b. 11 Apr 1877, Kingston d. 8 Feb 1954
d. Theodosia Lettice b. 20 Jan 1879, Kingston d. 1943
s. Col. Gerald Montagu b. 4 Jun 1881, Swyre d. 9 Oct 1951

He gained the rank of Colonel in the service of the Royal Artillery. He was decorated with the award of the Companion, Distinguished Service Order

d. Pamela b. 8 Apr 1883, Swyre d. 30 Aug 1965
s. Lt-Col. Richard Osbaldeston b. 18 Feb 1885, Swyre d. 24 Mar 1962
d. Olive Dorothea b. 27 Apr 1886, Swyre d. 14 May 1929
d. Rosamond Sophia b. 16 Jul 1890, Landford

Humphrey Tugwell of Manor Farm, Landford

Humphrey Tugwell (1806 - 1865)

Humphrey Tugwell is of interest to Landford as he was the occupier of Landford Manor Farm during the period leading up to the production of the 1839 tithe map. As well as farming 226 acres of land, he was the farm bailiff for Countess Nelson and is mentioned in the documents associated with the tithe assessment process. The draft document had to be made available for inspection by the other land occupiers should they wish to object to their assessment. A notice to that effect was fastened to the church door (most people went to church in those days!) and the document was lodged at Landford Manor Farm in the charge of Humphrey Tugwell, to whom they could make representation in the event of disagreement.

The following summary of his life was obtained from online information (geni.com) provided by Angela Tugwell, a family member.

He was the son of Lewen Tugwell (1766-1848), a farmer, property owner and a churchwarden (presumably of the old church of St Mary) and of his mother Ann Giles. He was baptised on 26 May 1806 at Chitterne. On the 25 Aug 1831 in Downton, Humphrey married Frances (Fanny) Street (b.1811) of Redlynch. Their first son Lewen Street Tugwell (b. 6 Oct 1835, bap 4 Nov 1835), and second son Henry (bap 27 Jul 1837, d. 1867) were both born in Landford.



By the time of the 1841 census, the family had moved to Whitfield Cottage Farm, Fawley, Southampton. About 1843 they moved again to Lacock, on the road between Chippenham and Melksham, where they spent seven bad years ending in debt. Letters to the solicitor show that on 15 May 1846 a Trust fund was set up by his father Lewen Tugwell of Bowerhill, Melksham, which provided more than £750 for his elder son Humphrey Tugwell of Lacock,

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

his wife Frances and their children Lewen Street and Henry. The trustees were Humphrey's brothers Frederick Tugwell (1812-1892) a grocer of Salisbury, and Lewen Tugwell (1819-1898), gentleman, together with the family solicitor West Awdry of Chippenham. Later, when Lewen of Bowerhill and wife Ann died, a further sum just short of £600 was released to increase the trust fund to £1,366-5s-7d.

It would appear that Humphrey Tugwell was evidently not considered reliable where money was concerned. A letter dated 1 Feb 1849 from his brother Frederick to solicitor West Awdry states "Neither I nor my brother would enter into a bond with (brother) Humphrey Tugwell. He was drunk when he visited us and behaved inconsistently in the presence of a friend of his future master. If he spent all we advanced, then our mother (Ann) would be obliged to keep him."

Humphrey's failings notwithstanding, his letters to Awdry show his concern for the welfare of his family. For instance, he wrote to West Awdry on 2 Sep 1850 to say: "My eldest son is to be apprenticed to a grocer at Newport, Isle of Wight. I will need £50 and will try to persuade my brother Lewen to act as security for a loan". (The brothers, Frederick and Lewen, did agree but for a lesser amount and with precautionary conditions).

The 1851 census shows the family were now living in the civil parish of Bishop Stoke, Hampshire, where Humphrey's occupation was Dairyman. Similarly, the 1851 census for Newport, Isle of Wight, lists his first son Lewen Street Tugwell as an apprentice to the head of the household.

On 24 Oct 1853 Humphrey wrote a letter to the family solicitor West Awdry from Southwick Park to say: "I shall soon have expenses of removing from here to a farm of 600 acres, 6 miles away, where I shall be bailiff."

It would appear that his eldest son Lewen Street Tugwell had greater ambitions than being a grocer, and his father reported that he was "at the Islington College". [That was the Church Missionary Society College. He qualified with an MA and was ordained priest in 1863. He spent time as a missionary in British Columbia, Canada and then in Seville, Spain, before returning to England.] On the 13 Sep 1859, Humphrey wrote a letter to the Trust saying: "I need 50 pounds for Lewen's outfit. Can I have 30 pounds from trust for this?" He went on to report the death of his brother Lewen's wife a week earlier, after 5 weeks' illness. "Fanny and I are both well, me for the first time in many years."

According to the 1861 Census they were now living in Southwick, near Portsmouth, where Humphrey's occupation is given as Dairyman and not Bailiff. His wife Fanny's occupation was Dairywoman. Humphrey Tugwell died on 19 Nov 1865 aged 59 in Waterlooville, now part of Portsmouth.

Lewen Tugwell (1766-1848)

m. 27 Aug 1799, Ann Giles in Stockton, Wilts

s. **Humphrey** bap 26 May 1806 d. 19 Nov 1865

m. 25 Aug 1831, Frances Street (b. 1811) of Redlynch

s. Rev Lewen Street Tugwell b. 6 Oct 1835 d. 10 Jan 1898

Qualified with an MA, ordained priest in 1863

s. Rev Lewen Greenwood Tugwell (1862-1937)

Ordained 1895. Archdeacon of the Isle of Wight 1922-1928

s. Henry bap 27 Jul 1837 d. 1867

d. Elizabeth bap 12 Jun 1808, Chitterne, Wilts

s. Frederick (1812-1892) a grocer of Salisbury

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Lewen (1819-1898)

William Charles Arcedeckne Vanneck, 5th Baron Huntingfield (1883–1969)

Sir Joshua Vanneck, 1st Bt (1702-1777)

Vanneck was born in The Hague, the son of Cornelius Van Neck. He emigrated to Britain in 1722 and became a successful London merchant. This enabled him to purchase the estate of Heveningham Hall in Suffolk. On 14 Dec 1751 he was created 1st Baronet Vanneck of Putney in the County of Surrey. He died on 6 Mar 1777 and was succeeded in the baronetcy by his eldest son Gerard.

m. 20 Feb 1732, Mary Anne, dau of Stephen Daubuz.

d. Margaret d. 9 May 1818

m. 22 Nov 1758, Richard, son of Horatio Walpole, 1st Baron Walpole of Wolterton
and Mary Magdalen Lombard

Had 3 sons and 2 daughters

d. Elizabeth d. 9 Jun 1760

m. 14 Nov 1753, Thomas, son of Horatio Walpole, 1st Baron
Had 2 sons

d. Anne Maria Cornelia

m. 7 Mar 1752, Rev Henry Uthhoff
Had 1 daughter

d. Gertrude d. 14 Mar 1798, unnm

s. **Sir Gerard William**, 2nd Bt See below

s. **Sir Joshua**, 3rd Bt See below

Sir Gerard William Vanneck, 2nd Bt. (c. 1743–1791)

A merchant like his father and MP for Dunwich between 1768-1790. Built Heveningham Hall (Yoxford in Suffolk) on succeeding to the peerage. Died unmarried on 23 May 1791.

Sir Joshua Vanneck, 3rd Bt, 1st Baron. (1745–1816)

Born on 31 Dec 1745 and died on 15 Aug 1816. Educated at Eton and became a merchant in London and MP for Dunwich from 1790-1816. Created Baron Huntingfield in 1796.

m. 29 Sep 1777, Maria, dau of Andrew Thompson & Harriet Buncombe

s. **Joshua, 2nd Baron** See below

d. Maria b. 20 May 1783

m. 1 May 1817, Charles Lovelace

s. Gerard b. 23 Aug 1786 d. 29 Dec 1829

m. 29 Dec 1810, Charlotte, dau Robert Lovelace
Had 1 son and 3 daughters

d. Caroline b. 14 Jun 1788 d. 26 May 1836

m. 1 May 1817, Alexander Donovan

Had 1 daughter, Ethel Emma Donovan

s. Tompson b. 27 Jan 1791 d. 22 Mar 1855

m. 3 Nov 1816, Mary Anne Palmer

Had a son Tompson

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

Joshua Vanneck, 2nd Baron Huntingfield (1778–1844)

Born on 12 Aug 1778 and died on 10 Aug 1844. Succeeded his father as MP for Dunwich for the years 1816 to 1819.

m. 2 Apr 1810, Frances Catherine (d. 1815), dau of Chalenor Arcedeckne

d. Maria Louisa d. 16 Mar 1878

m. 14 Sep 1830, Sir Charles Robert Rowley, 4th Bt

Had 4 sons and 11 daughters

s. Joshua b. 19 Aug 1813 d. 31 May 1835, unnm

m. 1817, Lucy Anne (d. 1889), dau of Sir Charles Blois, 6th Bt.

s. **Charles** See below

Charles Andrew Vanneck, 3rd Baron Huntingfield (1818–1897)

Born on 12 Jan 1818 and educated at Eton College, he died 21 Sep 1897 at Heveningham Hall. His estate was valued at £130,698 for probate. He held the office of DL for Suffolk and he was High Sheriff of Suffolk in 1848.

m. 6 Jul 1839, Louisa, dau of Andrew Arcedeckne and Harriet Beckford

d. Catherine b. 12 Sep 1840

d. Clara Louisa b. 1841 d. 1857

s. **Lt Col Joshua Charles, 4th Baron** See below

d. Ann Jane b. 20 Sep 1843 d. 1933, unnm

d. Frances b. 1845 d. 1933, unnm

s. William Arcedeckne b. 30 Oct 1845 d. 6 Nov 1912

m. 21 Mar 1882, Mary, dau of William Archibald Armstrong and Medora Eliza
Beit in Queensland, Australia.

s. **William Charles Arcedeckne, 5th Baron** See below

d. Louisa Medora Hermione b. 1885

s. Rupert Chaloner Andrew b. 1889 d. 1889

s. Andrew Nicholas Armstrong b. 1890 d. 1965

d. Anne Mary Chaloner b. 1892

s. Charles Andrew b. 8 Jan 1848 d. 12 Jul 1897, dsp

s. Walter b. 9 Mar 1849 d. 17 Sep 1931

m. 24 Sep 1877, Catherine Medora, dau William Archibald Armstrong and Medora
Eliza Beit in Queensland, Australia

Had 2 sons and 3 daughters

d. Harriett Lucy b. 1850 d. 1922, unnm

s. Gerard Augustus b. 19 Apr 1851 d. 11 Aug 1904, Queensland

m. 29 Apr 1878, Harriet Oakley Beaton, dau James Ivory and Harriette Oakley
Beatson Laurie, in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia

Had 1 son and 2 daughters

Joshua Charles Vanneck, 4th Baron Huntingfield (1842–1915)

Born on 27 Aug 1842 and educated at Eton College. Commissioned into the Scots Guards in 1863 and fought in the Egyptian Campaign in 1882 and the Sudan in 1885. Retired with the rank of Lt Col of the 2nd Battalion, Scots Guards. JP for Suffolk. Died on 13 Jan 1915 at Heveningham Hall. He was unmarried.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

William Charles Arcedeckne Vanneck, 5th Baron Huntingfield (1883–1969)
Born on 3 Jan 1883 at Gatton, Queensland, Australia, and died on 20 Nov 1969.



m. 21 Dec 1912, Margaret Eleanor, dau Ernest Howard Crosby and Fanny Kendall Schiefferlin.

d. Sara Carola b. 25 Sep 1913

m. 14 Apr 1936, Major David Arthur Peel

Had 3 sons and 1 daughter

s. Gerard Charles Arcedeckne, 6th Baron b. 29 May 1915 d. 1 May 1994

m. 27 Oct 1941, Janetta Lois, dau Cpt Reginald Hugh Errington

Had 1 son and 3 daughters

d. Anne Margaret Theodosia b. 20 May 1918 d. after 1960

m. 2 Mar 1940, Peter, son of Prof Ernest Franz Moro.

Had 3 daughters. Divorced in 1984.

s. Sir Peter Beckford Rutgers b. 7 Jan 1922 d. 2 Aug 1999

Well educated and distinguished military and civilian career.

m. 8 Apr 1943, Cordelia, dau Cpt Reginald Hugh Errington

Had 2 daughters. Divorced in 1984.

m. 1984, Elizabeth Lechmere, dau Sandys Stewart Macaskie

m. 24 May 1944, Muriel Mary Georgina, dau Col Jemmet Duke

Charles Edward Sidebottom Venner (1828-1917)

Radclyffe Sidebottom (1736-1817) b. 22 Feb 1736 d. 22 Oct 1817

Born in Middleton, nr Oldham, Lancs. Eldest son of Samuel Sidebottom (b. 1704) and Mary Radclyffe (1718-1784). Matriculated Brasenose Coll., Oxford, on 6 Apr 1754, aged 17; Bar.-at-Law, Middle Temple, 1769, bencher 1792.

m. 1760, Elizabeth (bap 8 Apr 1741), dau John Bradshaw (1708-1777) and Elizabeth Peploe

s. Alexander Radclyffe Sidebottom b. 1773 d. 5 Apr 1847

[Matriculated Brasenose Coll., Oxford, on 24 Apr 1793, aged 19; B.A. 1797, M.A. 1799, Bar.-at-Law, Middle Temple, 1808.]

m. Anne Venner (b.c1740) Of Bassenden, Kent

s. Edward Venner Sidebottom b. 2 Sep 1783

s. **Charles John Sidebottom** b. 1790 d. 26 Oct 1878 See below

Charles John Sidebottom (1790-1878) Later added Venner to their surname

3rd son of Radclyffe Sidebottom of Middleton, Lancs, (Barrister-at-Law) and his wife Anne Venner. Called to the Bar on 5 Jun 1818; Town Clerk of Worcester; Stipendiary Magistrate for Worcester from 23 Mar 1836 to his death; Judge of Old Court of Pleas for Worcester. Died 26 Oct 1878 aged 88 at Elm Bank, Worcester. Probate – 24 Dec 1878; beneficiaries were sons Charles Edward and Leonard.

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

m. 12 May 1825, Mary Abigail Freeman (d. 9 Dec 1886)

She was born at Gaines, Herefordshire, and buried 15 Dec 1886 at Whitbourne, Herefordshire. She was the eldest daughter of John Freeman (1765-1831) of Gaines and his wife Mary (m. 1798, d. 2 Feb 1853), dau and coheir of James Dansie of Conduit St, Hanover Squ, London and of Clater Park, Herefordshire, and his wife Mary.

s. Francis John b. 1826 d. 7 Apr 1876 Died Southall Park, Middx.

 m. 5 Jan 1860, Flora Jane Peel (1837-1896)

s. **Charles Edward** b. 1826 d. 1917 See below

s. **Leonard** b. 1830 d. 20 Sep 1900 See below

d. Mary Elizabeth b. 1833

 m. 20 Sep 1855, Archibald Neil Campbell MacLachlan

s. George Campbell bap 25 Feb 1837 d. 8 Aug 1858 Died at Derriabad, India

d. Harriet Matilda bap 11 Feb 1840

Charles Edward Sidebottom Venner (1828-1917)

m. 21 Oct 1856, Isabella Hayes b. 1829

d. Isabella Mary bap 21 Sep 1858 d. 20 Oct 1932 Born at Sunbury, Middx

d. Amy Beatrice bap 18 Oct 1859 d. 1947 Born at Seasalter, Kent

s. Charles Frederick b. 1862 d. 21 Oct 1895) Died in India.

s. George Edward bap 3 Sep 1868, Landford

Leonard Sidebottom Venner (1829-1900)

Born in 1829 in Worcester, died 20 Sep 1900 at 11 Wellington Crescent, Ramsgate, Kent. Probate granted Aug 1903 at Bournemouth.

From Admissions to Rugby School, August 1843 –

Leonard Sidebottom aged 13, Nov 6. Son of Charles John Sidebottom Esq., Elmbank nr Worcester.

Footnote – Lt. Col. Served with 3rd Regiment, The Buffs, before Sebastopol, 1855. Awarded Medal and Clasp. Taken the additional name of Venner. Living Cowesfield House, Whiteparish.

In the *Post Office Directory Extract 1875* for Whiteparish, it mentions Leonard Sidebottom Venner, Lieut-Colonel of Cowesfield House, Whiteparish.

1871. Residence – Ash Hill, Whiteparish. With wife Caroline and her son Shafto and dau Isabella.

1881. Residence – Christchurch. With wife Caroline and her dau Isabella

m. 20 Jun 1865, **Caroline Eliza Cecil** (1822-1892), dau Col Charles Strode (See her previous marriages below)

m. 11 Jul 1900, Louisa Katherine Randall (1861-1943)

Henry Robert Harrington Cary Elwes b. 20 Mar 1808 d. 6 Apr 1850 as result of accident

m. 15 Dec 1836, Mary Henrietta (1808-1842), 2nd dau William Tennant of Little Aston Hall

m. 26 Sep 1844, **Caroline Eliza Cecil** (1822 - 12 Oct 1893), dau Col Charles Strode of The Heath, West Upton, Worcs. Married at Upton-on-Severn.

s. Major Hugh William Henry Cary Elwes b. 1845 d. 1904

d. Grace Isabella Cecil b. 1847 d. 14 Sep 1870, unnm

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

s. Shafto Robert Cary Elwes b. 24 Dec 1847 d. 18 Apr 1883, Sydney, Australia
d. Isabella Ruth b. 19 Sep 1850 d. 15 May 1900, unnm at St Rode,
Bournemouth.

Caroline Eliza Cecil (1822 - 12 Oct 1893)

1m. 26 Sep 1844, Henry R H C Elwes See above
2m. 21 Sep 1854, Dr Seth Thompson of Portman Square, London
3m. 20 Jun 1865, Major **Leonard Sidebottom Venner**, of The Buffs

Captain James Richard Wigram (1819-1892)

Sir Robert Wigram, 1st Bt. (1744-1830) b. 30 Jan 1744 d. 6 Nov 1830, aged 87

The son of John Wigram and his wife Mary Clifford. Originally from county Wexford in Ireland, he was MP for Fowey from 1802-1806 and for Wexford 1806-1807. He was also a merchant trader with interests in ship building and the East India Co. Head of the firm Wigram, Holder & Wigram. The Wigram Baronetcy of Walthamstow House in the County of Essex was created on the 30 Oct 1805 for Robert Wigram. Various estimates of the number of children range from 21 to 23. Not all documented or listed below.

m. 19 Dec 1772, Catherine, dau of Francis Brodhurst

d. Maria

s. Sir Robert Fitzwygram, 2nd Bt. b. 25 Sep 1773 d. 1843

m. 3 Aug 1812, Selina, dau of Sir John Macnamara Hayes, 1st Bt.

Had 4 sons and 1 daughter

d. Catherine b. c1775 d. 22 Sep 1865

m. 21 Oct 1803, Charles, son of Charles Tottenham and Frances Boswell

Had 2 sons

m. 23 Jun 1787, Eleanor (1767-1841), dau of John Watts

s. Money b. 14 Mar 1790 d. 24 Mar 1873

Merchant and ship owner of London. Director of the Bank of England, 1823-1837.

m. 19 Apr 1822, Mary, dau of Charles Hampden Turner

Had at least 8 sons and 2 daughters

s. **Rt Hon Sir James** (1793-1866) See below

s. Octavius b. 18 Dec 1794 d. 20 May 1878

m. 24 Mar 1824, Isabella Charlotte, dau of Rt. Rev Hon William Knox

Had at least 3 sons and possibly 3 daughters

d. Anne b. 22 Feb 1796 d. 21 May 1863

m. 29 Oct 1818, Rev Joseph Arkwright

Had 3 daughters

s. Rt Rev Joseph Cotton b. 26 Dec 1798 d. 6 Apr 1867

m. 1 Mar 1837, Susan Maria, dau of Peter Arkwright

Had at least 7 sons and 2 daughters

s. Edward b. 30 Sep 1802 d. 3 Dec 1870

m. 10 Aug 1830, Catherine, dau of George Smith

Had at least 1 son and 2 daughters

A History of Landford in Wiltshire

Appendix 1 – Families associated with Landford and their ancestors

- s. Loftus Tottenham b. 6 Nov 1803 d. 19 Sep 1889
 m. 23 Jan 1849, Katherine Jane, dau of Thomas Douglas, 5th Earl of Selkirk
 No children of this marriage
- s. George Vicessimus b. 28 Mar 1805 d. 1 Jan 1879
 m. 23 Mar 1830, Frances, dau of Thomas Cherburgh Bligh
 No children of this marriage
 m. 18 Aug 1835, Catherine, dau of William Parnell-Hayes & Frances Howard
- s. Rev William Pitt b. 2 Dec 1806 d. 18 Sep 1870
 m. 13 Nov 1837, Sophia Sarah, dau of George Smith & Frances Mosley
 Had at least 3 sons and 1 daughter
- d. Anna Maria b. 20 Jan 1812 d. 11 Mar 1856
 m. 11 Apr 1839, Ven Charles Maitland Long (1803-1875) His 2nd marriage.
 Had at least 7 sons and 3 daughters

Rt Hon Sir James Wigram (1793-1866) b. 5 Nov 1793 d. 29 Jul 1866.
 He was a Judge and a Vice Chancellor of Court of Chancery and acted as a Vice Chancellor of England. He was living at 68 Portland Place, London in the 1851 Census and in 1861 he was registered as blind. He was the third son by his second wife (Eleanor Watts) of Sir Robert Wigram, 1st Bt. Educated at Trinity College, Cambridge where he graduated B.A. in 1815 and M.A. in 1818. Admitted as a student of Lincoln's Inn on 18 Jun 1813 and called to the bar there on 18 Nov 1819. Made King's Council in 1834 and in 1835 became a bencher of Lincoln's Inn and also elected a Fellow of the Royal Society. Elected MP for Leominster on 28 Jun 1841. On joining the Privy Council in January 1842, he received the customary knighthood. On losing his sight he had to retire from the bench in 1850 and received a pension of £3,500pa.

- m. 28 Oct 1818, Anne Emma (1794-1844), dau of Richard Arkwright.of Willersley Castle
 She was a granddaughter of Sir Richard Arkwright of Leominster, Herefordshire where they had family estates. Family of 4 sons and 5 daughters.
- d. Mary d. 23 Nov 1869
 m. 3 Aug 1847, Alfred, son of George Smith
- d. Anne Emma d. 1910
 m. 27 May 1851, Edward Daneill (d. 6 Jul 1875) of Little Berkhamstead
- d. Frances Maria d. 1900
 m. 21 Dec 1848, Unwin Unwin Heathcote (d. 1893)
- d. Elizabeth Anne b. c1829 d. 12 Dec 1918, aged 89
- s. **Cpt James Richard**
 s. Robert James b. 23 Apr 1832
 s. Arthur James b. 11 Jan 1834 d. 5 Nov 1874
 d. Alice Jane b. 17 Oct 1839 d. 8 Nov 1928
 m. Rear Adm Samuel Long (b. 5 Jan 1840)

- Cpt James Richard Wigram (1819-1892) b. 9 Oct 1819 d. 12 Aug 1892 at Northlands, Landford
- m. 31 Jul 1845, Margaret Helen (1828-1883), dau of Peter Arkwright, at Matlock, Derbyshire.
- s. **Henry James** See below
 m. 19 Jan 1870, Penelope Emily Eyre (1845-1895)
- s. Albert James b. 24 Jun 1851

